# **D-Link**<sup>®</sup>



# **User Manual**

# Wireless N Router with SmartBeam<sup>™</sup> technology

# Preface

D-Link reserves the right to revise this publication and to make changes in the content hereof without obligation to notify any person or organization of such revisions or changes.

# **Manual Revisions**

Revision	Date	Description
1.0	June 02, 2011	DIR-645 Revision A1 with firmware version 1.00

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# Product Overview Package Contents

Check for the supplied accessories below:

	DIR-645 Wireless N Router with SmartBeam <sup>™</sup> technology
	Power Adapter
	Ethernet Cable
•	CD-ROM (with installation software and manuals)
	Quick Installation Guide

Note: Using a power supply with a different voltage rating than the one included with the product, will cause damage and void the warranty for this product.

# System Requirements

Network Requirements	<ul> <li>An Ethernet-based Cable or DSL modem</li> <li>IEEE 802.11n or 802.11g wireless clients</li> <li>10/100/1000 Ethernet</li> </ul>
Web-based Configuration Utility Requirements	<ul> <li>Computer with the following: <ul> <li>Windows<sup>®</sup>, Macintosh, or Linux-based operating system</li> <li>An installed Ethernet adapter</li> </ul> </li> <li>Browser Requirements: <ul> <li>Internet Explorer 6.0 or higher</li> <li>Chrome 2.0 or higher</li> <li>Firefox 3.0 or higher</li> <li>Safari 3.0 or higher (with Java 1.3.1 or higher)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Windows<sup>®</sup> Users: Make sure you have the latest version of Java installed. Visit www.java.com to download the latest version.</li> </ul>
CD Installation Wizard Requirements	Computer with the following: • Windows <sup>®</sup> 7, Vista <sup>®</sup> , or XP with Service Pack 2 • An installed Ethernet adapter • CD-ROM drive

# About this Product

This user's guide provides a wonderful insight into the functionality of the product called the D-Link DIR-645 Wireless Internet Router. This guide is based on the current running firmware/software version available for this product and might touch on some new and exciting topics never seen on this product line before providing a rewarding reading experience and in the end acts as a guide when installing and maintaining this product.

## Features

The D-Link DIR-645 Wireless N Router with SmartBeam<sup>™</sup> technology is packed with a load of features. Most of these features are what is expected from an Internet Wireless router, and then there are the features that are unique to D-Link products.

- **Compatible with 802.11g Devices** The DIR-645 is still fully compatible with the IEEE 802.11g standard, so it can connect with existing 802.11g PCI, USB and Cardbus adapters.
- Advanced Firewall Features The Web-based user interface displays a number of advanced network management features including:
  - Content Filtering Easily applied content filtering based on MAC Address, URL, and/or Domain Name.
  - Filter Scheduling These filters can be scheduled to be active on certain days or for a duration of hours or minutes.
  - Secure Multiple/Concurrent Sessions The DIR-645 can pass through VPN sessions. It supports multiple and concurrent IPSec and PPTP sessions, so users behind the DIR-655 can securely access corporate networks.
- User-friendly Setup Wizard Through its easy-to-use Web-based user interface, the DIR-645 lets you control what information is accessible to those on the wireless network, whether from the Internet or from your company's server. Configure your router to your specific settings within minutes.

## **Hardware Overview**

## **Front Panel**



1	Internet Light	A solid green light indicates that the Internet connection negotiation has successfully been completed.
2	Wireless Light	A solid green light indicates the device is ready to link up.
3	WPS Light and Button	Press the WPS button for 1 second to initiate the WPS process. The button will flash green while a WPS connection is being established. The button will light green for 5 seconds if a successful WPS connection has been made.
4	Power Light Button	Press the button to power on the device. The LED lights solid green to indicate the power is on. Press the button again to turn it off.

## **Back Panel**



1	USB	Use this port to connect a USB 2.0 printer or a Storage Device.
2	Internet Port	The Internet (WAN) port can be used for connections like a DSL/Cable modem.
3	Ethernet Ports	The four LAN ports can be used for 10/100/1000Mbps LAN connections.
4	Power Receptor	Receptor for the supplied power adapter.

## **Bottom Panel**



1	<b>Reset Button</b>	Press the button to restore the device to its original factory default settings.	
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# **Hardware Installation**

This section will walk you through the installation process. Placement of the router is very important. Do not place the router in an enclosed area such as a closet, cabinet, attic or garage.

# **Before You Begin**

- The router is designed for use with the Ethernet port on your broadband modem. If you were using the USB connection before using the router, you must turn off your modem and disconnect the USB cable. Connect an Ethernet cable to the WAN/Internet port on the router, and then turn the modem back on. In some cases, you may need to call your ISP to change your connection type (USB to Ethernet).
- If you have DSL and are connecting via PPPoE, be sure to disable or uninstall any PPPoE software such as WinPoet, Broadjump, or Enternet 300 from your computer. Otherwise you will not be able to connect to the Internet.
- When running the Setup Wizard from the D-Link CD, make sure your computer is connected to the Internet and is online, otherwise the wizard will not work. If you have disconnected any hardware, first re-connect your computer to the modem and make sure you are online.

## **Wireless Installation Considerations**

The router lets you access your network using a wireless connection from virtually anywhere within the operating range of your wireless network. Keep in mind, however, that the number, thickness and location of walls, ceilings, or other objects that the wireless signals must pass through, may limit the range. Ranges vary depending on the types of materials and background RF (radio frequency) noise in your home or office. The key to maximizing the wireless range is to follow these basic guidelines:

- 1. Keep the number of walls and ceilings between the D-Link router and other network devices to a minimum. Each wall or ceiling can reduce your adapter's range from 3 to 90 feet (1 to 30 meters.) Position your devices so that the number of walls and/or ceilings is minimized.
- 2. Be aware of the direct line between network devices. A wall that is 1.5 feet thick (0.5 meters), at a 45-degree angle appears to be almost 3 feet (1 meter) thick. At a 2-degree angle it looks over 42 feet (14 meters) thick. Position devices so that the signal will travel straight through a wall or ceiling (instead of at an angle) for better reception.
- 3. Try to position access points, wireless routers, and computers so that the signal passes through open doorways and drywall. Materials such as glass, metal, brick, insulation, concrete and water can affect wireless performance. Large objects such as fish tanks, mirrors, file cabinets, metal doors and aluminum studs may also have a negative effect on range.
- 4. Keep your product at least 3 to 6 feet (1-2 meters) away from electrical devices or appliances that generate RF noise.
- 5. If you are using 2.4GHz cordless phones, make sure that the 2.4GHz phone base is as far away from your wireless device as possible. The base transmits a signal even if the phone in not in use. In some cases, cordless phones, X-10 wireless devices, and electronic equipment such as ceiling fans, fluorescent lights, and home security systems may dramatically degrade wireless connectivity.

## **Connect to Cable/DSL/Satellite Modem**

If you are connecting the router to a Cable/DSL/Satellite Modem, please follow the steps below:

- 1. Place the router in an open and central location. Do not plug the power adapter into the router.
- 2. Turn the power off on your modem. If there is no on/off switch, unplug the modem's power adapter. Shut down your computer.
- 3. Unplug the Ethernet cable (that connects your computer to your modem) from your computer and place it into the Internet port on the router.
- 4. Plug an Ethernet cable into one of the LAN ports on the router. Plug the other end into the Ethernet port on your computer.
- 5. Turn on or plug in your modem. Wait for the modem to boot (about 30 seconds).
- 6. Plug the power adapter into the router and connect to an outlet or power strip. Wait about 30 seconds for the router to boot up.
- 7. Turn on your computer.
- 8. Verify that the Power LED on the router are lit. If the Power LED does not light up, make sure your computer, modem, and router are powered, on and verify that the cables connected correctly.
- 9. In a later section in this manual we'll discuss the Web GUI configuration of the router in more detail.

# Configuration

This section will show you how to configure your new D-Link wireless router using the web-based configuration utility.

# Web-based Configuration Utility

To access the configuration utility, open a web-browser such as Internet Explorer and enter the IP address of the router (192.168.0.1).

You may also connect using the NetBIOS name in the address bar (http://dlinkrouter).



Select **Admin** from the drop-down menu and then enter your password. The password is left blank by default.

If you get a **Page Cannot be Displayed** error, please refer to the **Troubleshooting** section for assistance.

Log into the Router as follows:

- Select the **ADMIN** option from the drop-down menu and then enter your password. By **default** the **password** field is **blank**.
- Click the Login button to log into the Router.

LOGIN		
Login to the router :		
	User Name : ADMIN	
	Password : Login	

# **Setup Wizard**

#### **Internet Connection**

Click **Internet Connection Setup Wizard** to quickly configure your router. Skip to the next page.

If you want to enter your settings without running the wizard, click **Manual Configuration** and skip to page 20.

INTERNET WIRELESS SETTINGS If you are configuring the device for the first time, we recommend that you clic Connection Setup Wizard, and follow the instructions on the screen. If you wis configure the device settings manually, click the Manual Internet Connection S IPV6 INTERNET CONNECTION SETUP WIZARD If you would like to utility our easy to use Web-based Wizard to assist you in c	h to modify or etup. before, cli Connecti Wizard at	are new to g and have figured a rou ick on <b>Inter</b> ion <b>Setup</b>
IT You are configuring the device for the first time, we recommend on that you clip NETWORK SETTINGS IPV6 INTERNET CONNECTION SETUP WIZARD	h to modify or etup. before, cli Connecti Wizard at	ig and have ifigured a ro ick on <b>Inter</b> ion <b>Setup</b>
INTERNET CONNECTION SETUP WIZARD	etup. Connecti Wizard ar	figured a ro ick on Inter ion Setup
INTERNET CONNECTION SETUP WIZARD	before, cli Connecti Wizard a	ion Setup
	Wizard a	
If you would like to utility our easy to use Web-based Wizard to assist you in c		you through
D-Link Systems Router to the Internet, click on the button below.	few simple	e steps to g ork up and
Internet Connection Setup Wizard	If you o	consider n advanced
<b>Note:</b> Before launching the wizard, please make sure you have followed all ste Quick Installation Guide included in the package.	eps outlined in the user and h a router be Manual I	have config efore, click ( <b>nternet</b>
MANUAL INTERNET CONNECTION OPTION		<b>ion Setup</b> t he settings
If you would like to configure the Internet settings of your new D-Link Router on the button below.	manually, then click • More	

## Internet Connection(Setup Wizard)

When configuring the router for the first time, we recommend that you click use the **Internet Connection Setup Wizard**, and follow the instructions on the screen. This wizard is designed to assist user with a quick and easy method to configure the Internet Connectivity of this router.

Anytime during the Internet Connection Setup Wizard, the user can click on the **Cancel** button to discard any changes made and return to the main Internet page. Also the user can click on the **Prev** button, to return to the previous window for re-configuration.

This wizard will guide you through a step-by-step process to configure your new D-Link router and connect to the Internet.

Click **Next** to continue.

#### Step 1: Set Your Password

By default, the D-Link Router does not have a password configured for administrator access to the Web-based configuration pages. To secure your new networking device, please enter and verify a password in the spaces provided. The two passwords must match.

Click Next to continue.

#### INTERNET CONNECTION

If you are configuring the device for the first time, we recommend that you click on the Internet Connection Setup Wizard, and follow the instructions on the screen. If you wish to modify or configure the device settings manually, click the Manual Internet Connection Setup.

#### INTERNET CONNECTION SETUP WIZARD

If you would like to utility our easy to use Web-based Wizard to assist you in connecting your new D-Link Systems Router to the Internet, click on the button below.

#### Internet Connection Setup Wizard

**Note:** Before launching the wizard, please make sure you have followed all steps outlined in the Quick Installation Guide included in the package.

#### WELCOME TO THE D-LINK INTERNET CONNECTION SETUP WIZARD

This wizard will guide you through a step-by-step process to configure your new D-Link router and connect to the Internet.

- Step 1: Set your Password
  Step 2: Select your Time Zone
- Step 3: Configure your Internet Connection
- Step 4: Save Settings and Connect

STEP 1: SET YOUR PASSWORD		
		ord configured for administrator access to etworking device, please set and verify a
Password :		
Verify Password :		
Prev	Next Cancel	Connect

Cancel

Next

Connect

#### Step 2: Select Your Time Zone

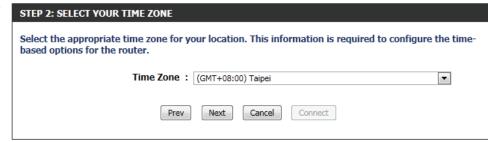
Select the appropriate time zone for your location. This information is required to configure the time-based options for the router.

Click Next to continue.

#### **Step 3: Internet Connection**

Here the user will be able to configure the Internet Connectivity used by this device. If your ISP connection is listed in the drop-down menu select it and click **Next.** If your ISP connection is not listed then you can proceed to select any of the other manual Internet Connection methods listed below.

- Dynamic IP Choose this if your Internet connection Address: automatically provides you with an IP Address. Most Cable Modems use this type of connection.
  - **PPPoE:** Choose this option if your Internet connection requires a PPPoE username and password to get online. Most DSL modems use this type of connection.
  - **PPTP:** Choose this option if your Internet connection requires a PPTP username and password to get online.
  - L2TP: Choose this option if your Internet connection requires an L2TP username and password to get online.
- **Static IP Address:** Choose this option if your Internet Setup Provider provided you with IP Address information that has to be manually configured.



#### **STEP 3: CONFIGURE YOUR INTERNET CONNECTION**

Your Internet Connection could not be detected, please select your Internet Service Provider (ISP) from the list below. If your ISP is not listed; select the 'Not Listed or Don't Know' option to manually configure your connection.

Not Listed or Don't Know 💌

If your Internet Service Provider was not listed or you don't know who it is, please select the Internet connection type below:

- OHCP Connection (Dynamic IP Address) Choose this if your Internet connection automatically provides you with an IP Address. Most Cable Modems use
- this type of connection.
- Username / Password Connection (PPPoE)

Choose this option if your Internet connection requires a username and password to get online. Most DSL modems use this type of connection.

Username / Password Connection (PPTP)

Choose this option if your Internet connection requires a username and password to get online. Most DSL modems use this type of connection.

Username / Password Connection (L2TP)

Choose this option if your Internet connection requires a username and password to get online. Most DSL modems use this type of connection.

Static IP Address Connection

Choose this option if your Internet Setup Provider provided you with IP Address information that has to be manually configured.



#### Step 3: Internet Connection (Dynamic IP Address)

After selecting the Dynamic IP Address Internet connection method, the following page will appear.

- MAC Address: Enter the MAC address of the Internet gateway (plugged into the Internet port of this device) here.
- **Clone Button:** If the configuration PC also acts as the Internet gateway, then click on the Clone Your PC's MAC Address button to copy the PC's MAC address into the space provided. If you're not sure, leave the MAC Address field blank.
  - Host Name: Enter the host name used here. You may also need to provide a Host Name. If you do not have or know this information, please contact your ISP.
- Primary DNS Enter the Primary DNS IP address used here. Address:

	MAC Address : (optional)	
	Clone Your PC's MAC Address	
Host Name : dlinkrouter		
ISP.	eed to provide a Host Name.If you do not have or know this info	ormation, please contact you
Note: You may also ISP. DNS SETTINGS	eed to provide a Host Name.If you do not have or know this info	ormation, please contact you
ISP.	eed to provide a Host Name.If you do not have or know this info	ormation, please contact you

Secondary DNS Enter the Secondary DNS IP address used here. This field is normally optional. Only one DNS address is required for a functional Address: Internet connection, but using a second DNS address provides more stability.

#### Step 3: Internet Connection (PPPoE)

After selecting the PPPoE Internet connection method, the following page will appear:

- Address Mode: Here the user can specify whether this Internet connection requires the use of a Dynamic or Static IP address. PPPoE usually requires a Dynamic IP configuration.
  - **IP Address:** Enter the PPPoE IP address used here. This option is only available if Static IP is selected.
  - User Name: Enter the PPPoE account user name used here. This information is given by the ISP.
  - **Password:** Enter the PPPoE account password used here. This information is given by the ISP.
- **Verify Password:** Re-enter the PPPoE account password used here.
  - Service Name: This optional field enables the user to enter a service name to identify this Internet connection here.
    - **Primary DNS** Enter the Primary DNS IP address used here. Address:

SET USERNAME AND PASSWORD CON	NECTION (PPPOE)	
To set up this connection you will need Provider. If you do not have this inform		e and Password from your Internet Service ct your ISP.
Address Mode :	Oynamic IP St	tatic IP
IP Address :	0.0.0.0	]
User Name :		
Password :		
Verify Password :		
Service Name :		(optional)
Note: You may also need to provide a Servi your ISP.	ice Name. If you do not	t have or know this information, please contact
DNS SETTINGS		
Primary DNS Address :		]
Secondary DNS Address :		(optional)
Prev	Next Cancel	Connect

#### Step 3: Internet Connection (PPTP)

After selecting the PPTP Internet connection method, the following page will appear:

Address Mode:	Here the user can specify whether this Internet connection requires the use of a Dynamic or Static IP address. PPTP usual requires a Dynamic IP configuration.
PPTP IP Address:	Enter the PPTP IP address used here. This option is only available if Static IP is selected.
PPTP Subnet Mask:	Enter the PPTP Subnet Mask used here.
PPTP Gateway IP Address:	Enter the PPTP Gateway IP address used here.
	Enter the PPTP Server IP address used here. This is normally the same a the PPTP Gateway IP address.
User Name:	Enter the PPTP username used here.
Password:	Enter the PPTP password used here.
Verify Password:	Re-enter the PPTP password used here.
Primary DNS Address:	Enter the Primary DNS IP address used here.

#### SET USERNAME AND PASSWORD CONNECTION (PPTP)

To set up this connection you will need to have a Username and Password from your Internet Service Provider. You also need PPTP IP address. If you do not have this information, please contact your ISP.		
Address Mode :	Oynamic IP St	atic IP
PPTP IP Address :	0.0.0.0	]
PPTP Subnet Mask :	0.0.0	]
PPTP Gateway IP Address :	0.0.0	]
PPTP Server IP Address :	0.0.0.0	(may be same as gateway)
User Name :		]
Password :		]
Verify Password :		]
DNS SETTINGS		
Primary DNS Address :		
Secondary DNS Address :		(optional)
Prev	Next Cancel	Connect

Secondary DNS Enter the Secondary DNS IP address used here. This field is normally optional. Only one DNS address is required for a functional Address:
 Internet connection, but using a second DNS address provides more stability.

#### Step 3: Internet Connection (L2TP)

After selecting the L2TP Internet connection method, the following page will appear:

Address Mode: Here the user can specify whether this Internet		SET USERNAME AND PASSWORD CON	NECTION (L2TP)	
	connection requires the use of a Dynamic or Static IP address. L2TP usual requires a Dynamic IP	Provider. You also need L2TP IP addre	ss. If you do not hav	e and Password from your Internet Service e this information, please contact your ISP.
	configuration.		Oynamic IP St	atic IP
L2TP IP Address:	Enter the L2TP IP address used here. This option is	L2TP IP Address :	0.0.0	
	only available if Static IP is selected.	L2TP Subnet Mask :	0.0.0.0	
L 2TP Subpot	Enter the L2TP Subnet Mask used here.	L2TP Gateway IP Address :	0.0.0.0	
Mask:	Enter the E211 Subhet Mask used here.	L2TP Server IP Address :	0.0.0.0	(may be same as gateway)
		User Name :		
	Enter the L2TP Gateway IP address used here.	Password :		
Address:		Verify Password :		
	Enter the L2TP Server IP address used here. This is normally the same a the L2TP Gateway IP address.	DNS SETTINGS		
	Enter the L2TP username used here.	Primary DNS Address :		
Password:	Enter the L2TP password used here.	Secondary DNS Address :		(optional)
Verify Password:	Re-enter the L2TP password used here.			
Primary DNS Address:	Enter the Primary DNS IP address used here.	Prev	Next Cancel	Connect
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Enter the Secondary DNS IP address used here. This field Internet connection, but using a second DNS address		y one DNS add	lress is required for a functional

#### Step 3: Internet Connection (Static IP Address)

After selecting the Static IP Address Internet connection method, the following page will appear:

- **IP Address:** Enter the Static IP address provided by the ISP here.
- **Subnet Mask:** Enter the Subnet Mask provided by the ISP here.
  - **Gateway** Enter the Gateway IP address provided by the ISP **Address:** here.
- **Primary DNS** Enter the Primary DNS IP address used here. Address:
- Secondary DNS Enter the Secondary DNS IP address used here. This Address: field is normally optional. Only one DNS address is required for a functional Internet connection, but using a second DNS address provides more stability.

Click **Next** to continue.

#### Setup Complete!

This is the last page of the Internet Connection Setup Wizard.

Click the **Connect** button to save your settings.

IP Address :	0.0.0	
Subnet Mask :	0.0.0.0	
Gateway Address :	0.0.0.0	
Primary DNS Address :	0.0.0	
	0.0.0.0	

SET STATIC IP ADDRESS CONNECTION



## **Manual Configuration**

On this page the user can configure the Internet Connection settings manually. To access the Manual Internet Connection Setup page, click on the **Manual Internet Connection Setup** button. On this page there a multiple parameters that can be configured regarding the Internet Connection setup. We'll discuss them from top to bottom.

At any given point the user can save the configuration done by clicking on the **Save Settings** button. If you choose to discard the changes made, click on the Don't Save Settings button.

#### **Internet Connection Type**

In this section, the user can select from a list of Internet Connection types that can be configured and used on this router. Options to choose from are Static IP, Dynamic IP, PPPOE, PPTP, L2TP, and DS-Lite.

After selecting a specific Internet Connection type, this page will automatically refresh and provide unique fields to configure related to the specified Internet Connection type.

#### My Internet Connection is: Dynamic IP (DHCP)

The default WAN configuration for this router is Dynamic IP (DHCP). This option allows the router to obtain an IP address automatically from the device that is connected to the Internet port.

Note: If you're not sure about the type of Internet Connection you have, please contact your Internet Service Provider (ISP) for assistance.

- Host Name: The Host Name is optional but may be required by some ISPs. Leave blank if you are not sure.
- **Use Unicasting:** Tick this option if you ISP uses the unicast method to provide IP addresses.

Primary DNS: Enter the Primary DNS IP address used here.

#### MANUAL INTERNET CONNECTION OPTION

If you would like to configure the Internet settings of your new D-Link Router manually, then click on the button below.

Manual Internet Connection Setup

#### WAN

Use this section to configure your Internet Connection type. There are several connection types to choose from: Static IP, DHCP, PPPOE, PPTP, and L2TP. If you are unsure of your connection method, please contact your Internet Service Provider.

Note : If using the PPPoE option, you will need to remove or disable any PPPoE client software on your computers.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

#### INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE

Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the Internet.

My Internet Connection is : Dynamic IP (DHCP)

ICP	)		

•

#### DYNAMIC IP (DHCP) INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE :

Use this Internet connection type if your Internet Service Provider (ISP) didn't provide you with IP Address information and/or a username and password.

Host Name :	dlinkrouter	
Use Unicasting :	(compatibility for s	some DHCP Servers)
Primary DNS Server :		
Secondary DNS Server :		(optional)
MTU :	1500	
MAC Address :		
	Clone Your PC's MAC A	ddress

- Secondary DNS: Enter the Secondary DNS IP address used here. This field is normally optional. Only one DNS address is required for a functional Internet connection, but using a second DNS address provides more stability.
  - MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1500 is the default MTU.
  - MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the Clone Your PC's MAC Address button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

#### My Internet Connection is: Static IP

Another Internet Connection type is Static IP. This option allows the user to manually configure the Static IP Internet Connection type. Normally the information entered will be supplied by your ISP.

- **IP Address:** Enter the Static IP address provided by the ISP here.
- **Subnet Mask:** Enter the Subnet Mask provided by the ISP here.
  - **Default** Enter the Gateway IP address provided by the ISP **Gateway:** here.
- **Primary DNS:** Enter the Primary DNS IP address used here.
- Secondary DNS: Enter the Secondary DNS IP address used here. This field is normally optional. Only one DNS address is required for a functional Internet connection, but using a second DNS address provides more stability.
  - MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1500 is the default MTU.

INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE		
Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the Internet.		
My Internet Connection is :	Static IP	
STATIC IP ADDRESS INTERNET C	CONNECTION TYPE	:
Enter the static address informat	ion provided by yo	ur Internet Service Provider (ISP).
IP Address :		
Subnet Mask :	0.0.0.0	
Default Gateway :		
Primary DNS Server :		
Secondary DNS Server :		(optional)
MTU :	1500	
MAC Address :		
	Clone Your PC's MAC	Address

MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the Clone Your PC's MAC Address button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

#### My Internet Connection is: PPPoE (Username/Password)

Another Internet Connection type is PPPoE. This option is typically used if you have a DSL Internet Connection. Make sure to remove the PPPoE software installed on your computer first before using this connection type. Most of the information needed for this connection type is provided to you by your ISP.

Choose the	Here the user can specify whether this Internet connection requires the use of a <b>Dynamic</b> or <b>Static</b>	Address Mode:
My Int	<b>IP</b> address. PPPoE usually requires a Dynamic IP configuration.	
PPPOE INT	Enter the PPPoE IP address used here. This option	IP Address:
Enter the i	is only available if Static IP is selected.	IF Address.

- **Username:** Enter the PPPoE account user name used here. This information is given by the ISP.
- **Password:** Enter the PPPoE account password used here. This information is given by the ISP.
- **Verify Password:** Re-enter the PPPoE account password used here.
  - Service Name: This optional field enables the user to enter a service name to identify this Internet connection here.
    - Reconnect Use the radio buttons to specify the reconnect Mode: mode. The user can specify a custom schedule or specify the On Demand, or Manual option. To specify a custom schedule, use the drop-down menu to select one of the schedules that has been defined in the Schedules page. To create a new schedule, click the New Schedule button to open the Schedules page. Schedules will be discussed later.

INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE		
Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the Internet.		
My Internet Connection is : PPPoE (Username / Password)		
The met connection is . PPPoe (username / Password)		
PPPOE INTERNET CONNECTION	TYPE :	
Enter the information provided b	y your Internet Service Provider (ISP).	
Address Mode :	Oynamic IP Static IP	
IP Address :		
Username :		
Password :		
Verify Password :		
Service Name :	(optional)	
Reconnect Mode :	Always o     New Schedule	
	On demand	
Maximum Idle Time :	(minutes, 0=infinite)	
DNS Mode :	Receive DNS from ISP	
Primary DNS Server :		
Secondary DNS Server :	(optional)	
MTU :	1492	
MAC Address :		
	Clone Your PC's MAC Address	

- Maximum Idle Enter a maximum idle time during which the Internet connection is maintained during inactivity.
  - **DNS Mode:** This option allow the router to obtain the DNS IP addresses from the ISP, when **Receive DNS from ISP** is selected, or allows the user to enter DNS IP address manually, when **Enter DNS Manually** is selected.

**Primary DNS** Enter the Primary DNS IP address used here. Server:

- Secondary DNS Enter the Secondary DNS IP address used here. This field is normally optional. Only one DNS address is required for a functional
   Server: Internet connection, but using a second DNS address provides more stability.
  - MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1492 is the default MTU.
  - MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone Your PC's MAC** Address button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

#### My Internet Connection is: PPTP (Username/Password)

Another Internet Connection type is PPTP. This option is typically used if you have a secure DSL Internet Connection. Most of the information needed for this connection type is provided to you by your ISP.

Adduces Medee	lleve the user can exactly whether this intermet		
Address Mode:	Here the user can specify whether this Internet connection requires the use of a <b>Dynamic</b> or	INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE	
	Static IP address. PPTP usually requires a Dynamic	Choose the mode to be used by t	he router to connect to the Internet.
	IP configuration.	My Internet Connection is :	PPTP (Username / Password)
PPTP IP Address:	Enter the PPTP IP address used here. This option is only available if Static IP is selected.		
PPTP Subnet	Enter the PPTP Subnet Mask used here.	PPTP INTERNET CONNECTION TY	/PE :
Mask:		Enter the information provided b	y your Internet Service Provider (ISP).
PPTP Gateway IP Address:	Enter the PPTP Gateway IP address used here.	Address Mode :	Oynamic IP Static IP
PPTP Server IP	Enter the PPTP Server IP address used here. This is	PPTP IP Address :	
Address:	normally the same a the PPTP Gateway IP address.	PPTP Subnet Mask :	
Username:	Enter the PPTP username used here.	PPTP Gateway IP Address :	
Password:	Enter the PPTP password used here.	PPTP Server IP Address :	
	Re-enter the PPTP password used here.	Username :	
	Use the radio buttons to specify the reconnect	Password :	
	mode. The user can specify a custom schedule	Verify Password :	
model	or specify the <b>On Demand</b> , or <b>Manual</b> option. To	Reconnect Mode :	Aiways of the New Schedule
	specify a custom schedule, use the drop-down		On demand ◎ Manual
	menu to select one of the schedules that has been	Maximum Idle Time :	(minutes, 0=infinite)
	defined in the Schedules page. To create a new	Primary DNS Server :	
	schedule, click the New Schedule button to open	Secondary DNS Server :	(optional)
	the Schedules page. Schedules will be discussed	MTU :	1400
	later.	MAC Address :	
			Clone Your PC's MAC Address

Maximum Idle Enter a maximum idle time during which the Internet connection is maintained during inactivity. To disable this feature, Time: enable Auto-reconnect.

**Primary DNS** Enter the Primary DNS IP address used here.

Server:

- Secondary DNS Enter the Secondary DNS IP address used here. This field is normally optional. Only one DNS address is required for a functional
   Server: Internet connection, but using a second DNS address provides more stability.
  - MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1400 is the default MTU.
  - MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the **Clone Your PC's MAC** Address button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

#### My Internet Connection is: L2TP (Username/Password)

Another Internet Connection type is L2TP. This option is typically used if you have a secure DSL Internet Connection. Most of the information needed for this connection type is provided to you by your ISP.

INTER	IET CONNECTION TYPE
Choose	the mode to be used by the router to connect to the Internet.
Му	Internet Connection is : L2TP (Username / Password)

- Address Mode: Here the user can specify whether this Internet connection requires the use of a Dynamic or Static IP address. L2TP usual requires a Dynamic IP configuration.
- L2TP IP Address: Enter the L2TP IP address used here. This option is only available if Static IP is selected.
  - L2TP Subnet Enter the L2TP Subnet Mask used here. Mask:
- L2TP Gateway IP Enter the L2TP Gateway IP address used here. Address:
  - **L2TP Server IP** Enter the L2TP Server IP address used here. This is **Address:** normally the same a the L2TP Gateway IP address.
    - **Username:** Enter the L2TP username used here.
    - **Password:** Enter the L2TP password used here.
- Verify Password: Re-enter the L2TP password used here.
  - Reconnect Use the radio buttons to specify the reconnect Mode: mode. The user can specify a custom schedule or specify the On Demand, or Manual option. To specify a custom schedule, use the drop-down menu to select one of the schedules that has been defined in the Schedules page. To create a new schedule, click the New Schedule button to open the Schedules page. Schedules will be discussed later.

#### **L2TP INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE :**

Enter the information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).

Address Mode :	Oynamic IP Static IP
L2TP IP Address :	
L2TP Subnet Mask :	
L2TP Gateway IP Address :	
L2TP Server IP Address :	
Username :	
Password :	
Verify Password :	
Reconnect Mode :	C Always o
	On demand
Maximum Idle Time :	(minutes, 0=infinite)
Primary DNS Server :	
Secondary DNS Server :	(optional)
MTU :	1400
MAC Address :	
	Clone Your PC's MAC Address

- Maximum Idle Enter a maximum idle time during which the Internet connection is maintained during inactivity. To disable this feature, Time: enable Auto-reconnect.
  - **Primary DNS** Enter the Primary DNS IP address used here.
    - Server:
- Secondary DNS Enter the Secondary DNS IP address used here. This field is normally optional. Only one DNS address is required for a functional Server: Internet connection, but using a second DNS address provides more stability.

- MTU: Maximum Transmission Unit you may need to change the MTU for optimal performance with your specific ISP. 1400 is the default MTU.
- MAC Address: The default MAC Address is set to the Internet port's physical interface MAC address on the Broadband Router. It is not recommended that you change the default MAC address unless required by your ISP. You can use the Clone Your PC's MAC Address button to replace the Internet port's MAC address with the MAC address of your Ethernet card.

#### My Internet Connection is: DS-Lite)

Another Internet Connection type is DS-Lite.

After selecting DS-Lite, the following parameters will be available for configuration:

#### DS-Lite Select the DS-Lite DHCPv6 Option to let the router Configuration: allocate the AFTR IPv6 address automatically. Select the Manual Configuration to enter the AFTR IPv6 address in manually.

- AFTR IPv6 After selecting the Manual Configuration option
- Address: above, the user can enter the AFTR IPv6 address used here.
- B4 IPv4 Address: Enter the B4 IPv4 address value used here.
  - WAN IPv6 Once connected, the WAN IPv6 address will be Address: displayed here.
  - IPv6 WAN Once connected, the IPv6 WAN Default Gateway
- **Default Gateway** address will be displayed here.

Click on the **Save Settings** button to accept the changes made. Click on the **Don't Save Settings** button to discard the changes made.

Choose the m	ode to be used by the router to connect to the Internet.
My Inter	net Connection is : DS-Lite
AFTR ADDRES	S INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE :
Enter the AFT	R address information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).
	R address information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP). ite Configuration : <ul> <li>DS-Lite DHCPv6 Option</li> <li>Manual Configuration</li> </ul>
DS-L	
DS-L	ite Configuration :      O DS-Lite DHCPv6 Option      Manual Configuration
DS-L Af	ite Configuration :

## **Wireless Settings**

On this page the user can configure the Wireless settings for this device. There are 3 ways to configure Wireless using this router. Firstly, the user can choose to make use for the quick and easy **Wireless Connection Setup Wizard**. Secondly, the user can choose to make use Wi-Fi Protected Setup. Lastly, the user can configure the Wireless settings manually.

#### Wireless Settings: Wireless Connection Setup Wizard

The Wireless Connection Setup Wizard is specially designed to assist basic network users with a simple, step-by-step set of instructions to configure the wireless settings of this router. It is highly recommended to customized the wireless network settings to fit into your environment and to add higher security.

To initiate the **Wireless Connection Setup Wizard** click on the Wireless Connection Setup Wizard button.

**Step 1:** In this step, the user must enter a custom Wireless Network Name or SSID . Enter the new **SSID name** in the appropriate space provided. Secondly the user can choose between two wireless security wizard configurations. The user can select '**Automatically assign a network key**', by which the router will automatically generate a WPA/ WPA2 pre-shared key using the TKIP and AES encryption methods; or the user can select '**Manually assign a network key**', by which the user will be prompt to manually enter a WPA/WPA2 pre-shared key using the TKIP and AES encryption methods.

Click on the **Prev** button to return to the previous page. Click on the **Next** button to continue to the next page. Click on the **Cancel** button to discard the changes made and return to the main wireless page.

#### WIRELESS SETTINGS

The following Web-based wizards are designed to assist you in your wireless network setup and wireless device connection.

Before launching these wizards, please make sure you have followed all steps outlined in the Quick Installation Guide included in the package.

#### WIRELESS NETWORK SETUP WIZARD

This wizard is designed to assist you in your wireless network setup. It will guide you through stepby-step instructions on how to set up your wireless network and how to make it secure.

Wireless Connection Setup Wizard

**Note:** Some changes made using this Setup Wizard may require you to change some settings on your wireless client adapters so they can still connect to the D-Link Router.

< 2	STEP 1: WELCOME TO THE D-LINK WIRELESS SECURITY SETUP WIZARD
/	Give your network a name, using up to 32 characters.
a /	Network Name (SSID) : dlink
r	Automatically assign a network key (Recommended)
r e	To prevent outsiders from accessing your network, the router will automatically assign a security (also called WEP or WPA key) to your network.
-	Manually assign a network key
	Use this options if you prefer to create our own key.
	Note: All D-Link wireless adapters currently support WPA.
5	
)	Prev Next Cancel Save

**Step 2:** This step will only be available if the user selected 'Manually assign a network key' in the previous step. Here the user can manually enter the WPA/WPA2 pre-shared key in the **Wireless Security Password** space provided. The key entered must be between 8 and 63 characters long. Remember, this key will be used when wireless clients wants to connect to this device. So please remember this key to prevent future troubleshooting.

Click on the **Prev** button to return to the previous page. Click on the **Next** button to continue to the next page. Click on the **Cancel** button to discard the changes made and return to the main wireless page.

**Setup Complete:** On this page the user can view the configuration made and verify whether they are correct.

Click on the **Prev** button to return to the previous page. Click on the **Cancel** button to discard the changes made and return to the main wireless page. Click on the **Save** button to accept the changes made.

SETUP COMPLETE!
Below is a detailed summary of your wireless security settings. Please print this page out, or write the nformation on a piece of paper, so you can configure the correct settings on your wireless client idapters.
Wireless Band : 2.4GHz Band
Wireless Network Name (SSID) : dlink
Security Mode : Auto (WPA or WPA2) - Personal
Cipher Type : TKIP and AES
Pre-Shared Key : ba39014c48578ccd1d6d44765ddcd80ab900090b5e0fdbce802958d6e0f4d549
Prev Next Cancel Save

After click the **Save** button the device will save the settings made and return to the main wireless page.

SAVING	
	The settings are being saved and are taking effect.
	Please wait

#### Wireless Settings: Wi-Fi Protected Setup Wizard

If your Wireless Clients support the WPS connection method, this Wi-Fi Protected Setup Wizard can be used to initiate a wireless connection between this device and Wireless clients with a simple click of the WPS button. The Wi-Fi Protected Setup Wizard is specially designed to assist basic network users with a simple, step-by-step set of instructions to connect wireless clients to this router using the WPS method.

To initiate the Wi-Fi Protected Setup Wizard click on the **Add Wireless Device with WPS** button.

**Step 1:** In this step the user have two options to choose from. You can choose **Auto** if the wireless client supports WPS, or **Manual** if the wireless client does not support WPS.

Click on the **Prev** button to return to the previous page. Click on the **Next** button to continue to the next page. Click on the **Cancel** button to discard the changes made and return to the main wireless page.

**Step 2:** After selecting Auto, the following page will appear. There are two ways to add a wireless device, that supports WPS. Firstly, there is the Personal Identification Number (**PIN**) method. Using this method will prompt the user to enter a PIN code. This PIN code should be identical on the wireless client. Secondly, there is the Push Button Configuration (**PBC**) method. Using this method will allow the wireless client to connect to this device by similarly pressing the PBC button on it.

Click on the **Prev** button to return to the previous page. Click on the **Next** button to continue to the next page. Click on the **Cancel** button to discard the changes made and return to the main wireless page.

#### ADD WIRELESS DEVICE WITH WPS (WI-FI PROTECTED SETUP) WIZARD

This wizard is designed to assist you in connecting your wireless device to your wireless router. It will guide you through step-by-step instructions on how to get your wireless device connected. Click the button below to begin.

Add Wireless Device with WPS

STEP 1: SELECT CONFIGURATION METHOD FOR YOUR WIRELESS NETWORK
Please select one of following configuration methods and click next to continue.
Auto  Select this option if your wireless device supports WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup) Manual  Select this option will display the current wireless settings for you to configure the wireless device manually
Prev Next Cancel Connect

STEP 2: CONNECT YOUR WIRELESS DEVICE
There are two ways to add wireless device to your wireless network: -PIN (Personal Identification Number) -PBC (Push Button Configuration)
<pre> ø pin : </pre>
please enter the PIN from your wireless device and click the below "Connect" Button within 120 seconds
© PBC
please press the push button on your wireless device and click the below "Connect" Button within 120 seconds
Prev Next Cancel Connect

**Step 2:** After selecting Manual, the following page will appear. On this page to user can view the wireless configuration of this router. The wireless clients should configure their wireless settings to be identical to the settings displayed on this page for a successful connection. This option is for wireless clients that can't use the WPS method to connect to this device.

Click on the **Prev** button to return to the previous page. Click on the **Next** button to continue to the next page. Click on the **Cancel** button to discard the changes made and return to the main wireless page. Click on the **Wireless Status** button to navigate to the Status > Wireless page to view what wireless client are connected to this device.

# STEP 2: CONNECT YOUR WIRELESS DEVICE Below is a detailed summary of your wireless security settings. Please print this page out, or write the information on a piece of paper, so you can configure the correct settings on your wireless client adapters. 2.4 Ghz Frequency SSID: dlink Security Mode: Auto (WPA or WPA2) - Personal Cipher Type: TKIP and AES Pre-shared Key: ba39014c48578ccd1d6d44765ddcd80ab900090b5e0fdbce802958d6e0f4d549 Prev Next Cancel Wireless Status

#### Wireless Settings: Manual Wireless Network Setup

The manual wireless network setup option allows users to configure the wireless settings of this device manually. This option is for the more advanced user and includes all parameters that can be configured for wireless connectivity.

To initiate the Manual Wireless Setup page, click on the **Manual Wireless Connection Setup** button.

On this page the user can configure all the parameters related to the wireless connectivity of this router.

#### MANUAL WIRELESS NETWORK SETUP

If your wireless network is already set up with Wi-Fi Protected Setup, manual configuration of the wireless network will destroy the existing wireless network. If you would like to configure the wireless settings of your new D-Link Systems Router manually, then click on the Manual Wireless Network Setup button below.

Manual Wireless Connection Setup

#### WIRELESS NETWORK

Use this section to configure the wireless settings for your D-Link router. Please note that changes made in this section may also need to be duplicated on your wireless client.

To protect your privacy you can configure wireless security features. This device supports three wireless security modes including: WEP, WPA and WPA2.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

- Wireless Band: Displays the wireless band being configured. In this option we find that the following parameters will be regarding the 2.4GHz band.
- **Enable Wireless:** Check the box to enable the wireless function. If you do not want to use wireless, uncheck the box to disable all the wireless functions. Select the time frame that you would like your wireless network enabled. The schedule may be set to Always. Any schedule you create will be available in the drop-down menu. Click New Schedule to create a new schedule.

#### WIRELESS NETWORK SETTINGS Wireless Band : 2.4GHz Band Enable Wireless : Always Rew Schedule Wireless Network Name : dlink (Also called the SSID) 802.11 Mode : Mixed 802.11n, 802.11g and 802.11b Enable Auto Channel Scan : Wireless Channel : 2.437 GHz - CH 6 Transmission Rate : Best (automatic) (Mbit/s) Channel Width : 20/40 MHz(Auto) Visibility Status : Visible Visible Invisible

#### Wireless The Service Set Identifier (SSID) is the name of

Network Name: your wireless network. Create a name using up to 32 characters. The SSID is case-sensitive. Enable Auto Channel

**802.11 Mode:** Here the user can manually select the preferred frequency band to use for this wireless network.

**Enable Auto** The auto channel selection setting can be selected to allow this device to choose the channel with the least amount of **Channel Scan:** interference.

**Wireless** By default the channel is set to 1. The Channel can be changed to fit the channel setting for an existing wireless network or to **Channel:** customize the wireless network. If you enable Auto Channel Selection, this option will be greyed out.

Transmission Select the transmit rate. It is strongly suggested to select Best (Automatic) for best performance. Rate:

Channel Width: When using the 802.11n frequency band, the user have an option to choose between a 20MHz or 20/40MHz bandwidth.

Visibility Status: The Invisible option allows you to hide your wireless network. When this option is set to Visible, your wireless network name is broadcasted to anyone within the range of your signal. If you are not using encryption then they could connect to your network. When Invisible mode is enabled, you must enter the Wireless Network Name (SSID) on the client manually to connect to the network.

By default the wireless security of this router will be disabled. In this next option the user can enabled or disable wireless security for the frequency band 2.4GHz. There are two types of encryption that can be used. WEP or WPA/WPA2.

## Wireless Security Mode: WEP

Wired Equivalent Privacy (WEP) is the most basic form of encryption that can be used for wireless networks. Even though it is known as a 'weak' security method, it is better than no security at all. Older wireless adapter sometimes only supports WEP encryption and thus we still find this encryption method used today.

- WEP Key Length: Here the user can specify to either use a 64Bit or a 128Bit encrypted key.
- Authentication: Authentication is a process by which the router verifies the identity of a network device that is attempting to join the wireless network. There are two types authentication for this device when using WEP. **Open System** allows all wireless devices to communicate with the router before they are required to provide the encryption key needed to gain access to the network. **Shared Key** requires any wireless device attempting to communicate with the router to provide the encryption key needed to access the network before they are allowed to communicate with the router.

VIRELESS SECURITY MODE	

Security Mode : None

#### WIRELESS SECURITY MODE

Security Mode : WEP

WEP
WEP is the wireless encryption standard. To use it you must enter the same key(s) into the router and the wireless stations. For 64-bit keys you must enter 10 hex digits into each key box. For 128- bit keys you must enter 26 hex digits into each key box. A hex digit is either a number from 0 to 9 or a letter from A to F. For the most secure use of WEP set the authentication type to "Shared Key" when WEP is enabled.
You may also enter any text string into a WEP key box, in which case it will be converted into a hexadecimal key using the ASCII values of the characters. A maximum of 5 text characters can be entered for 64-bit keys, and a maximum of 13 characters for 128-bit keys.
If you choose the WEP security option this device will <b>ONLY</b> operate in <b>Legacy Wireless mode (802.11B/G)</b> . This means you will <b>NOT</b> get 11N performance due to the fact that WEP is not supported by the Draft 11N specification.
WEP Key Length: 64 bit (10 hex digits) (length applies to all keys)
Authentication : Both
WEP Key 1 :

•

•

WEP Key 1: Enter the WEP key used here. For 64-bit keys you must enter 10 hex digits into each key box. For 128-bit keys you must enter 26 hex digits into each key box. A hex digit is either a number from 0 to 9 or a letter from A to F. You may also enter any text string into a WEP key box, in which case it will be converted into a hexadecimal key using the ASCII values of the characters. A maximum of 5 text characters can be entered for 64-bit keys, and a maximum of 13 characters for 128-bit keys.

## Wireless Security Mode: WPA-Personal

Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA) is the most advanced and up to date wireless encryption method used today. This is the recommended wireless security option. WPA supports two authentication frameworks. Personal (PSK) and Enterprise (EAP). Personal requires only the use of a pass-phrase (Shared Secret) for security.

### The following parameters will be available for configuration:

- WPA Mode: WPA is the older standard; select this option if the clients that will be used with the router only support the older standard. WPA2 is the newer implementation of the stronger IEEE 802.11i security standard. With the "WPA2" option, the router tries WPA2 first, but falls back to WPA if the client only supports WPA. With the "WPA2 Only" option, the router associates only with clients that also support WPA2 security.
- **Cipher Type:** Select the appropriate cipher type to use here. Options to choose from are Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (**TKIP**), Advanced Encryption Standard (**AES**), and Both (**TKIP and AES**).

**Group Key** Enter the amount of time before the group key **Update Interval:** used for broadcast and multicast data is changed.

**Pre-Shared Key:** Enter the shared secret used here. This secret phrase needs to be the same on all of the wireless clients for them to be able to connect to the wireless network successfully.

#### WIRELESS SECURITY MODE

Security Mode : WPA-Personal

#### WPA

Use **WPA or WPA2** mode to achieve a balance of strong security and best compatibility. This mode uses WPA for legacy clients while maintaining higher security with stations that are WPA2 capable. Also the strongest cipher that the client supports will be used. For best security, use **WPA2 Only** mode. This mode uses AES(CCMP) cipher and legacy stations are not allowed access with WPA security. For maximum compatibility, use **WPA Only**. This mode uses TKIP cipher. Some gaming and legacy devices work only in this mode.

To achieve better wireless performance use **WPA2 Only** security mode (or in other words AES cipher).

WPA Mode :	Auto(WPA or WPA2)	]
Cipher Type :	TKIP and AES	
Group Key Update Interval :	3600	(seconds)

#### PRE-SHARED KEY

Enter an 8- to 63-character alphanumeric pass-phrase. For good security it should be of ample length and should not be a commonly known phrase.

Pre-Shared Key : ba39014c48578ccd1d6d

## Wireless Security Mode: WPA-Personal

Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA) is the most advanced and up to date wireless encryption method used today. This is the recommended wireless security option. WPA supports two authentication frameworks. Personal (PSK) and Enterprise (EAP). Personal requires only the use of a pass-phrase (Shared Secret) for security.

- WPA Mode: WPA is the older standard; select this option if the clients that will be used with the router only support the older standard. WPA2 is the newer implementation of the stronger IEEE 802.11i security standard. With the "WPA2" option, the router tries WPA2 first, but falls back to WPA if the client only supports WPA. With the "WPA2 Only" option, the router associates only with clients that also support WPA2 security.
- **Cipher Type:** Select the appropriate cipher type to use here. Options to choose from are Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (**TKIP**), Advanced Encryption Standard (**AES**), and Both (**TKIP and AES**).

**Group Key** Enter the amount of time before the group key **Update Interval:** used for broadcast and multicast data is changed.

- RADIUS Server IP When the user chooses to use the EAP Address: authentication framework, the RADIUS server's IP address can be entered here.
  - **RADIUS Server** When the user chooses to use the EAP **Port:** authentication framework, the RADIUS server's port number can be entered here.
  - RADIUS Server Enter the shared secret used here. This secret Shared Secret: phrase needs to be the same on all of the wireless clients for them to be able to connect to the wireless network successfully.

#### WIRELESS SECURITY MODE

Security Mode : WPA-Enterprise 💌

WPA
Use <b>WPA or WPA2</b> mode to achieve a balance of strong security and best compatibility. This mode uses WPA for legacy clients while maintaining higher security with stations that are WPA2 capable. Also the strongest cipher that the client supports will be used. For best security, use <b>WPA2 Only</b> mode. This mode uses AES(CCMP) cipher and legacy stations are not allowed access with WPA security. For maximum compatibility, use <b>WPA Only</b> . This mode uses TKIP cipher. Some gaming and legacy devices work only in this mode.
To achieve better wireless performance use <b>WPA2 Only</b> security mode (or in other words AES cipher).
WPA Mode : Auto(WPA or WPA2)
Cipher Type : TKIP and AES 💌
Group Key Update Interval: 3600 (seconds)

#### EAP (802.1X)

When WPA enterprise is enabled, the router uses EAP (802.1x) to authenticate clients via a remote RADIUS server.
RADIUS server IP Address :
RADIUS server Port : 1812
RADIUS server Shared Secret :
Advanced >>

# **Network Settings**

On this page the user can configure the internal network settings of the router and also able to configure the built-in DHCP server to assign IP addresses to computers on the network. The IP address that is configured here is the IP address that is used to access the Web-based management interface. If you change the IP address in this section, you may need to adjust your PC's network settings to access the network again.

	Enter the IP address of the router. The default IP address is 192.168.0.1. If you change the IP address, once you click Apply, you will need to enter the new IP address in your browser to get back into the configuration utility.	built-in DHCP server to assign IP add	resses to computers on t you use to access the	your router and also to configure the your network. The IP address that is Web-based management interface. If adjust your PC's network settings to
Mask:	Enter the Subnet Mask. The default subnet mask is 255.255.255.0. Enter a Host Name to identify this device.	Please note that this section is o settings here to get your networ         Save Settings         Don't Save Settings	k up and running.	ot need to change any of the
	Enter the local domain name used here. (Optional).	ROUTER SETTINGS		
	Uncheck the box to transfer the DNS server information from your ISP to your computers. If checked, your computers will use the router for a		t you use to access the	your router. The IP address that is Web-based management interface. If ur PC's network settings to access the
	DNS server.	Router IP Address :	192.168.0.1	
		Default Subnet Mask :	255.255.255.0	
		Host Name :	dlinkrouter	
		Local Domain Name :		(optional)
		Enable DNS Relay :	<b>V</b>	

# **DHCP Server Settings**

DHCP stands for Dynamic Host Control Protocol. This device has a built-in DHCP server. The DHCP Server will automatically assign an IP address to the computers on the LAN/private network. Be sure to set your computers to be DHCP clients by setting their TCP/IP settings to "Obtain an IP Address Automatically." When you turn your computers on, they will automatically load the proper TCP/IP settings provided by the router. The DHCP Server will automatically allocate an unused IP address from the IP address pool to the requesting computer. You must specify the starting and ending address of the IP address pool.

- Enable DHCP Check this box to enable the DHCP server on your Server: router. Uncheck to disable this function.
- DHCP IP Address Enter the starting and ending IP addresses for the Range: DHCP server's IP assignment.
  - **DHCP Lease** The length of time for the IP address lease. Enter **Time:** the Lease time in minutes.
    - Always If all the computers on the LAN successfully obtain
    - **Broadcast:** their IP addresses from the router's DHCP server as expected, this option can remain disabled. However, if one of the computers on the LAN fails to obtain an IP address from the router's DHCP server, it may have an old DHCP client that incorrectly turns off the broadcast flag of DHCP packets. Enabling this option will cause the router to always broadcast its responses to all clients, thereby working around the problem, at the cost of increased broadcast traffic on the LAN.
- NetBIOS Check this box to allow the DHCP Server to offer announcement: NetBIOS configuration settings to the LAN hosts. NetBIOS allow LAN hosts to discover all other computers within the network, e.g. within Network Neighborhood.

### DHCP SERVER SETTINGS Use this section to configure the built-in DHCP server to assign IP address to the computers on your network. Enable DHCP Server : DHCP IP Address Range : 100 (addresses within the LAN subnet) to 199 DHCP Lease Time : 10080 (minutes) Always broadcast : I (compatibility for some DHCP Clients) NetBIOS announcement : Learn NetBIOS from WAN : NetBIOS Scope : (optional) NetBIOS node type : O Broadcast only (use when no WINS servers configured) Point-to-Point (no broadcast) Mixed-mode (Broadcast then Point-to-Point) Hybrid (Point-to-Point then Broadcast) Primary WINS IP Address : Secondary WINS IP Address :

- Learn NetBIOS If NetBIOS announcement is switched on, it will cause WINS information to be learned from the WAN side, if available. Turn from WAN: this setting off to configure manually.
- **NetBIOS Scope:** This is an advanced setting and is normally left blank. This allows the configuration of a NetBIOS 'domain' name under which network hosts operate. This setting has no effect if the 'Learn NetBIOS information from WAN' is activated.

- NetBIOS node This field indicates how network hosts are to perform NetBIOS name registration and discovery. H-Node, this indicates a Hybrid
  - **type:** State of operation. First WINS servers are tried, if any, followed by local network broadcast. This is generally the preferred mode if you have configured WINS servers. M-Node (default), this indicates a Mixed-Mode of operation. First Broadcast operation is performed to register hosts and discover other hosts, if broadcast operation fails, WINS servers are tried, if any. This mode favours broadcast operation which may be preferred if WINS servers are reachable by a slow network link and the majority of network services such as servers and printers are local to the LAN. P-Node, this indicates to use WINS servers ONLY. This setting is useful to force all NetBIOS operation to the configured WINS servers. You must have configured at least the primary WINS server IP to point to a working WINS server. B-Node, this indicates to use local network broadcast ONLY. This setting is useful where there are no WINS servers available, however, it is preferred you try M-Node operation first. This setting has no effect if the 'Learn NetBIOS information from WAN' is activated.
- Primary WINS Configure the IP address of the preferred WINS server. WINS Servers store information regarding network hosts, allowing
   Server IP hosts to 'register' themselves as well as discover other available hosts, e.g. for use in Network Neighborhood. This setting has address: no effect if the 'Learn NetBIOS information from WAN' is activated.

Secondary Configure the IP address of the backup WINS server, if any. This setting has no effect if the 'Learn NetBIOS information from WINS Server IP WAN' is activated.

address:

## Add/Edit DHCP Reservation

This option lets you reserve IP addresses, and assign the same IP address to the network device with the specified MAC address any time it requests an IP address. This is almost the same as when a device has a static IP address except that the device must still request an IP address from the D-Link router. The D-Link router will provide the device the same IP address every time. DHCP Reservations are helpful for server computers on the local network that are hosting applications such as Web and FTP. Servers on your network should either use a static IP address or use this option.

# The following parameters will be available for configuration:

**Enable:** Check this box to enable the reservation.

- **Computer Name:** Enter the computer name. Alternatively, select a computer that currently has a DHCP lease from the drop down menu and click << to automatically populate the Computer Name, IP Address, and MAC Address fields.
  - **IP Address:** Enter the IP address you want to assign to the computer or device. This IP Address must be within the DHCP IP Address Range.
  - MAC Address: Enter the MAC address of the computer or device.

## **DHCP Reservations List**

This shows clients that you have specified to have reserved DHCP addresses. An entry can be changed by clicking the Edit icon, or deleted by clicking the Delete icon. When you click the Edit icon, the item is highlighted, and the 'Edit DHCP Reservation' section is activated for editing.

# **Number of Dynamic DHCP Clients**

In this section you can see what LAN devices are currently leasing IP addresses.

ADD DHCP RESERVATION	
Enable :	
Computer Name :	Computer Name
IP Address :	
MAC Address :	
	Clone Your PC's MAC Address
	Add / Update Clear

RVATIONS LIST			
lost Name	IP Address	MAC Address	

NUMBER OF DYNAMIC DHCP CLIENTS			
Host Name	IP Address	MAC Address	Expired Time

# IPv6

On this page, the user can configure the IPv6 Connection type. There are two ways to set up the IPv6 Internet connection. You can use the Webbased IPv6 Internet Connection Setup Wizard, or you can manually configure the connection.

## IPv6 Internet Connection Setup Wizard

For the beginner user that have not configured a router before, click on the **IPv6 Internet Connection Setup Wizard** button and the router will guide you through a few simple steps to get your network up and running.

After clicking on the IPv6 Internet Connection Setup Wizard button, this page will appear.

#### **IPV6 INTERNET CONNECTION**

There are two ways to set up your IPv6 Internet connection. You can use the Web-based IPv6 Internet Connection Setup Wizard, or you can manually configure the connection.

#### IPV6 INTERNET CONNECTION SETUP WIZARD

If you would like to utilize our easy to use Web-based Wizard to assist you in connecting your new D-Link Systems Router to the IPv6 Internet, click on the button below.

IPv6 Internet Connection Setup Wizard

**Note:** Before launching the wizards, please make sure you have followed all steps outlined in the Quick Installation Guide included in the package.

## Welcome to the D-Link IPv6 Internet Connection Setup Wizard

This wizard will guide you through a step-by-step process to configure your new D-Link router and connect to the IPv6 Internet.

Click **Next** to continue to the next page. Click **Cancel** to discard the changes made and return to the main page.

#### WELCOME TO THE D-LINK IPV6 INTERNET CONNECTION SETUP WIZARD

Prev

This wizard will guide you through a step-by-step process to configure your new D-Link router and connect to the IPv6 Internet.

Cancel

Connect

Next

- Step 1: Configure your IPv6 Internet Connection
- Step 2: Save Settings and Connect

# Step 1: Configure Your IPv6 Internet Connection

The router will try and detect whether its possible to obtain the IPv6 Internet Connection type automatically. If this succeeds then the user will be guided through the input of the appropriate parameters for the connection type found.

However, if the automatic detection fails, the user will be prompt to
either Try again or to click on the Guide me through the IPv6 settings
button to initiate the manual continual of the wizard.

STEP 1: CONFIGURE YOUR IPV6 INTERNET CONNECTION
Router is detecting your IPv6 Internet connection type, please wait
Prev Next Cancel Connect

STEP 1: CONFIGURE YOUR IPV6 INTERNET CONNECTION	
Router is unable to detect your IPv6 Internet	t connection type.
Cancel Try again	Guide me through the IPv6 settings

# Step 1: Configure Your IPv6 Internet Connection

There are several connection types to choose from. If you are unsure of your connection method, please contact your IPv6 Internet Service Provider.

**Note:** If using the PPPoE option, you will need to ensure that any PPPoE client software on your computers has been removed or disabled. The 3 options available on this page is **IPv6 over PPPoE**, **Static IPv6 address and Route**, and **Tunneling Connection**.

Choose the required IPv6 Internet Connection type and click on the **Next** button to continue. Click on the **Prev** button to return to the previous page. Click on the **Cancel** button to discard all the changes made and return to the main page.

## Set Username and Password Connection (PPPoE)

After selecting the IPv6 over PPPoE option, the user will be able to configure the IPv6 Internet connection that requires a username and password to get online. Most DSL modems use this type of connection.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

- **PPPoE Session:** Select the PPPoE Session value used here. This option will state that this connection shares it's information with the already configured IPv6 PPPoE connection, or the user can create a new PPPoE connection here.
  - User Name: Enter the PPPoE username used here. This information is obtainable from the ISP.
  - **Password:** Enter the PPPoE password used here. This information is obtainable from the ISP.
- Verify Password: Re-enter the PPPoE password used here.

Service Name: Enter the service name for this connection here. This option is optional.

Click on the **Next** button to continue. Click on the **Prev** button to return to the previous page. Click on the **Cancel** button to discard all the changes made and return to the main page.

# STEP 1: CONFIGURE YOUR IPV6 INTERNET CONNECTION

Prev

Next

#### Please select your IPv6 Internet Connection type:

IPv6 over PPPoE

Choose this option if your IPv6 Internet connection requires a username and password to get online. Most DSL modems use this type of connection.

Static IPv6 address and Route

Choose this option if your Internet Setup Provider (ISP) provided you with IPv6 Address information that has to be manually configured.

#### Tunneling Connection (6rd)

Choose this option if your Internet Setup Provider (ISP) provided you a IPv6 Internet Connection by using 6rd automatic tunneling mechanism.

Cancel

Connect

SET USERNAME AND PASSWORD CONI	NECTION (PPPOE)	
To set up this connection you will need Service Provider. If you do not have th		e and Password from your IPv6 Internet ee contact your ISP.
PPPoE Session :	Share with IPv4	Create a new session
User Name :		
Password :		
Verify Password :		
Service Name :		(optional)
Note: You may also need to provide a Servio your ISP.	ce Name. If you do not	have or know this information, please contact
Prev	Next Cancel	Connect

# Set Static IPv6 Address Connection

This mode is used when your ISP provides you with a set IPv6 addresses that does not change. The IPv6 information is manually entered in your IPv6 configuration settings. You must enter the IPv6 address, Subnet Prefix Length, Default Gateway, Primary DNS Server, and Secondary DNS Server. Your ISP provides you with all this information.

Use Link-Local	The Link-local address is used by nodes and	SET STATIC IPV6 ADDRESS CONNECTION
Address:	routers when communicating with neighboring nodes on the same link. This mode enables IPv6- capable devices to communicate with each other	To set up this connection you will need to have a complete list of IPv6 information provided by your IPv6 Internet Service Provider. If you have a Static IPv6 connection and do not have this information, please contact your ISP.
	on the LAN side.	Use Link-Local Address : 👿
		IPv6 Address : fe80::f27d:68ff:fe82:8781
IPv6 Address:	Enter the WAN IPv6 address for the router here.	Subnet Prefix Length : 64
Subnet Prefix	Enter the WAN subnet prefix length value used	Default Gateway :
Length:	here.	Primary IPv6 DNS Address :
Default Gateway	Enter the WAN default gateway IPv6 address used	Secondary IPv6 DNS Address :
	here.	LAN IPv6 Address : /64
Primary IPv6		
DNS Address:	Enter the WAN primary DNS Server address used here.	Prev Next Cancel Connect
Secondary IPv6		
	Enter the WAN secondary DNS Server address used h	nere.

LAN IPv6 These are the settings of the LAN (Local Area Network) IPv6 interface for the router. The router's LAN IPv6 Address configuration Address: is based on the IPv6 Address and Subnet assigned by your ISP. (A subnet with prefix /64 is supported in LAN.)

Click on the **Next** button to continue. Click on the **Prev** button to return to the previous page. Click on the **Cancel** button to discard all the changes made and return to the main page.

## **Tunneling Connection (6rd)**

After selecting the Tunneling Connection (6rd) option, the user can configure the IPv6 6rd connection settings.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

- 6rd IPv6 Prefix: Enter the 6rd IPv6 address and prefix value used here.
- IPv4 Address: Enter the IPv4 address used here.
- Mask Length: Enter the IPv4 mask length used here.
- Assigned IPv6 Displays the IPv6 assigned prefix value here. Prefix:
- **6rd Border Relay** Enter the 6rd border relay IPv4 address used here. IPv4 Address:

**IPv6 DNS Server:** Enter the primary DNS Server address used here.

Click on the **Next** button to continue. Click on the **Prev** button to return to the previous page. Click on the **Cancel** button to discard all the changes made and return to the main page.

### Setup Complete

The IPv6 Internet Connection Setup Wizard was completed.

Click on the **Connect** button to continue. Click on the **Prev** button to return to the previous page. Click on the **Cancel** button to discard all the changes made and return to the main page.

		/	
IPv4 Address :	192.168.69.191	Mask Length :	
Assigned IPv6 Prefix :			
d Border Relay IPv4 Address :			
IPv6 DNS Server :			
Prev	Next Car	Connect	]

SET UP 6RD TUNNELING CONNECTION

SETUP COMPLETE!	
The IPv6 Internet Connection settings and reboot the route	n Setup Wizard has completed. Click the Connect button to save your er.
	Prev Next Cancel Connect

# Manual IPv6 Internet Connection Option

For the advanced user that have configured a router before, click on the **Manual IPv6 Internet Connection Setup** button to input all the settings manually.

On this page the user can manually configure the mode that the Router will use to access an IPv6 Internet connection. There are several connection types to choose from: Link-local, Static IPv6, DHCPv6, Stateless Auto-Configuration, PPPoE, IPv6 over IPv4 Tunnel and 6to4. If you are unsure of your connection method, please contact your IPv6 ISP.

# IPv6 Connection Type: Link-Local Only

The Link-local address is used by nodes and routers when communicating with neighboring nodes on the same link. This mode enables IPv6-capable devices to communicate with each other on the LAN side.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

LAN IPv6 Link- Displays the LAN IPv6 Link-Local address used Local Address: here.

Click on the **Save Settings** button to accept the changes made. Click on the **Don't Save Settings** button to discard the changes made.

# IPv6 Connection Type: Auto Detection

In the following section we'll discuss the parameters that can be configured when setting up an Auto Detection (Stateless/DHCPv6) connection. This is a method of connection where the ISP assigns your IPv6 address when your router requests one from the ISP's server. Some ISP's require you to make some settings on your side before your router can connect to the IPv6 Internet.

#### MANUAL IPV6 INTERNET CONNECTION OPTION

If you would like to configure the IPv6 Internet settings of your new D-Link Router manually, then click on the button below.

Manual IPv6 Internet Connection Setup

#### IPV6 CONNECTION TYPE

Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the IPv6 Internet.

.

-

My IPv6 Connection is : Link-local Only

#### LAN IPV6 ADDRESS SETTINGS

Use this section to configure the internal network settings of your router.

LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : fe80::f27d:68ff:fe82:8780 /64

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

### **IPV6 CONNECTION TYPE**

Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the IPv6 Internet.

My IPv6 Connection is : Auto Detection

Obtain IPv6	Select this option to obtain the DNS Server	IPV6 DNS SET
	addresses automatically.	Obtain DNS se
Use the	Select this option to manually enter the DNS	
following IPv6 DNS Servers:	Server addresses used.	Prin
Primary DNS:	Enter the primary DNS Server address used here.	
Secondary DNS:	Enter the secondary DNS Server address used here.	

IPV6 DNS S	ETTINGS	
Obtain DNS	server address automatically or enter a specific DNS server address.	
	Obtain IPv6 DNS Servers automatically	
	Use the following IPv6 DNS Servers	
F	rimary DNS Server :	
Sec	ondary DNS Server:	

Use the section to configure the internal network settings of your router. The LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address is the IPv6 Address that you use to access the Web-based management interface. If you change the LAN IPv6 Address here, you may need to adjust your PC's network settings to access the network again. DHCP-PD can be used to acquire a IPv6 prefix for the LAN interface.

Enable DHCP- Select this option to enable DHCP PD.	LAN IPV6 ADDRESS SETTINGS
PD:	Use this section to configure the internal network settings of your router. If you change the LAN
LAN IPv6 Enter the LAN IPv6 address used here. This address	IPv6 Address here, you may need to adjust your PC network settings to access the network again.
Address: must be in the '/64' subnet.	Enable DHCP-PD : 📝
LAN IPv6 Link- Displays the LAN IPv6 Link-Local address used	LAN IPv6 Address : /64
Local Address: here.	LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : fe80::f27d:68ff:fe82:8780 /64

```
Enable Automatic The user can tick this option to enable the auto-
IPv6 address: configuration feature.
```

**Enable Automatic** Tick this option to enable the automatic DHCP-PD **DHCP-PD in LAN:** on the LAN. **Autoconfiguration** 

Autoconfiguration The user can select the auto-configuration type Type: used here.

Router This option is only available when the auto-Advertisement configuration type is set to Stateless. Enter the Lifetime: router advertisement lifetime value used here.

ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURATION SETTINGS
Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfiguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network. You can also enable DHCP-PD to delegate prefixes for routers in your LAN.
Enable Automatic IPv6 address :  assignment Enable Automatic DHCP-PD in :  LAN
Autoconfiguration Type : SLAAC+Stateless DHCP
Router Advertisement Lifetime : (minutes)

IPv6 Address	This option is only available when the auto-	ADD
Range (Start):	configuration type is set to <b>Stateful</b> . Enter the start IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers.	Use netw Enab

IPv6 Address This option is only available when the auto-

- Range (End): configuration type is set to Stateful. Enter the end IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers.
- IPv6 Address This option is only available when the auto-Lifetime: configuration type is set to Stateful. Enter the IPv6 Address Lifetime (in minutes).

#### ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURATION SETTINGS

Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfiguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network. You can also enable DHCP-PD to delegate prefixes for routers in your LAN.

Enable Automatic IPv6 address : 📝 assignment			
Enable Automatic DHCP-PD in : 🔽 LAN			
Autoconfiguration Type : Stateful DHCPv6			
IPv6 Address Range (Start) : x0000	::00	3	
IPv6 Address Range (End) : 🐹	::00	16	
IPv6 Address Lifetime : (minutes)			

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

Click on the **Save Settings** button to accept the changes made. Click on the **Don't Save Settings** button to discard the changes made.

-	-	
	υ	v
		•

Use this section to configure your IPv6 Connection Type. If you are unsure of your connection method, please contact your Internet Service Provider.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

# IPv6 Connection Type: Static IPv6

In the following section we'll discuss the parameters that can be configured when setting up an Static IPv6 connection. This mode is used when your ISP provides you with a set IPv6 addresses that does not change. The IPv6 information is manually entered in your IPv6 configuration settings. You must enter the **IPv6 address, Subnet Prefix Length, Default Gateway, Primary DNS Server,** and **Secondary DNS Server.** Your ISP provides you with all this information.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

Use Link-Local The Link-local address is used by nodes and Address: routers when communicating with neighboring nodes on the same link. This mode enables IPv6capable devices to communicate with each other on the LAN side.

**IPv6 Address:** Enter the WAN IPv6 address for the router here.

**Subnet Prefix** 

Length:

**Default** Enter the WAN default gateway IPv6 address used **Gateway:** here.

Primary DNS Enter the WAN primary DNS Server address used Server: here.

Secondary DNS Enter the WAN secondary DNS Server address used Servers: here.

nouse the mode to be used by	y the router to connect to the IPv6 Internet.
My IPv6 Connection is	Static IPv6
VAN IPV6 ADDRESS SETTINGS	s
nter the IPv6 address informa	ation provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).
	ation provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).
nter the IPv6 address informa Use Link-Local Address	
Use Link-Local Address	
Use Link-Local Address	
Use Link-Local Address IPv6 Address	<ul> <li>fe80::f27d:68ff:fe82:8781</li> <li>64</li> </ul>
Use Link-Local Address IPv6 Address Subnet Prefix Length	<pre>     fe80::f27d:68ff:fe82:8781     64 </pre>

**LAN IPv6** Enter the LAN (local) IPv6 address for the router **Address:** here.

LAN IPv6 Link- Displays the Router's LAN Link-Local Address here. Local Address:

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

**Enable** The user can tick this option to enable the auto-**Automatic IPv6** configuration feature.

address:

The user can select the auto-configuration type used here.

**Router** This option is only available when the auto-Advertisement configuration type is set to **Stateless**. Enter the Lifetime: router advertisement lifetime value used here.

IPv6 Address This option is only available when the auto-

- Range (Start): configuration type is set to Stateful. Enter the start IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers.
- IPv6 Address This option is only available when the auto-

Range (End): configuration type is set to Stateful. Enter the end IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers.

IPv6 Address This option is only available when the auto-Lifetime: configuration type is set to Stateful. Enter the IPv6 Address Lifetime (in minutes).

Click on the **Save Settings** button to accept the changes made. Click on the **Don't Save Settings** button to discard the changes made.

#### LAN IPV6 ADDRESS SETTINGS

Use this section to configure the internal network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 Address here, you may need to adjust your PC network settings to access the network again.

/64

LAN IPv6 Address :

LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : fe80::f27d:68ff:fe82:8780 /64

ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURATION SETTINGS
Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfiguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network.
Enable Automatic IPv6 address : 📝 assignment
Autoconfiguration Type : SLAAC+Stateless DHCP
Router Advertisement Lifetime : (minutes)

#### ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURATION SETTINGS

Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfiguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network.

Enable Automatic IPv6 address : [ assignment	V			
Autoconfiguration Type :	Stateful DHCPv6			
IPv6 Address Range (Start) :	X000X	:00	3	
IPv6 Address Range (End) :	0000	:00	16	
IPv6 Address Lifetime :	(minutes)			

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

# IPv6 Connection Type: Autoconfiguration (SLAAC/DHCPv6)

In the following section we'll discuss the parameters that can be configured when setting up an Autoconfiguration (SLAAC/DHCPv6) connection. This is a method of connection where the ISP assigns your IPv6 address when your router requests one from the ISP's server. Some ISP's require you to make some settings on your side before your router can connect to the IPv6 Internet.

# The following parameters will be available for configuration:

Obtain IPv6	Select this option to obtain the DNS Server	IPV6 CONNECTION TYPE
DNS Servers automatically:	addresses automatically.	Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the IPv6 Internet.
	Select this option to manually enter the DNS	My IPv6 Connection is : Autoconfiguration(SLAAC/DHCPv6)
	Server addresses used.	IPV6 DNS SETTINGS
<b>DNS Servers:</b>		
Primary DNS Server:	Enter the WAN primary DNS Server address used here.	Obtain DNS server address automatically or enter a specific DNS server address. Obtain IPv6 DNS Servers automatically Use the following IPv6 DNS Servers
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Enter the WAN secondary DNS Server address used here.	Primary DNS Server :
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	Primary DNS Server :

**Enable DHCP-PD:** Select this option to enable DHCP PD.

LAN IPv6 Address: Enter the LAN IPv6 address used here. This address must be in the '/64' subnet.

## LAN IPv6 Link-

Local Address: Displays the LAN IPv6 Link-Local address used here.

#### LAN IPV6 ADDRESS SETTINGS

Use this section to configure the internal network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 Address here, you may need to adjust your PC network settings to access the network again.

Enable DHCP-PD : 📝

LAN IPv6 Address :

LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : fe80::f27d:68ff:fe82:8780 /64

/64

**Enable** The user can tick this option to enable the auto-**Automatic IPv6** configuration feature.

address:

**Enable** Tick this option to enable the automatic DHCP-PD **Automatic** on the LAN.

# **DHCP-PD in LAN:**

The user can select the auto-configuration type used here.

**Router** This option is only available when the auto- **Advertisement** configuration type is set to **Stateless**. Enter the **Lifetime:** router advertisement lifetime value used here.

- IPv6 Address This option is only available when the auto-
- Range (Start): configuration type is set to Stateful. Enter the start IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers.
- IPv6 Address This option is only available when the auto-
- Range (End): configuration type is set to Stateful. Enter the end IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers.
- IPv6 Address This option is only available when the auto-Lifetime: configuration type is set to Stateful. Enter the IPv6 Address Lifetime (in minutes).

Click on the **Save Settings** button to accept the changes made. Click on the **Don't Save Settings** button to discard the changes made.

# ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURATION SETTINGS

Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfiguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network. You can also enable DHCP-PD to delegate prefixes for routers in your LAN.

Enable Automatic IPv6 address assignment	:	
Enable Automatic DHCP-PD in LAN	:	$\checkmark$
Autoconfiguration Type	:	SLAAC+Stateless DHCP
Router Advertisement Lifetime	:	(minutes)

#### ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURATION SETTINGS

Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfiguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network. You can also enable DHCP-PD to delegate prefixes for routers in your LAN.

Enable Automatic IPv6 address : assignment				
Enable Automatic DHCP-PD in : LAN				
Autoconfiguration Type :	Stateful DHCPv6			
IPv6 Address Range (Start) :	X000X	::00	3	
IPv6 Address Range (End) :	XXXXX	::00	16	
IPv6 Address Lifetime :	(minutes)			

Save Settings	Don't Save Settings
---------------	---------------------

## **IPv6 Connection Type: PPPoE**

Select this option if your ISP requires you to use a PPPoE (Point to Point Protocol over Ethernet) connection to IPv6 Internet. DSL providers typically use this option. This method of connection requires you to enter a Username and Password (provided by your Internet Service Provider) to gain access to the IPv6 Internet. The supported authentication protocols are PAP and CHAP.

IPV6 CONNECTION TYPE			
Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the IPv6 Internet.			
My IPv6 Connection is : PPPoE			

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

- **PPPoE Session:** Select the PPPoE Session value used here. This option will state that this connection shares it's information with the already configured IPv6 PPPoE connection, or the user can create a new PPPoE connection here.
- Address Mode: Select the appropriate address mode used here. Select Dynamic IP if the ISP's servers assign the router's WAN IPv6 address upon establishing a connection. If your ISP has assigned a fixed IPv6 address, select Static IP. The ISP provides the value for the IPv6 Address.
  - IP Address: Enter the ISP PPPoE IP address in here.
  - Username: Enter the PPPoE username used here. This information is obtainable from the ISP.
  - **Password:** Enter the PPPoE password used here. This information is obtainable from the ISP.
- Verify Password: Re-enter the PPPoE password used here.
- Service Name: Enter the service name for this connection here. This option is optional.
  - MTU: Enter the MTU value used here. The default value is 1492.

# PPPOE INTERNET CONNECTION TYPE : Enter the information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP). PPPOE Session : Share with IPv4 Create a new session Address Mode : Dynamic IP Static IP IP Address : Username : Password : Verify Password :

(optional)

(bytes) MTU default = 1492

Service Name :

MTU: 1492

- **Obtain IPv6:** Select this option to obtain the DNS Server addresses automatically.
  - **Use IPv6:** Select this option to manually enter the DNS Server addresses used.
- **Primary DNS:** Enter the primary DNS Server address used here.
- Secondary DNS: Enter the secondary DNS Server address used here.

#### IPV6 DNS SETTINGS

Obtain DNS server address automatically or enter a specific DNS server address.

Obtain	IPv6	DNS	Servers	automa	tically
--------	------	-----	---------	--------	---------

#### Ouse the following IPv6 DNS Servers

Primary	DNS	Server	5	l

Secondary DNS Server :

The following	parameters	will be	available	for o	configuration	:
						-

Enable DHCP- Select this option to enable DHCP PD. PD:

LAN IPv6 Enter the LAN IPv6 address used here. This address Address: must be in the '/64' subnet.

LAN IPv6 Link- Displays the LAN IPv6 Link-Local address used Local Address: here.

# LAN IPV6 ADDRESS SETTINGS

Use this section to configure the internal network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 Address here, you may need to adjust your PC network settings to access the network again.

Enable DHCP-PD : 📝	
LAN IPv6 Address :	/64
LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : fe80::f27d:68ff:fe82:8780 /64	

**Enable** The user can tick this option to enable the auto-**Automatic IPv6** configuration feature.

address:

**Enable** Tick this option to enable the automatic DHCP-PD **Automatic** on the LAN.

# **DHCP-PD in LAN:**

The user can select the auto-configuration type used here.

Router This option is only available when the auto-Advertisement configuration type is set to Stateless. Enter the Lifetime: router advertisement lifetime value used here.

- IPv6 Address This option is only available when the auto-
- Range (Start): configuration type is set to Stateful. Enter the start IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers.
- IPv6 Address This option is only available when the auto-
- Range (End): configuration type is set to Stateful. Enter the end IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers.
- IPv6 Address This option is only available when the auto-Lifetime: configuration type is set to Stateful. Enter the IPv6 Address Lifetime (in minutes).

Click on the **Save Settings** button to accept the changes made. Click on the **Don't Save Settings** button to discard the changes made.

#### ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURATION SETTINGS

Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfiguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network. You can also enable DHCP-PD to delegate prefixes for routers in your LAN.

ľ	Enable Automatic IPv6 address : assignment	
	Enable Automatic DHCP-PD in : LAN	
	Autoconfiguration Type :	SLAAC+Stateless DHCP
	Router Advertisement Lifetime:	(minutes)

#### ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURATION SETTINGS

Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfiguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network. You can also enable DHCP-PD to delegate prefixes for routers in your LAN.

Enable Automatic IPv6 address : assignment				
Enable Automatic DHCP-PD in : LAN				
Autoconfiguration Type :	Stateful DHCPv6			
IPv6 Address Range (Start) :	20000	::00	3	
IPv6 Address Range (End) :	20000	::00	16	
IPv6 Address Lifetime :	(minutes)			

Save Settings	Don't Save Settings
---------------	---------------------

## IPv6 Connection Type: IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel

In section to the user can configure the IPv6 connection to run in IPv4 Tunnel mode. IPv6 over IPv4 tunneling encapsulates IPv6 packets in IPv4 packets so that IPv6 packets can be sent over an IPv4 infrastructure.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

- **Remote IPv4** Enter the remote IPv4 address used here. Address:
- **Remote IPv6** Enter the remote IPv6 address used here. Address:
  - Local IPv4 Enter the local IPv4 address used here. Address:
  - **Local IPv6** Enter the local IPv6 address used here. **Address:**
- Subnet Prefix Enter the Subnet prefix length value used here. Length:

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

- **Obtain IPv6** Select this option to obtain the DNS Server **DNS Servers** addresses automatically.
- automatically: Use the Select this option to manually enter the DNS following IPv6 Server addresses used.

DNS Servers:

- Primary DNS Enter the WAN primary DNS Server address used here. Server:
- Secondary DNS Enter the WAN secondary DNS Server address used here. Server:

IPV6 CONNECTION TYPE	
Choose the mode to be used by	the router to connect to the IPv6 Internet.
-	
My IPv6 Connection is	IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel
	0
IPV6 IN IPV4 TUNNEL SETTING	5
IPV6 IN IPV4 TUNNEL SETTING	5
	s nformation provided by your Tunnel Broker.
	formation provided by your Tunnel Broker.
Enter the IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel ir	nformation provided by your Tunnel Broker.
Enter the IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel in Remote IPv4 Address Remote IPv6 Address	nformation provided by your Tunnel Broker.
Enter the IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel in Remote IPv4 Address Remote IPv6 Address Local IPv4 Address	nformation provided by your Tunnel Broker.
Enter the IPv6 in IPv4 Tunnel in Remote IPv4 Address Remote IPv6 Address	nformation provided by your Tunnel Broker.

#### IPV6 DNS SETTINGS

Obtain DNS server address automatically or enter a specific DNS server address.

Obtain IPv6 DNS Servers automatically	
---------------------------------------	--

۲	Use	the	fol	lowing	IPv6	DNS	Servers
---	-----	-----	-----	--------	------	-----	---------

Secondary DNS Server :

Primary DNS Server :

LAN IPV6 ADDRESS SETTINGS Use this section to configure the internal network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 Address here, you may need to adjust your PC network settings to access the network again. Enable DHCP-PD : 📝 LAN IPv6 Address : LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : fe80::f27d:68ff;fe82:8780 /64 ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURATION SETTINGS

> Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfiguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network. You can also enable DHCP-PD to delegate prefixes for routers in your LAN.

/64

Enable Automatic IPv6 address	:	<b>V</b>
assignment		
Enable Automatic DHCP-PD in	:	
LAN		
Autoconfiguration Type	:	SLAAC+Stateless DHCP
Router Advertisement Lifetime	:	(minutes)

#### ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURATION SETTINGS

Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfiguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network. You can also enable DHCP-PD to delegate prefixes for routers in your LAN.

Enable Automatic IPv6 address : assignment				
Enable Automatic DHCP-PD in : LAN	$\checkmark$			
Autoconfiguration Type :	Stateful DHCPv6			
IPv6 Address Range (Start) :	XXXXX	::00	3	
IPv6 Address Range (End) :	XXXXX	::00	16	
IPv6 Address Lifetime :	(minutes)			

Save Settings	Don't Save Settings
---------------	---------------------

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

**Enable DHCP**- Select this option to enable DHCP PD. PD:

> LAN IPv6 Enter the LAN IPv6 address used here. This address Address: must be in the '/64' subnet.

LAN IPv6 Link- Displays the LAN IPv6 Link-Local address used Local Address: here.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

**Enable** The user can tick this option to enable the auto-Automatic IPv6 configuration feature.

address:

**Enable** Tick this option to enable the automatic DHCP-PD Automatic on the LAN.

## **DHCP-PD** in LAN:

The user can select the auto-configuration type used here

Router This option is only available when the auto-Advertisement configuration type is set to Stateless. Enter the Lifetime: router advertisement lifetime value used here.

IPv6 Address This option is only available when the auto-

Range (Start): configuration type is set to Stateful. Enter the start IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers.

IPv6 Address This option is only available when the auto-

Range (End): configuration type is set to Stateful. Enter the end IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers.

IPv6 Address This option is only available when the auto-Lifetime: configuration type is set to Stateful. Enter the IPv6 Address Lifetime (in minutes).

Click on the Save Settings button to accept the changes made. Click on the **Don't Save Settings** button to discard the changes made.

## IPv6 Connection Type: 6to4

In this section the user can configure the IPv6 6to4 connection settings. 6to4 is an IPv6 address assignment and automatic tunneling technology that used to provide unicast IPv6 connectivity between IPv6 sites and hosts across the IPv4 Internet.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

- **6to4 Address:** Here the 6to4 configured address will be displayed.
- 6to4 Relay: Enter the 6to4 relay address used here.
- Primary DNS Enter the primary DNS Server address used here. Server:
- Secondary DNS Enter the secondary DNS Server address used Server: here.

## The following parameters will be available for configuration:

- LAN IPv6 Enter the LAN IPv6 address used here. This address Address: must be in the '/64' subnet.
- LAN IPv6 Link- Displays the LAN IPv6 Link-Local address used Local Address: here.

# **Enable Automatic** The user can tick this option to enable the auto-IPv6 address configuration feature.

Autoconfiguration The user can select the auto-configuration type Type: used here.

Router This option is only available when the auto-Advertisement configuration type is set to Stateless. Enter the Lifetime: router advertisement lifetime value used here

#### IPV6 CONNECTION TYPE

Choose the mode to be used by the router to connect to the IPv6 Internet.

My IPv6 Connection is : 6to4

#### WAN IPV6 ADDRESS SETTINGS

Enter the IPv6 address information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).

6to4 Address :	
6to4 Relay :	
Primary DNS Server :	
Secondary DNS Server :	

-

LAN IPV6 ADDRESS SETTINGS	
Use this section to configure the internal network settings of your router. If you IPv6 Address here, you may need to adjust your PC network settings to access	change the LAN the network again.
LAN IPv6 Address :	/64
LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : fe80::f27d:68ff:fe82:8780 /64	

#### ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURATION SETTINGS

Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfiguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network.

Enable Automatic IPv6 address : 📝 assignment

Autoconfiguration Type : SLAAC+Stateless DHCP

Router Advertisement Lifetime :

(minutes)

**Enable** The user can tick this option to enable the auto-**Automatic IPv6** configuration feature.

address:

The user can select the auto-configuration type used here.

- IPv6 Address This option is only available when the auto-
- Range (Start): configuration type is set to Stateful. Enter the start IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers.

IPv6 Address This option is only available when the auto-

- Range (End): configuration type is set to Stateful. Enter the end IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers.
- IPv6 Address This option is only available when the auto-Lifetime: configuration type is set to Stateful. Enter the IPv6 Address Lifetime (in minutes).

Click on the **Save Settings** button to accept the changes made. Click on the **Don't Save Settings** button to discard the changes made.

ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURATION SETTINGS	
Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfiguration to assign IP a network.	addresses to the computers on your
Enable Automatic IPv6 address : 📝 assignment	
Automation Trees a law of Lawrence	•
IPv6 Address Range (Start) : DOOX	::00 3
IPv6 Address Range (End) : 10000	::00 16
IPv6 Address Lifetime : (minutes)	

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

# IPv6 Connection Type: 6rd

In this section the user can configure the IPv6 6rd connection settings.

IPV6 CONNECTION TYPE	
Choose the mode to be used by t	he router to connect to the IPv6 Internet.
My IPv6 Connection is :	6rd 🗨

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

6rd	Select the desired 6rd configuration option here.
<b>Configuration:</b>	
6rd IPv6 Prefix:	Enter the 6rd IPv6 address and prefix value used here.
IPv4 Address:	Enter the IPv4 address used here.
A 1 1 1	

Mask Length: Enter the IPv4 mask length used here.

- Assigned IPv6 Displays the IPv6 assigned prefix value here. Prefix:
- 6rd Border Relay Enter the 6rd border relay IPv4 address used here. IPv4 Address:

Primary DNS Enter the primary DNS Server address used here. Server

Secondary DNS Enter the secondary DNS Server address uses here. Server:

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

**LAN IPv6** Enter the LAN IPv6 address used here. This address **Address:** must be in the '/64' subnet.

LAN IPv6 Link- Displays the LAN IPv6 Link-Local address used Local Address: here.

#### WAN IPV6 ADDRESS SETTINGS

Enter the IPv6 address information provided by your Internet Service Provider (ISP).				
6rd Configuration:	In the second			
6rd IPv6 Prefix :				
IPv4 Address :	Mask Length :			
Assigned IPv6 Prefix :				
6rd Border Relay IPv4 Address :				
Primary DNS Server :				
Secondary DNS Server :				

#### LAN IPV6 ADDRESS SETTINGS

Use this section to configure the internal network settings of your router. If you change the LAN IPv6 Address here, you may need to adjust your PC network settings to access the network again.

LAN IPv6 Address :	
--------------------	--

LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : fe80::f27d:68ff:fe82:8780 /64

/64

**Enable** The user can tick this option to enable the auto-**Automatic IPv6** configuration feature.

#### address:

The user can select the auto-configuration type used here.

Router This option is only available when the auto-Advertisement configuration type is set to Stateless. Enter the Lifetime: router advertisement lifetime value used here.

IPv6 Address This option is only available when the auto-

- Range (Start): configuration type is set to Stateful. Enter the start IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers.
- IPv6 Address This option is only available when the auto-
- Range (End): configuration type is set to Stateful. Enter the end IPv6 Address for the DHCPv6 range for your local computers.
- IPv6 Address This option is only available when the auto-Lifetime: configuration type is set to Stateful. Enter the IPv6 Address Lifetime (in minutes).

Click on the **Save Settings** button to accept the changes made. Click on the **Don't Save Settings** button to discard the changes made.

ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURATIO	N SETTINGS
Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoco network.	onfiguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your
Enable Automatic IPv6 address: assignment	
Autoconfiguration Type :	SLAAC+Stateless DHCP 💌
Router Advertisement Lifetime :	(minutes)

### ADDRESS AUTOCONFIGURATION SETTINGS

Use this section to setup IPv6 Autoconfiguration to assign IP addresses to the computers on your network.

Enable Automatic IPv6 address : 📝 assignment		
Autoconfiguration Type : Stateful DHCPv6		
IPv6 Address Range (Start) :	::00	3
IPv6 Address Range (End) : DOOX	::00	16
IPv6 Address Lifetime : (minutes)		

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

# **Advanced Category**

This section allows the user to configure the more advanced features that can be done by this router. Features like **Port Forwarding, Firewall** settings, Quality of Service settings and more.

<b>D-Lini</b>	٢						
DIR-645		SETUP	ADVANCED	TOOLS		STATUS	SUPPORT
VIRTUAL SERVER	VIR	TUAL SERVER					Helpful Hints
PORT FORWARDING	The	Virtual Server optio	n allows you to define a singl	e public port o	n your router fo	or redirection to	Check the
APPLICATION RULES		nternal LAN IP Addr ices such as FTP or	ess and Private LAN port if re	quired. This fea	ature is useful f	for hosting online	Application Name dro down menu for a list of
QOS ENGINE			t Save Settings				predefined server types If you select one of the
NETWORK FILTER		ive settings		predefined server types,			
ACCESS CONTROL	24	VIRTUAL SERVE	next to the drop down				
WEBSITE FILTER	Rom	naining number of ru		menu to fill out the corresponding field.			
PARENTAL CONTROL	Kell	laining number of re	lies that can be created, 24				You can select a     computer from the list of
INBOUND FILTER				Port	Traffic Type		DHCP clients in the
FIREWALL SETTINGS		Name	Application name	Public Port	Protocol Both	Schedule Always	Computer Name drop down menu, or you can
ROUTING		IP Address		Private Port		Inbound Filter	manually enter the IP address of the compute
ADVANCED WIRELESS			< Computer Name			Allow All 💌	at which you would like to open the specified
WI-FI PROTECTED SETUP		Name	<	Public Port	Protocol Both 💌	Schedule Always	<ul> <li>port.</li> <li>Select a schedule for when the virtual server</li> </ul>
ADVANCED NETWORK		IP Address	Computer Name	Private Port		Inbound Filter	will be enabled. If you on not see the schedule you need in the list of

# **Virtual Server**

This router can be configured as a virtual server so that remote users accessing Web or FTP services via the public IP address can be automatically redirected to local servers in the LAN (Local Area Network). The router's firewall feature filters out unrecognized packets to protect the LAN network so all computers networked with the router are invisible to the outside world. The user can make some of the LAN computers accessible from the Internet by enabling Virtual Server.

#### VIRTUAL SERVER

The Virtual Server option allows you to define a single public port on your router for redirection to an internal LAN IP Address and Private LAN port if required. This feature is useful for hosting online services such as FTP or Web Servers.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

Depending on the requested service, the router redirects the external service request to the appropriate server within the LAN network. The router is also capable of port-redirection, meaning that incoming traffic to a particular port may be redirected to a different port on the server computer.

- **Checkbox:** Check the box on the left side to enable the Virtual Server rule.
  - Name: Enter a name for the rule or select an application from the drop-down menu. Select an application and click << to populate the fields.
- **IP Address:** Enter the IP address of the computer on your local network that you want to allow the incoming service to. If your computer is receiving an IP address automatically from the router (DHCP), you computer will be listed in the Computer Name drop-down menu. Select your computer and click <<.

#### 24 - VIRTUAL SERVERS LIST

Remaining number of rules that can be created: 24

		Port	Traffic Type	
Name	<	Public Port	Protocol Both 💌	Schedule Always
IP Address	Computer Name	Private Port		Inbound Filter
Name	<< Application name	Public Port	Protocol Both	Schedule Always
IP Address	< Computer Name	Private Port		Inbound Filter Allow All

**Port:** Enter the port that you want to open next to Public Port and Private Port. The public and private ports are usually the same. The public port is the port seen from the Internet side, and the private port is the port being used by the application on the computer within your local network.

Traffic Type: Select TCP, UDP, or All from the Protocol drop-down menu.

Schedule: Use the drop-down menu to schedule the time that the Virtual Server Rule will be enabled. The schedule may be set to Always, which will allow the particular service to always be enabled. You can create your own times in the Schedules page.

Click on the **Save Settings** button to accept the changes made. Click on the **Don't Save Settings** button to discard the changes made.

# **Port Forwarding**

The Port Forwarding option gives Internet users access to services on your LAN. This feature is useful for hosting online services such as FTP, Web or game servers. For each entry, you define a public port on your router for redirection to an internal LAN IP Address and LAN port. This option is used to open multiple ports or a range of ports in your router and redirect data through those ports to a single PC on your network. This feature allows you to enter ports in the format, Port Ranges (100-150),

Individual Ports (80, 68, 888), or Mixed (1020-5000, 689). This option is only applicable to the INTERNET session.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

- **Checkbox:** Tick the checkbox on the left side to enable the Port Forwarding rule.
  - Name: Enter a name for the rule or select an application from the drop-down menu. Select an application and click << to populate the fields.
- **IP Address:** Enter the IP address of the computer on your local network that you want to allow the incoming service to. If your computer is receiving an IP address automatically from the router (DHCP), you computer will be listed in the Computer Name drop-down menu. Select your computer and click <<.

24	24 PORT FORWARDING RULES					
Ren	Remaining number of rules that can be created: 24					
			Ports to Open			
	Name	<	ТСР	Schedule Always 💌		
	IP Address	Computer Name	UDP	Inbound Filter		
	Name	<< Application Name	ТСР	Schedule Always 💌		
	IP Address	Computer Name	UDP	Inbound Filter		

- **Ports to Open:** Enter the external port number in the appropriate space provided. If the port number is TCP then enter the number in the TCP space, and if the port number is UDP than enter it in the UDP space.
  - Schedule: Use the drop-down menu to schedule the time that the Port Forwarding rule will be enabled. The schedule may be set to Always, which will allow the particular service to always be enabled. You can create your own times in the Schedules page.
- Inbound Filter: Select the inbound filter rule here. Options to choose from are Allow All, Deny All, and any other custom rule created.

Click on the **Save Settings** button to accept the changes made. Click on the **Don't Save Settings** button to discard the changes made.

#### PORT FORWARDING

This option is used to open multiple ports or a range of ports in your router and redirect data through those ports to a single PC on your network. This feature allows you to enter ports in the format, Port Ranges (100-150), Individual Ports (80, 68, 888), or Mixed (1020-5000, 689). This option is only applicable to the INTERNET session.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

# **Application Rules**

Some applications require multiple connections, such as Internet gaming, video conferencing, Internet telephony and others. These applications have difficulties working through NAT (Network Address Translation). Special Applications makes some of these applications work with the router. If you need to run applications that require multiple connections, specify the port normally associated with an application in the "Trigger Port" field, select the protocol type as TCP or UDP, then enter the firewall (public) ports associated with the trigger port to open them for inbound traffic.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

- **Checkbox:** Check the box on the left side to enable the Application Rule.
  - **Name:** Enter a name for the rule. You may select a predefined application from the Application drop-down menu and click <<.
- **Application:** Displays a list of predefined application to use in the rules.
- **Port (Trigger):** This is the port used to trigger the application. It can be either a single port or a range of ports.
- **Port (Firewall):** This is the port number on the Internet side that will be used to access the application. You may define a single port or a range of ports. You can use a comma to add multiple ports or port ranges.

**Traffic Type:** Select the protocol of the firewall port (TCP, UDP, or All).

Schedule: The schedule of time when the Application Rule will be enabled. The schedule may be set to Always, which will allow the particular service to always be enabled. You can create your own times in the Schedules page.

Click on the **Save Settings** button to accept the changes made. Click on the **Don't Save Settings** button to discard the changes made.

#### APPLICATION RULES

32 -- APPLICATION RULES

The Application Rules option is used to open single or multiple ports in your firewall when the router senses data sent to the Internet on an outgoing "Trigger" port or port range. Special Application rules apply to all computers on your internal network.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

	ATTEICATION	IOEE0			
Remai	ining number of ru	les that can be created: 32			
			Port	Traffic Type	Schedule
	Name	Application	Trigger	All	
		<< Application Name	Firewall	All	Always 💌
	Name	Application	Trigger	All	
		<	Firewall	All 💌	Always 💌

# **QoS Engine**

The QoS Engine option helps improve your network gaming performance by prioritizing applications. By default the QoS Engine settings are disabled and application priority is not classified automatically. The QoS section contains a queuing mechanism, traffic shaping and classification. It supports two kinds of queuing mechanisms. Strict Priority Queue (SPQ) and Weighted Fair Queue (WFQ). SPQ will process traffic based on traffic priority. Queue1 has the highest priority and Queue4 has the lowest priority. WFQ will process traffic based on the queue weight. Users can configure each queue's weight. The sum of all the queue's weight must be 100. When surfing the Internet, the system will do traffic shaping based on the uplink and downlink speed. The classification rules can be used to classify traffic to different queues, then SPQ or WFQ will do QoS based on the queue's priority or weight.

- **Enable QoS:** This option is disabled by default. Enable this option for better performance and experience with online games and other interactive applications, such as VoIP.
- **Uplink Speed:** The speed at which data can be transferred from the router to your ISP. This is determined by your ISP. ISP's often define speed as a download/upload pair. For example, 1.5Mbits/284Kbits. Using this example, you would enter 284. Alternatively you can test your uplink speed with a service such as www.dslreports.com.
- **Downlink Speed:** The speed at which data can be transferred from the ISP to the router. This is determined by your ISP. ISP's often define speed as a download/upload pair. For example, 1.5Mbits/284Kbits.

	Enable QoS :	$\checkmark$				
	Uplink Speed :	2048 k	:bps <<	Select Tran	smissio	n Rate 💌
	Downlink Speed:	8192 k	:bps <<	Select Tran	smissio	n Rate 💌
	Queue Type :	C Strict Pri	iority Que	ue 🖲 Weig	ghted F	air Queue
eue ID			Queue	Weight		
	1				40	%
	2				30	%
	3				20	%
	4				10	%

Using this example, you would enter 1500. Alternatively you can test your downlink speed with a service such as www. dslreports.com.

- Queue Type: Here the user can specify the queue type used. When choosing the option Strict Priority Queue, the router will apply QoS based on the internal specification for the queue ID's listed. When choosing the option Weight Fair Queue, the router will apply QoS based on the user defined percentage in the Queue Weight column.
  - Queue ID: In this column the Queue ID used will be displayed.
- **Queue Priority:** In this column the Queue Priority used will be displayed.
- Queue Weight: After choosing to use the Weight Fair Queue option, under Queue Type, the user will be able to manual enter the Queue Weight for each individual Queue ID.

After specifying the QoS framework used, in the QoS setup section, the user can now create individual rules for scenarios that require the use of traffic control and data priority manipulation.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

**Checkbox:** Tick this option to enable the rule specified.

- **Name:** Enter a custom name for the rule being created here. This name is used for identification.
- Queue ID: Select the appropriate priority requirement from the drop-down menu that will be applied to this rule. Option to choose from are Highest, Higher, Normal, and Best Effort.
- **Protocol:** Select the protocol used for the application for in the drop-down menu and it will automatically place it in the Protocol field.
- Local IP Range: Enter the local IP range used here. This is the IP range of you Local Area Network. The Router's IP cannot be included in this range.
  - Remote IPEnter the remote IP range used here. This is theRange:IP range of the public network from the InternetPort side. To apply this rule to any IP addressesfrom the public side, enter the range 0.0.0.1 to255.255.255.254.

Application Port: Enter the application port number used here.

Click on the **Save Settings** button to accept the changes made. Click on the **Don't Save Settings** button to discard the changes made.

32 CLASSIFICATION RULES							
Rem	Remaining number of rules that can be created: 18						
	Name Youtube	Queue ID 1 - Highest	Protocol TCP << ALL 💌				
<b>V</b>	Local IP Range	to	Application Port YOUTUBE				
	Remote IP Range	to	<< ALL				
	Name Google_talk	Queue ID 1 - Highest	Protocol TCP << ALL 💌				
<b>V</b>	Local IP Range	to	Application Port				
	Remote IP Range	to	<< ALL				

#### QOS SETTINGS

Use this section to configure D-Link's QoS Engine powered by QoS Engine<sup>™</sup> Technology. This QoS Engine improves your online gaming experience by ensuring that your game traffic is prioritized over other network traffic, such as FTP or Web.For best performance, use the Automatic Classification option to automatically set the priority for your applications.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

### **Network Filter**

The MAC (Media Access Controller) Address filter option is used to control network access based on the MAC Address of the network adapter. A MAC address is a unique ID assigned by the manufacturer of the network adapter. This feature can be configured to ALLOW or DENY network/ Internet access.

In the MAC Filtering Rules section, the user can create and edit Network filter rules. This maximum amount of rules that can be created are 24 rules.

#### The following parameters will be available for configuration:

- Configure MACSelect Turn MAC Filtering OFF, Turn MAC FilteringFiltering below:ON and ALLOW computers listed to access the<br/>network, or Turn MAC Filtering ON and DENY<br/>computers listed to access the network from the<br/>drop-down menu.
  - **Checkbox:** Check the box on the left side to enable the Network Filter.
  - MAC Address: Enter the MAC address you would like to use in this filtering rule.
- **DHCP Client List:** Select a DHCP client from the Computer Name drop-down menu and click << to copy that MAC Address.
  - Schedule: The schedule of time when the Network Filter will be enabled. The schedule may be set to Always, which will allow the particular service to always be enabled. Click the New Schedule button to create your own times in the Schedules page.

Click on the **Save Settings** button to accept the changes made. Click on the **Don't Save Settings** button to discard the changes made.

24 1	24 MAC FILTERING RULES						
Configure MAC Filtering below:							
Remaining number of rules that can be created: 24							
	MAC Address		DHCP Client	List	5	Schedule	
		<<	Computer Name	▼	Always 💌	New Schedule	
		<<	Computer Name	▼	Always 💌	New Schedule	
		<<	Computer Name	▼	Always 💌	New Schedule	
		<<	Computer Name	▼	Always 💌	New Schedule	
		<<	Computer Name	•	Always 💌	New Schedule	

#### MAC ADDRESS FILTER

The MAC (Media Access Controller) Address filter option is used to control network access based on the MAC Address of the network adapter. A MAC address is a unique ID assigned by the manufacturer of the network adapter. This feature can be configured to ALLOW or DENY network/Internet access.

### **Access Control**

The Access Control option allows you to control access in and out of your network. Use this feature as Access Controls to only grant access to approved sites, limit web access based on time or dates, and/or block internet access for applications like P2P utilities or games.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

- Enable Access Tick this option to enable the Access Control Control: feature.
  - Add Policy: Click on this button to add a new Access Control Policy.

After clicking on the Add Policy button, the add policy wizard will guide you through the step-by-step process in adding a new policy. The first window explains the process.

Throughout this wizard the user will be able to:

Click on the **Prev** button to return to the previous window.

Click on the Next button to continue to the next window.

Click on the **Cancel** button to discard the changes made and return to the main Access Control window.

**Step 1:** In the first step, the user can enter the policy name used.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

**Policy Name:** Enter the new policy name used for this rule here.

ACCESS CONTROL	
Enable Access Control:	
	Add Policy

ADD NEW POLICY						
This wizard will guide you through the following steps to add a new policy for Access Control.						
Step 1 - Choose a unique name for your policy						
Step 2 - Select a schedule						
Step 3 - Select the machine to which this policy applies						
Step 4 - Select filtering method						
Step 5 - Select filters						
Step 6 - Configure Web Access Logging						
Prev Next Save Cancel						
STEP 1: CHOOSE POLICY NAME						
Choose a unique name for your policy.						
Policy Name :						
Prev Next Save Cancel						

**Step 2:** In the second step, the user can configure the schedule settings for this rule.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

**Details:** Select the appropriate predefined schedule rule to apply to this rule from the drop-down menu.

**Step 3:** In the third step, the user can configure the address type and IP address of the machines used in this rule.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

- Address Type: Specify a machine with its IP or MAC address, or select 'Other Machines' for machines that do not have a policy.
  - **IP Address:** After selecting the IP address type, the user can enter the IP address of the machines used in this rule here. Alternatively, the user can select a Computer from the Computer Name list.

Machine After selecting the MAC address type, the user

Address: can enter the MAC address of the machine used in this rule here. Alternatively, the used can select a Computer from the Computer Name list.

Add: Click on this button to add the machine to the list.

**Update:** After clicking the **T** option, the user will be able to update the machine information.

**Delete:** If the user chooses to remove a machine from the list, click on the **or** icon.

**Step 4:** In the fourth step, the user can select the filtering method used for this rule.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

Method: Here the user can select the filtering method used. Options to choose from are 'Log Web Access Only', 'Block All Access', and 'Block Some Access'.

#### STEP 2: SELECT SCHEDULE

#### Choose a schedule to apply to this policy

always 💌
Details : always
Prev Next Save Cancel

#### STEP 3: SELECT MACHINE

#### Select the machine to which this policy applies.

Specify a machine with its IP or MAC address, or select 'Other Machines' for machines that do not have a policy.

Address Type :	IP ◎ MAC ◎ Other Machines			
IP Address :	< Computer Name			
Machine Address :	< Computer Name			
	Clone Your PC's MAC Address			
	Add Cancel			
Machine				
192.168.0.10	e 👔 🕥			
Pre	ev Next Save Cancel			

STEP 4: SELECT FILTERING METHOD					
Select the method	d for filtering.				
	Method :      O Log Web Access Only      Block All Access      Block Some Access				
	Prev Next Save Cancel				

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

- Apply Web Filter: After selecting the 'Block Some Access' option, the user will be able to select this option. Selecting this option will allow the web filter access control feature to be applied to this rule.
- Apply AdvancedAfter selecting the 'Block Some Access' option, the<br/>user will be able to select this option. Selecting this<br/>option will allow the advanced port filters access<br/>control feature to be applied to this rule.

Click on the **Save** button to accept the changes made and return to the main Access Control window.

In the **Policy Table** section a list on access control rules will be displayed.

To edit a specific rule, click on the  $\blacksquare$  icon. To remove a specific rule, click on the  $\bigcirc$  icon.

Method : $\bigcirc$ Log Web Access Only $\textcircled{O}$ Block All Access $\bigcirc$ Block Some Access
Prev Next Save Cancel

Apply Web Filter :							
Prev Next Save Cancel							
POLICY TABLE							
Enable	Policy	Machine	Filtering	Logged	Schedule		
	policy	192.168.0.10	Log Web Access Only	Yes	always	B	8

Method : O Log Wab Access Only O Plack All Access O Plack S

Click on the **Save Settings** button to accept the changes made. Click on the **Don't Save Settings** button to discard the changes made.

#### ACCESS CONTROL

Save Settings

The Access Control option allows you to control access in and out of your network. Use this feature as Access Controls to only grant access to approved sites, limit web access based on time or dates, and/or block internet access for applications like P2P utilities or games.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

Don't Save Settings

TED A: SELECT ETL TERING METHOD

### Website Filter

Website Filters are used to allow you to set up a list of Web sites that can be viewed by multiple users through the network.

Website Filter is used to allow or deny computers on your network from accessing specific web sites by keywords or specific Domain Names. Select 'ALLOW computers access to ONLY these sites' in order only allow computers on your network to access the specified URLs and Domain Names. 'DENY computers access to ONLY these sites' in order deny computers on your network to access the specified URLs and Domain Names.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

Website URL/ Enter the URL or Domain name that you want to **Domain:** allow or block here.

An example of an URL is: http://www.facebook. com/

An example of a domain name is: facebook.com

Click on the **Clear the list below...** button to remove all the entries from the spaces in the list.

40 WEBSITE FILTERING RULES
Configure Website Filter below:          DENY computers access to ONLY these sites         Clear the list below
Website URL/Domain

Click on the **Save Settings** button to accept the changes made. Click on the **Don't Save Settings** button to discard the changes made.

#### WEBSITE FILTER

The Website Filter option allows you to set up a list of Web sites you would like to allow or deny through your network. To use this feature, you must also select the "Apply Web Filter" checkbox in the Access Control section.

### **Parental Control**

Parental control is a free security option that provides Anti-Phishing to protect your Internet connection from fraud and navigation improvements such as auto-correction of common URL types.

#### The following parameters will be available for configuration:

- Advanced DNS: Select this option to enable a fast and reliable DNS with minimal blocking of phishing sites only. No OpenDNS account required.
  - **FamilyShield:** Select this option to enable a fast and reliable DNS with non-configurable blocking of sites that are inappropriate or risky for children. No OpenDNS account required.
- Parental Control: Select this option to enable a fast and reliable DNS with configurable content filtering and phishing protection. This option includes an OpenDNS account. Click on the 'Register your device' link to navigate to the OpenDNS account website, where you can either login (if you have an existing account) or you can register a new OpenDNS account. After the registration, a new link will appear, called 'Configuration of OpenDNS settings', where the user can freely configure their OpenDNS account to their liking.
  - None: Select this option to enable the option to specify the DNS servers provided via DHCP by their ISP or their own preferred DNS servers.

Click on the **Save Settings** button to accept the changes made. Click on the **Don't Save Settings** button to discard the changes made.

#### PARENTAL CONTROL SERVICE

Parental control is a free security option that provides Anti-Phishing to protect your Internet connection from fraud and navigation improvements such as auto-correction of common URL types.

#### Advanced DNS

Faster, more reliable Internet browsing.

FamilyShield

Automatic blocking of malware, phishing and adult web sites using OpenDNSR FamliyShield. Includes Advanced DNS.

Parental Control

Customizable blocking of malware and phishing sites. Customizable filtering of web content by category. Includes Advanced DNS.

Register your device Configuration of OpenDNS settings

#### None: Static IP or Obtain Automatically From ISP

Users should be allowed to specify the DNS servers provided via DHCP by their ISP or their own preferred DNS servers.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

#### PARENTAL CONTROL

Parental control is a free security option that provides Anti-Phishing to protect your Internet connection from fraud and navigation improvements such as auto-correction of common URL types.

### **Inbound Filter**

The Inbound Filter option is an advanced method of controlling data received from the Internet. With this feature you can configure inbound data filtering rules that control data based on an IP address range. Inbound Filters can be used for limiting access to a server on your network to a system or group of systems. Filter rules can be used with Virtual Server, Port Forwarding, or Remote Administration features. The user can add new Inbound filter rule in the next section.

#### The Inhound Filter

INBOUND FILTER

The Inbound Filter option is an advanced method of controlling data received from the Internet. With this feature you can configure inbound data filtering rules that control data based on an IP address range.

Inbound Filters can be used for limiting access to a server on your network to a system or group of systems. Filter rules can be used with Virtual Server, Port Forwarding, or Remote Administration features.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

- Name: The user can enter a custom name for the inbound filter rule here.
- Action: Select an action that will take place when this rule is initiated. Options to choose from are Allow and Deny.
- **Enable:** Tick this option to enable the specified IP range for this rule.
- **Remote IP Start:** Enter the remote starting IP address here in the range.
- **Remote IP End:** Enter the remote ending IP address here in the range.
  - Add: Click this button to add the new inbound filter rule.
  - **Cancel:** Click this button to discard the new inbound filter rule.

In the **Inbound Filter Rules List** section, the user can view a list of the inbound filter rules already created. To edit a specific rule, click on the filter. The delete a specific rule, click on the filter.

#### ADD INBOUND FILTER RULE

Name :			
Action :	Allow	•	
Remote IP Range :	Enable	Remote IP Start	Remote IP End
		0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255
		0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255
		0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255
		0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255
		0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255
		0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255
		0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255
		0.0.0.0	255.255.255.255
	A	dd Cancel	

INBOUND FILTER RULES LIST							
Name	Action	Remote IP Range					
InBound1	allow	192.168.69.1-192.168.69.254	E	T			

### **Firewall Settings**

A firewall protects your network from the outside world. The router offers a firewall type functionality. The SPI feature helps prevent cyber attacks. Sometimes you may want a computer exposed to the outside world for certain types of applications. If you choose to expose a computer, you can enable DMZ. DMZ is short for Demilitarized Zone. This option will expose the chosen computer completely to the outside world.

FIR

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

Enable SPI: Check the Enable SPI box to enable the SPI (Stateful Packet Inspection, also known as dynamic packet filtering) feature. Enabling SPI helps to prevent cyber attacks by tracking more state per session. It validates that the traffic passing through the session conforms to the protocol.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

- UDP Endpoint Select the appropriate NAT UDP endpoint Filtering: filtering method here. Options to choose from are 'Endpoint Independent', 'Address Restricted', and 'Port And Address Restricted'.
- TCP Endpoint Select the appropriate NAT TCP endpoint filtering Filtering: method here. Options to choose from are 'Endpoint Independent', 'Address Restricted', and 'Port And Address Restricted'.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

**Enable anti**- Tick this option to enable the anti-spoof checking **spoof checking:** feature.

EWALL SETTINGS	

Enable SPI : 📄

NAT ENDPOINT FILTERING	
UDP Endpoint Filtering:	<ul> <li>Endpoint Independent</li> <li>Address Restricted</li> <li>Port And Address Restricted</li> </ul>
TCP Endpoint Filtering :	<ul> <li>Endpoint Independent</li> <li>Address Restricted</li> <li>Port And Address Restricted</li> </ul>

#### ANTI-SPOOF CHECKING

Enable anti-spoof checking :

Firewall rules can be used to allow or deny traffic passing through the router. You can specify a single port by utilizing the input box at the top or a range of ports by utilizing both input boxes. DMZ means "Demilitarized Zone". DMZ allows computers behind the router firewall to be accessible to Internet traffic. Typically, your DMZ would contain Web servers, FTP servers and others.

#### The following parameters will be available for configuration:

- **Enable DMZ:** Tick this option to enable the DMZ feature.
- DMZ IP Address: Enter the IP address of the computer on the LAN that you want to have unrestricted Internet communication in the DMZ IP address field. To specify an existing DHCP client, use the Computer Name drop-down to select the computer that you want to make a DMZ host. If selecting a computer that is a DHCP client, be sure to make a static reservation in the Setup > Network Settings page so that the IP address of the DMZ machine does not change.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

- **PPTP:** Tick this option to allow PPTP access to the LAN network.
- **IPSec (VPN):** Tick this option to allow IPSec (VPN) access to the LAN network.
  - **RSTP:** Tick this option to allow RSTP access to the LAN network.
    - **SIP:** Tick this option to allow SIP access to the LAN network.

Click on the **Save Settings** button to accept the changes made. Click on the **Don't Save Settings** button to discard the changes made.

#### DMZ HOST

The DMZ (Demilitarized Zone) option lets you set a single computer on your network outside of the router. If you have a computer that cannot run Internet applications successfully from behind the router, then you can place the computer into the DMZ for unrestricted Internet access.

Note: Putting a computer in the DMZ may expose that computer to a variety of security risks. Use of this option is only recommended as a last resort.

Enable DMZ :			
DMZ IP Address :		<<	
	Computer Name	<b>T</b>	

APPLICATION LEVEL GATEWAY (ALG) CONFIGURATION	
РРТР :	
IPSec (VPN) :	
RTSP :	
SIP :	
Save Settings Don't Save Settings	

#### FIREWALL & DMZ SETTINGS

Firewall rules can be used to allow or deny traffic passing through the router. You can specify a single port by utilizing the input box at the top or a range of ports by utilizing both input boxes.

DMZ means "Demilitarized Zone". DMZ allows computers behind the router firewall to be accessible to Internet traffic. Typically, your DMZ would contain Web servers, FTP servers and others.

### Routing

The Routing option is an advanced method of customizing specific routes of data through your network.

In the Routing List section, the user can configure routing rules used by this router. The maximum amount of rules that can be configured is 32.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

**Checkbox:** To enable a route, check the box that is on the left side of the route.

Name: Enter a name for the rule used here.

- **Destination IP:** Enter the IP address of the packets that will take this route.
  - **Netmask:** Enter the netmask to specify the subnet of the IP packets that will take this route.
  - **Gateway:** Enter the next hop that will be taken if this route is used.
    - Metric: Enter the metric value that this route will use here.

32	ROUTE LIST			
Rem	naining number of rules tha	t can be created: 32		
			Metric	Interface
	Name	Destination IP		
	Netmask	Gateway	1	WAN ()
	Name	Destination IP		
	Netmask	Gateway	1	WAN ()

**Interface:** Use the drop-down menu to specify if the IP packet must use the WAN or LAN interface to transit out of the Router.

Click on the **Save Settings** button to accept the changes made. Click on the **Don't Save Settings** button to discard the changes made.

ROUTING	
The Routing option allows you to define static routes to specific destinations.	
Save Settings Don't Save Settings	

### **Advanced Wireless**

These options are for users that wish to change the behavior of their 802.11n wireless radio from the standard settings. We do not recommend changing these settings from the factory defaults. Incorrect settings may impact the performance of your wireless radio. The default settings should provide the best wireless radio performance in most environments.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

- Wireless Band: Here the user can view the wireless frequency band being configured. In the case 2.4GHz.
- Transmit Power: This option sets the transmit power of the antennas.
- **Beacon Period:** Beacons are packets sent by an Access Point to synchronize a wireless network. Specify a value. 100 is the default setting and is recommended.
- **RTS Threshold:** Here the user can enter the RTS threshold value used. This value should remain at its default setting of 2346. If inconsistent data flow is a problem, only a minor modification should be made.
- **Fragmentation:** The fragmentation threshold, which is specified in bytes, determines whether packets will be fragmented. Packets exceeding the 2346 byte setting will be fragmented before transmission. 2346 is the default setting.

ADVANCED WIRELESS SETTINGS	
Wireless Band :	2.4GHz Band
Transmit Power :	100% 💌
Beacon period :	100 (msec, range: 20~1000, default: 100)
RTS Threshold :	2346 (range: 256~2346, default: 2346)
Fragmentation :	
	only)
DTIM interval :	1 (range: 1~255, default: 1)
WMM Enable :	<b>V</b>
Short GI:	
Save Settings Don't Save Settings	]

**DTIM Interval:** Here the user can enter the DTIM Interval value. Delivery Traffic Indication Message (DTIM) is a countdown informing clients of the next window for listening to broadcast and multicast messages. The default settings is 1.

WMM Enable: Check this box to enable the WMM feature.

Short GI: Check this box to reduce the guard interval time therefore increasing the data capacity. However, it's less reliable and may create higher data loss.

Click on the **Save Settings** button to accept the changes made. Click on the **Don't Save Settings** button to discard the changes made.

#### ADVANCED WIRELESS SETTINGS

These options are for users that wish to change the behavior of their 802.11n wireless radio from the standard settings. We do not recommend changing these settings from the factory defaults. Incorrect settings may impact the performance of your wireless radio. The default settings should provide the best wireless radio performance in most environments.

### Wi-Fi Protected Setup

Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) System is a simplified method for securing your wireless network during the "Initial setup" as well as the "Add New Device" processes. The Wi-Fi Alliance (WFA) has certified it across different products as well as manufactures. The process is just as easy, as depressing a button for the Push-Button Method or correctly entering the 8-digit code for the Pin-Code Method. The time reduction in setup and ease of use are quite beneficial, while the highest wireless Security setting of WPA2 is automatically used.

In the Wi-Fi Protected Setup section, the user can enable the WPS feature of this router.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

Enable:	Tick	this	option	to	enable	the	Wi-Fi	Protected
	Setu	p fea	ture.					

WiFi Protected This parameter displays the WPS setup status. Setup:

Lock Wireless Tick this option to lock the configured wireless Security security settings. Settings:

WI-FI PROTECTED SETUP
Enable : 🔽
WiFi Protected Setup : Enabled / Configured
Lock Wireless Security Settings :
Reset to Unconfigured

In the PIN Settings section, the user not only will be able to view the PIN code, but will also be able to reset the PIN to default or to generate a new PIN code. A PIN is a unique number that can be used to add the router to an existing network or to create a new network. The default PIN may be printed on the bottom of the router. For extra security, a new PIN can be generated. You can restore the default PIN at any time. Only the Administrator ("admin" account) can change or reset the PIN.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

- PIN: Shows the current value of the router's PIN.
- **Reset PIN to** Click this button to restore the default PIN of the **Default:** router.
- **Generate New** Click this button to create a random number that **PIN:** is a valid PIN. This becomes the router's PIN. You
  - can then copy this PIN to the user interface of the registrar.

Click the '**Connect your Wireless Device**' button to start Wireless Connection Setup Wizard. This wizard helps you add wireless devices to the wireless network.

PIN: 10186718           Reset PIN to Default         Generate New PIN

ADD WIRELESS STATION	
	Connect your Wireless Device
Save Settings Don't Save Settings	

**Step 1:** In this step the user have two options to choose from. You can choose **Auto** if the wireless client supports WPS, or **Manual** if the wireless client does not support WPS.

Click on the **Prev** button to return to the previous page. Click on the **Next** button to continue to the next page. Click on the **Cancel** button to discard the changes made and return to the main wireless page.

**Step 2:** After selecting Auto, the following page will appear. There are two ways to add a wireless device, that supports WPS. Firstly, there is the Personal Identification Number (**PIN**) method. Using this method will prompt the user to enter a PIN code. This PIN code should be identical on the wireless client. Secondly, there is the Push Button Configuration (**PBC**) method. Using this method will allow the wireless client to connect to this device by similarly pressing the PBC button on it.

Click on the **Prev** button to return to the previous page. Click on the **Next** button to continue to the next page. Click on the **Cancel** button to discard the changes made and return to the main wireless page.

**Step 2:** After selecting **Manual**, the following page will appear. On this page to user can view the wireless configuration of this router. The wireless clients should configure their wireless settings to be identical to the settings displayed on this page for a successful connection. This option is for wireless clients that can't use the WPS method to connect to this device.

Click on the **Prev** button to return to the previous page. Click on the **Next** button to continue to the next page. Click on the **Cancel** button to discard the changes made and return to the main wireless page. Click on the **Wireless Status** button to navigate to the Status > Wireless page to view what wireless client are connected to this device.



STEP 2: CONNECT YOUR WIRELESS DEVICE
There are two ways to add wireless device to your wireless network: -PIN (Personal Identification Number) -PBC (Push Button Configuration)
<pre> ø pin : </pre>
please enter the PIN from your wireless device and click the below "Connect" Button within 120 seconds
◎ РВС
please press the push button on your wireless device and click the below "Connect" Button within 120 seconds
Prev Next Cancel Connect

#### **STEP 2: CONNECT YOUR WIRELESS DEVICE**

Below is a detailed summary of your wireless security settings. Please print this page out, or write the information on a piece of paper, so you can configure the correct settings on your wireless client adapters.

2.4 Ghz Frequency		
SSID: dlink		
Security Mode: None		
	Prev Next Cancel Wireless Status	

### **Advanced Network**

This section contains settings which can change the way the router handles certain types of traffic. We recommend that you not change any of these settings unless you are already familiar with them or have been instructed to change them by one of our support personnel.

#### <u>UPnP</u>

UPnP is short for Universal Plug and Play which is a networking architecture that provides compatibility among networking equipment, software, and peripherals. The device is a UPnP enabled router, meaning it will work with other UPnP devices/software. If you do not want to use the UPnP functionality, it can be disabled by selecting "Disabled".

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

**Enable UPnP:** Tick this option to enable the UPnP feature of the router.

UPNP	
Universal Plug and devices.	Play(UPnP) supports peer-to-peer Plug and Play functionality for network
	Enable UPnP : 📝

#### WAN Ping

When you Enable WAN Ping response, you are causing the public WAN (Wide Area Network) IP address on the device to respond to ping commands sent by Internet users. Pinging public WAN IP addresses is a common method used by hackers to test whether your WAN IP address is valid.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

**Enable WAN** Tick this option to enable the WAN Ping Response **Ping Response:** option of the router.

WAN PING	
If you enable this feature, the WAN port of your router will respond to ping requests from the Internet that are sent to the WAN IP Address.	
Enable WAN Ping Response :	

#### WAN Port Speed

This allows you to select the speed of the WAN interface of the router. Option to choose from are Auto 10/100/1000Mbps, 10Mbps, 100Mbps, or 1000Mbps.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

WAN Port Speed: You may set the port speed of the Internet port to Auto 10/100/1000Mbps, 10Mbps, 100Mbps, or 1000Mbps. Some older cable or DSL modems may require you to set the port speed to 10Mbps.

WAN PORT SPEED			
WAN Port Speed : Auto 10/100/1000Mbps			

#### **Multicast Streams**

This section enables the user to allow Multicast traffic to pass from the Internet to your network more efficiently.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

Enable Multicast Streams: Enable this option if you are receiving video on demand type of service from the Internet. The router uses the IGMP protocol to support efficient multicasting transmission of identical content, such as multimedia, from a source to a number of recipients. This option must be enabled if any applications on the LAN participate in a multicast group. If you have a multimedia LAN application that is not receiving content as expected, try enabling this option.

#### MULTICAST STREAMS

Enable Multicast Streams : 📝

#### <u>EEE</u>

The goal of Energy Efficient Ethernet (EEE) is to reduce Ethernet power consumption by 50 percent or more. Energy Efficient Ethernet (EEE), also known as IEEE 802.3az, is a set of enhancements to the twisted-pair and backplane Ethernet networking standards that will allow for less power consumption during periods of low data activity.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

**Enable EEE:** Tick this option to enable the Energy Efficient Ethernet (EEE) feature.

EEE
The goal of Energy Efficient Ethernet(EEE) is to reduce Ethernet power consumption by 50 percent or more.
Enable EEE :
Save Settings Don't Save Settings

Click on the **Save Settings** button to accept the changes made. Click on the **Don't Save Settings** button to discard the changes made.

#### ADVANCED NETWORK SETTINGS

These options are for users that wish to change the LAN settings. We do not recommend changing these settings from factory default. Changing these settings may affect the behavior of your network.

### **DLNA Settings**

DLNA (Digital Living Network Alliance) is the standard for the interoperability of Network Media Devices (NMDs). The user can enjoy multi-media applications (music, pictures and videos) on your network connected PC or media devices. If you agree to share media with devices, any computer or device that connects to your network can play your shared music, pictures and videos.

Note: The shared media may not be secure. Allowing any devices to stream is recommended only on secure networks.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

- Name your Enter the name of your media library here. This media library: name will be visible to all the DLNA players on the network.
  - **Folder:** Simply tick the **root** option, to use the root directory of the storage device plugged into the USB port of the router. To use a specific folder on the storage device, click on the **Browse** button and navigate to the specific folder. Click on the **Apply** button to choose the folder.

#### MEDIA SEVER SETTINGS

/	Share media libraries with devices
	If you agree to share media with devices, any computer or device that connects to your network can play your shared music, pictures and videos.
	NOTE: The shared media may not be secure. Allowing any devices to stream is recommended only on secure networks.

Name your media library:	DIR645_DMS
Folder:	🔲 root
	/ Browse

Save Settings Don't Save Settings



Click on the **Save Settings** button to accept the changes made. Click on the **Don't Save Settings** button to discard the changes made.

#### **DLNA SETTINGS**

DLNA (Digital Living Network Alliance) is the standard for the interoperability of Network Media Devices (NMDs). The user can enjoy multi-media applications (music, pictures and videos) on your network connected PC or media devices.

Save Settings | Don't Save Settings | Refresh

### **iTunes Server**

The router features an iTunes Server. This server provides the ability to share music and videos to computers on the local network running iTunes. If the server is enabled, the router will be automatically detected by the iTunes program and the music and videos contained in the specified directory will be available to stream over the network.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

iTunes Server: Select to enable or disable the iTunes server.

Folder: Specifies the folder or directory that will be shared by the iTunes server. Select root to share all files on all volumes, or click **Browse** to select a specific folder.

Click on the **Save Settings** button to accept the changes made. Click on the **Don't Save Settings** button to discard the changes made.

ITUNES SERVER SETTING	GS
iTunes Server:	enable
Folder:	🔲 root
	/ Browse
Save Settings Don't Save	e Settings

ITUNES SERVER SETTINGS				
Configure iTunes Server settings for streaming music directly to clients running iTunes software.				
Save Settings Don't Save Settings				

After enabling the iTunes server on the router, launch iTunes. In your iTunes utility, select the router and enter the iTunes server password if required.

Music       ✓ Learn To Live       7:29       Architects       The Here And Now       Hardcore         Movies       ✓ When Two Are One       8:36       Atreyu       Lead Salis Paper Anc       Rock         T V Shows       ✓ Kälmessuma       9:01       Battlelore       Dombound       Power Folk         P Podcasts       ✓ Breath       7:13       Breaking Benjamin       Phobia       Rock         Market       Viou Fight Me       6:30       Breaking Benjamin       Phobia       Rock         ORE       ✓ Hearts Burst into Fire       9:23       Bullet For My Valenti       Scream Aim Fire (Jap       Metal         ORE       ✓ Change In the House of Files)       5:00       Dettones       Queen of the Damn       Soundtrack         © Ping       ✓ World Around Me       5:09       Escape The Fate       Escape The Fate       Scape The Fate         Ø Uddradowid Around Me       5:09       Escape The Fate       Escape The Fate       Voide To Market         Ø Udgrtoning Crashes       Contin       Live       Throwing Copper       Blues         Ø Udgrtoning Crashes       Contin       Live       Throwing Copper       Blues         Ø Udgrton Fe Fate       4:57       My Chemical Romance       Danger Days: The Tr <th>(•) (•) (•)</th> <th><u></u> → →</th> <th>Ś</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>earch Play</th>	(•) (•) (•)	<u></u> → →	Ś				earch Play
Movies       ✓ When Two Are One       8.36       Attreyu       Lead Salis Paper Anc       Rock.         IV Yows       ✓ Killemessuma       901       Battleoire       Dombound       Power Folk         Podcasts       ✓ Breath       7.13       Breaking Benjamin       Phobia       Rock.         V You Fight Me       6.30       Breaking Benjamin       Phobia       Rock.         ITURE       ✓ You Fight Me       6.30       Breaking Benjamin       Phobia       Rock.         ITURES Store       ✓ Change (in the House of Files)       500       Deftones       Queen of the Damm       Soundtrack.         ITURES Store       ✓ Routo the Water       4.25       Live       Awake: The Best of L       Pop         ITURES Store       ✓ Run to the Water       4.25       Live       Marge Days: The Tr       Ponk         ITURES Store       ✓ Builtproof Heart       4.57       My Chemical Romance       Danger Days: The Tr       Ponk         ITURES Genius       ✓ The Only Hope For Me Is You       4.33       My Chemical Romance       Danger Days: The Tr       Punk         ITURES Genius       ✓ Save Toursetf, ITI Hold Them Back       3.51       My Chemical Romance       Danger Days: The Tr       Punk         ITURES J <td< th=""><th>IBRARY</th><th>✓ Name</th><th>Time Art</th><th>tist 🔺</th><th>Album</th><th>Genre</th><th>Rating</th></td<>	IBRARY	✓ Name	Time Art	tist 🔺	Album	Genre	Rating
IV Shows       ✓ Källmessuma       901       Battlefore       Dombordum       Pover Folk         IV Shows       ✓ Foreth       7.13       Breaking Benjamin       Phobia       Rock         IV Shows       ✓ You Fight Me       G30       Beraking Benjamin       Phobia       Rock         IV Readio       ✓ You Fight Me       G30       Beraking Benjamin       Phobia       Rock         IV Inservice       ✓ Hearts Burst into Fire       9.23       Bullet For My Valenti       Scream Aim Fire (Jap       Metal         IV Our Fight Me       500       Detnones       Quero of the Damn       Sourent of the Au         IV Our Gardes       ✓ Gorgoous Nightmare       316       Eraop The Fate       Escape The Fate        World Around Me       509       Escape The Fate        Nonectas         IV Diptic Grashes       Continu Uve       Throwing Copper       Blues       Soure for the Is You       433       My Chemical Romance       Danger Days: The T       Punk         IVENUES       ✓ Save YoursKI [II Hidd Item Back       351       My Chemical Romance       Danger Days: The T       Punk         IV	🎵 Music	✓ Learn To Live	7:29 Arc	chitects	The Here And Now	Hardcore	
P Podcasts       ✓ Breath       7:13       Breaking Benjamin       Phobia       Rock         M Radio       ✓ You Fight Me       6:30       Breaking Benjamin       Phobia       Rock         M Radio       ✓ You Fight Me       6:30       Breaking Benjamin       Phobia       Rock         TORE       ✓ Congregous Hightmare       9:30       Dettons       Queen of the Dam       Soundtrack         © Ping       ✓ World Around Me       5:09       Excape The Fate       Escape The Fate       Escape The Fate         World Around Me       5:09       Escape The Fate       Escape The Fate       Escape The Fate       Escape The Fate         @ Direceds       ✓ Updinting Crashes       Contin       Live       Throwing Copper       Blues         ENUUS       ✓ Builtegroof Heart       4:37       My Chemical Romance       Danger Day: The Tr       Punk         V Save Yourset, ITI Hold Hom Back       3:51       My Chemical Romance       Danger Day: The Tr       Punk         © Music       ✓ Sametrime       4:07       My Chemical Romance       Danger Day: The Tr       Punk         © Solitisel Music       ✓ Sometrourset, ITI Hold Hom Back       3:51       My Chemical Romance       Danger Day: The Tr       Punk         © Solitisel Musi	Movies	When Two Are One	8:36 Atr	reyu	Lead Sails Paper Anc	Rock	
✓ You Fight Me       630       Breaking Benjamin       Phobia       Rock         ✓ Radio       ✓ Hearts Burst into Fire       9:23       Buillet For My Valenti.       Stream Aim Fire (Jap., Metal         Image Junct Store       ✓ Change din the House of Files)       500       Deftones       Queen of the Damm       Soundtrack         Image Junct Store       ✓ Gorgeous Nightmare       3:16       Escape The Fate       Escape The Fate       Escape The Fate         Image Junct Store       ✓ Round Around Me       509       Escape The Fate       Escape The Fate       Escape The Fate         Image Junct Store       ✓ Round Around Me       509       Escape The Fate       Escape The Fate       Escape The Fate         Image Junct Store       ✓ Round to the Water       4:25       Live       Awake: The Best of L       Pop         Image Junct Store       ✓ Ughtning Crashes       Contin       Live       Throwing Cooper       Blues         ENUUS       ✓ Save Foursetr, III Hold Them Back       3:51       My Chemical Romance       Danger Days: The Tin       Punk         Inture SD       ✓ The Kids From Yesterday       3:25       My Chemical Romance       Danger Days: The Tin       Punk         Inture SD       ✓ Save Foursetr, III Hold Them Back       3:51       My Chemical Romanc	TV Shows	✓ K酺messurma	9:01 Bat	ttlelore	Doombound	Power Folk	
V       Hearts Burst into Fire       9:23       Bullet For My Valenti       Scream Aim Fire (Jap       Metal         In Tunes Store       V       Hearts Burst into Fire       9:23       Bullet For My Valenti       Scream Aim Fire (Jap       Metal         In Tunes Store       V       Gorgeous Vightmare       3:60       Dettones       Queen of the Dam       Soundtrack         V       Gorgeous Vightmare       3:60       Escape The Fate       Escape The Fate       Escape The Fate       V         V       World Around Me       5:09       Escape The Fate       Escape The Fate       V       V         V       DIRK-615       V       Vulphtning Crashes       Contin       Live       Throwing Copper       Blues         V       Bulletproof Heat       4:57       My Chemical Romance       Danger Days: The Tr       Punk         V       Summertime       4:37       My Chemical Romance       Danger Days: The Tr       Punk         LAYLISTS       V       Summertime       4:07       My Chemical Romance       Danger Days: The Tr       Punk         V       The Kids From Yesterday       5:25       My Chemical Romance       Danger Days: The Tr       Punk         § O'S Music       V       Y amplier Mon	Podcasts	✓ Breath	7:13 Bre	eaking Benjamin	Phobia	Rock	
V     Hearts Burst into Fire     9:23     Bullet For My Valenti     Scream Aim Fire (Jap. Metal       I Turnes Store     V     Change (In the House of Files)     500     Dettones     Quero of the Dam     Soundtrack       V     Gorgeous Mightmare     3:66     Escape The Fate     Escape The Fate     Escape The Fate     Fate       V     World Around Me     509     Ercape The Fate     Escape The Fate     Fate       V     World Around Me     509     Ercape The Fate     Escape The Fate     Fate       V     World Around Me     509     Ercape The Fate     Soundtrack     Pop       V     World Around Me     4:37     My Chemical Romance     Danger Days: The Tr     Punk       V     Uplting Crashes     Continu Live     Danger Days: The Tr     Punk       V     The Only Hope For Me Is You     4:33     My Chemical Romance     Danger Days: The Tr     Punk       LAYLISTS     V     Summertime     4:07     My Chemical Romance     Danger Days: The Tr     Punk       Pi Trunes DJ     V     The Kids From Yesterday     5:25     My Chemical Romance     Danger Days: The Tr     Punk       E     Grassical Music     V     Vample Monely     3:35     My Tore Rath Tore Punks     Rock       <	Radio	✓ You Fight Me	6:30 Bre	eaking Benjamin	Phobia	Rock	
I Tunes Store       ✓ Change (in the House of Fries)       500       Detrones       Quero of the Uamn.       South of the Yours         ✓ Gorgoous Wightmare       316       Excape The Fate       Escape The Fate       Escape The Fate         ✓ Norid Around Me       509       Escape The Fate       Escape The Fate       Escape The Fate         ② DR6.615       ✓ World Around Me       509       Escape The Fate       Escape The Fate         ③ DR6.615       ✓ World Around Me       425       Live       Awake: The Best of L       Pop         ③ DR6.615       ✓ Wightmare       425       Live       Awake: The Best of L       Pop         ③ DR6.615       ✓ Uightming Crashes       Continue.       Throwing Copper       Blues         ● Grunes Div       ✓ The Only Hope For Me Is You       433       My Chemical Romance       Danger Days: The Tr       Punk         ENULY       ✓ Save Yourset; III Hold Them Back       351       My Chemical Romance       Danger Days: The Tr       Punk         © Inues Div       ✓ The Kids From Yesterday       525       Sup Chemical Romance       Danger Days: The Tr       Punk         © Cassical Music       ✓ Vampite Money       350       My Chemical Romance       Danger Days: The Tr       Punk         © My Tope Rueet		✓ Hearts Burst into Fire	9:23 Bu	Illet For My Valenti	Scream Aim Fire (Jap	Metal	
w Gorgeous Nightmare         size Excape Ine Fate         Scape Ine         Scape Ine Fate         Scape Ine         Scape Ine		Change (In the House of Flies)	5:00 De	ftones	Queen of the Damn	Soundtrack	
Wind Arbuind Me     30.9 Exdpt The Fall     Exdpt The Fall       Wind Arbuind Me     30.9 Exdpt The Fall     Exdpt The Fall       Wind Arbuind Me     30.9 Exdpt The Fall     Awake. The Best of L     Pop       Wind Arbuind Me     45.7 My Chemical Romance     Danger Days: The T     Punk       Wind Arbuind Me     45.7 My Chemical Romance     Danger Days: The T     Punk       Wind Arbuind Mee     45.7 My Chemical Romance     Danger Days: The T     Punk       Wind Arbuind Mee     45.7 My Chemical Romance     Danger Days: The T     Punk       Wind Arbuind Y     Save Yourself, Fil Hold Them Back     35.1 My Chemical Romance     Danger Days: The T     Punk       VINTES V     Save Yourself, Fil Hold Them Back     35.1 My Chemical Romance     Danger Days: The T     Punk       Winter SD     V The Kidf For Westerday     52.2 My Chemical Romance     Danger Days: The T     Punk       Works V     Vampire Money     338 My Chemical Romance     Danger Days: The T     Punk       Winter Lis My Mind?     352 Poices     Death To The Paies     SA Rock       W Mare Is My Mind?     352 Poices     Death To The Paies     Rock       W Mare Is My Mind?     352 Springbok Nude Giris     Surpass The Powers     Other       W Mare Is My Mind?     355 Springbok Nude Giris     Surpass The Powers		✓ Gorgeous Nightmare	3:16 Esc	cape The Fate	Escape The Fate		
MARCED     ✓ Lighting Grashes     Contin Live     Throwing Copper     Blues       SetUIS     ✓ Bulletproof Heart     4:57 My Chemical Romance     Danger Days: The Tr     Punk       ③ Grinus     ✓ The Only Hope For Me Is You     4:33 My Chemical Romance     Danger Days: The Tr     Punk       IAVLISTS     ✓ Save Toursett, TII Hold Them Back     3:51 My Chemical Romance     Danger Days: The Tr     Punk       @ If unes DJ     ✓ The Kids From Yesterday     5:25 My Chemical Romance     Danger Days: The Tr     Punk       @ Grinus Live     ✓ Vampire Money     3:38 My Chemical Romance     Danger Days: The Tr     Punk       @ Grinus DJ     ✓ The Kids From Yesterday     5:25 My Chemical Romance     Danger Days: The Tr     Punk       @ Grinus CJ     ✓ Vampire Money     3:38 My Chemical Romance     Danger Days: The Tr     Punk       @ Classical Music     ✓ Vampire Money     3:38 My Chemical Romance     Danger Days: The Tr     Punk       @ My Top Rated     ✓ Solver Is My Mind?     3:52 Pixies     Danger Days: The Tr     Punk       @ My Top Rated     ✓ Bale Eys     3:55 Springbok Nude Girits     Surpass The Powers     Other       @ All Niebfranze Loon ma     7:57     4     All Niebfranze Loon ma     7:57	çQ Ping	✓ World Around Me	5:09 Esc	cape The Fate	Escape The Fate		
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SERVICS     ✓ The Only Hope For Me Is You     4.33     My Chemical Romance     Danger Days: The Tr     Punk       (2)     Same Yourself, Til Hold Them Back     351     My Chemical Romance     Danger Days: The Tr     Punk       VLAYLISTS     ✓ Sumertime     407     My Chemical Romance     Danger Days: The Tr     Punk       PLAYLISTS     ✓ Sumertime     407     My Chemical Romance     Danger Days: The Tr     Punk       P Tune DJ     ✓ The Kids From Yesterday     525     My Chemical Romance     Danger Days: The Tr     Punk       P O's Music     ✓ The Kids From Yesterday     525     My Chemical Romance     Danger Days: The Tr     Punk       P O's Music     ✓ Vampire Money     338     My Chemical Romance     Danger Days: The Tr     Punk       P O Rossical Music     ✓ Lonely Lonely     407     The Harrow     Travellers     SA Rock!       P Music Videos     ✓ Where Is My Mind?     352     Points     Don't You Fake It [D     Rock       P My Top Rated     ✓ Blue Eyes     355     Springbok Nude Girls     Surpass The Powers     Other       P All Nightmark Loop ma     757     All Nightmark Loop ma     757     Part	DIR-645	✓ Lightning Crashes	Contin Live	e	Throwing Copper	Blues	
<sup>★</sup> Inte Only Hope For Me is You <sup>★</sup> Save Yourset; III Hold Them Back <sup>★</sup> Vangite Money <sup>★</sup> Save Yourset; III Hold Them Back <sup>★</sup> Vangite Money <sup>★</sup> Save Yourset; III Hold Them Back <sup>★</sup> Vangite Money <sup>★</sup> Save Yourset; III Hold Them Back <sup>★</sup> Save Y		✓ Bulletproof Heart	4:57 My	Chemical Romance	Danger Days: The Tr	Punk	
Instruction     V Summer Hune Hune Hack     35.1 My Chemical Romance     Danger Days: The Tr     Punk       Instruction     V Summer Hune     407 My Chemical Romance     Danger Days: The Tr     Punk       Instruction     V The Kids From Yesterday     525 My Chemical Romance     Danger Days: The Tr     Punk       Instruction     V Tampite Money     338 My Chemical Romance     Danger Days: The Tr     Punk       Instruction     V Lonely Lonely     430 The Narrow     Travellers     SA Rock!       Instructive Videos     V Where Is My Mind?     352 Pixies     Death To The Pixies     Rock       Instructive Videos     V Face down     619 The Red Jumpsuit Ap     Don't You Fake It [D     Rock       Instructive Recently Added     V all Niedhmark Long ma     757     757     Danger Days: The Fince		The Only Hope For Me Is You	4:33 My	Chemical Romance	Danger Days: The Tr	Punk	
Fillures DJ     Image: Second Se	88 Genius	✓ Save Yourself, I'll Hold Them Back	3:51 My	Chemical Romance	Danger Days: The Tr	Punk	
Wasic         V Vampire Money         338         My Chemical Romance         Danger Days: The Tr         Punk           \$\$ 00's Music         V Lonely Lonely         407         The Harrow         Travellers         SA Rock!           \$\$ Music Videos         V Where Is My Mind?         352         Pxies         Death To The Naies         Rock           \$\$ Music Videos         V Face down         619         The Red Jumpsuit Ap         Don't You Fake It [D         Rock           \$\$\$ My Top Rated         V Blue Eyes         355         Springbok Nude Girls         Surpass The Powers         Other           \$\$\$\$\$ 4 Mitophamye Loop mail         757         The Red Jumpsuit Ap         Don't You Fake It [D         Rock	PLAYLISTS	✓ Summertime	4:07 My	Chemical Romance	Danger Days: The Tr	Punk	
Image: Second Music         ✓ Lonely Lonely         4.07         The Narrow         Travellers         SA Rock!           Image: Second Music         ✓ Lonely Lonely         4.07         The Narrow         Travellers         SA Rock!           Image: Second Music         ✓ Where Is My Mind?         3:52         Pixies         Death To The Pixies         Rock           Image: Music Videos         ✓ Face down         6:19         The Red Jumpsuit Ap         Don't You Fake It [D         Rock           Image: March Videos         ✓ Bible Eyes         3:55         Springbok Nude Girls         Surpass The Powers         Other           Image: Added         ✓ All Nightmark Long mp3         7:52         The Narrow         Travellers	😂 iTunes DJ	The Kids From Yesterday	5:25 My	Chemical Romance	Danger Days: The Tr	Punk	
W Lassical Music         V Where Is My Mind?         3:52         Pixes         Death To The Pixes         Rock	🕸 90's Music	✓ Vampire Money	3:38 My	Chemical Romance	Danger Days: The Tr	Punk	
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W Top Rated         ✓ Face down         6:19 The Red Jumpsuit Ap Don't You Fake It [D Rock           W Top Rated         ✓ Blue Eyes         3:55 Springbok Nude Girls         Surpass The Powers         Other           W All Nightmare Loop mp3         7:57         7:57         Other         Other		✓ Where Is My Mind?	3:52 Pix	ties	Death To The Pixies	Rock	
Recently Added     V Blue Eyes     3:55 Springbok Nude Girls Surpass The Powers     Other     V All Nichtmare Long mn3     7:57		✓ Face down	6:19 The	e Red Jumpsuit Ap	Don't You Fake It (D	Rock	
V All Nightmare Long mp3 7:57		✓ Blue Eyes	3:55 Spi	ringbok Nude Girls	Surpass The Powers	Other	
		All Nightmare Long.mp3	7:57				
Top 25 Most Played							

### **Guest Zone**

On this page, the user will be able to configure the Guest Zone, settings. The guest zone provide a separate network zone for guest to access Internet.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

Enable Guest Tick this option to enable the Guest Zone feature Zone: for the frequency band 2.4GHz. Use the dropdown menu to schedule the time that the Firewall rule will be enabled. The schedule may be set to Always, which will allow the particular service to always be enabled. Click the New Schedule button to create your own times in the Schedules page.

Wireless Band: Displays the frequency band used.

Wireless The Service Set Identifier (SSID) is the name of

- **Network Name:** your wireless network. Create a name using up to 32 characters. The SSID is case-sensitive.
- GUEST ZONE SELECTION

  Enable Guest Zone : Always 
  New Schedule

  Wireless Band : 2.4GHz Band

  Wireless Network Name : dlink\_media
  (Also called the SSID)

  Enable Routing Between Zones :

  Security Mode : None

  Save Settings
  Don't Save Settings
- **Enable Routing** Tick this option to enable routing between guest zones.

**Between Zones:** 

Security Mode: The security mode enables the user to configure wireless security for this wireless guest zone. For more information about wireless security, refer to the Wireless Settings page.

Click on the **Save Settings** button to accept the changes made. Click on the **Don't Save Settings** button to discard the changes made.

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00	EST	20	NE

Use this section to configure the guest zone settings of your router. The guest zone provide a separate network zone for guest to access Internet.

### **IPv6** Firewall

On this page the user can configure the IPv6 firewall settings. The firewall settings section is an advance feature that is used to allow or deny traffic from passing through the device. It works in the same way as IP Filters with additional settings. You can create more detailed rules for the device.

In the **IPv6 Firewall Rules** section the user can create, enable and disable IPv6 firewall rules used by this device. The following parameters will be available for configuration:

Configure IPv6 This option defines the behavior of all the IPv6 Filtering: firewall rules created. Option to choose from are 'Turn IPv6 Filtering OFF', 'Turn IPv6 Filtering ON and ALLOW rules listed', and 'Turn IPv6 Filtering ON and DENY rules listed'. Select the appropriate option used here.

- Name: Enter a custom firewall rule name here. This name is used for identification.
- Source Interface: Select the appropriate source interface used here.
  - **Destination** Select the appropriate destination interface used **Interface:** here.
    - **Schedule:** Select a time schedule that will be applied to this rules here.
  - IP Address Enter the IPv6 address range used here. Range:
  - **Protocol:** Select the protocol used for this rule here. Options to choose from are ALL, TCP, UDP, and ICMP.
  - **Port Range:** Enter the port range used for this rule here.

Click on the **Save Settings** button to accept the changes made. Click on the **Don't Save Settings** button to discard the changes made.

	32 IPV6 FIREWALL RULES Remaining number of rules that can be created: 32								
Configure IPv6 Filtering below: Turn IPv6 Filtering OFF									
	Name	_	Schedule Always 💌						
	Source	Interface	IP Address Range	Protocol					
	Dest	Interface	IP Address Range	Port Range					
	Name		Schedule Always 💌						
	Source	Interface	IP Address Range	Protocol ALL					
	Dest	Interface	IP Address Range	Port Range					

#### **IPV6 FIREWALL**

The firewall settings section is an advance feature used to allow or deny traffic from passing through the device. It works in the same way as IP Filters with additional settings. You can create more detailed rules for the device.

Checkbox Tick this option to used the firewall rules created.

### **IPv6** Routing

On this page the user can specify custom routes that determine how data is moved around your IPv6 network.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

- **Checkbox:** To enable a route, check the box that is on the left side of the route.
  - Name: Enter the IPv6 routing rule name used here.
  - Metric: Enter the metric value for this rule here.
- Interface: Use the drop-down menu to specify if the IP packet must use the WAN or LAN interface to transit out of the Router.
- **Destination IPv6:** Enter the IPv6 address of the packets that will take this route.
  - **Prefix Length:** Enter the IPv6 address prefix length of the packets that will take this route.
    - **Gateway:** Enter the next hop that will be taken if this route is used.

Click on the **Save Settings** button to accept the changes made. Click on the **Don't Save Settings** button to discard the changes made.

32 ROUTE LIST						
	Name		Destination IPv6 / Prefix Length	/		
	Metric	Interface WAN 💌	Gateway			
	Name		Destination IPv6 / Prefix Length	/		
	Metric	Interface WAN 💌	Gateway			

#### ROUTING

This Routing page allows you to specify custom routes that determine how data is moved around your network.

# **Tools Category**

In this category the user will be able to configure features that are related to the router itself. Features like the time settings, login accounts, firmware update and more.

<b>D-Lin</b>	<b>C</b>					
DIR-645	SETUP	ADVANCED	TOOLS	STATUS	SUPPORT	
ADMIN	ADMINISTRATOR SE	TTINGS			Helpful Hints	
TIME SYSLOG EMAIL SETTINGS SYSTEM FIRMWARE	access and can change By default there is no p keep your router secur	The 'admin' and 'user' accounts can access the management interface. The admin has read/write access and can change passwords, while the user has read-only access. By default there is no password configured. It is highly recommended that you create a password to keep your router secure.				
DYNAMIC DNS	ADMIN PASSWORD				router in case they are forgotten.	
SYSTEM CHECK SCHEDULES		ne password into both b Password : Password :	oxes, for confirmation.		When enabling Remote Management, you can specify the IP address of the computer on the Internet that you want to have access to your router, or leave it	
	USER PASSWORD				blank to allow access to any computer on the Internet.	
		ne password into both b Password : Password :	oxes, for confirmation.		<ul> <li>Select a filter that controls access as needed for this admin port. If you do not see the filter you need in the</li> </ul>	

### Admin

This page will allow you to change the Administrator password and configure the authentication settings. This window also allows you to enable Remote Management, via the Internet. For security reasons, it is recommended that you change the password for the Admin and User accounts. Be sure to write down the new password to avoid having to reset the router in case they are forgotten.

In the **Admin Password** section, the user can change the Administrator login password used for this device.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

**Password:** Enter the new login password used here. **Verify Password:** Re-enter the new login password here.

In the **User Password** section, the user can change the User login password used for this device.

The following parameters will be available for configuration: **Password:** Enter the new login password used here. **Verify Password:** Re-enter the new login password here.

In the **System Name** section, the user can change the gateway name used for this device.

The following parameters will be available for configuration: Gateway Name: Enter the router gateway name used here.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

**Enable Graphical** Tick this option to enable the graphical image **Authentication:** confirmation when the user login to the web configuration.

ADMIN PASSWORD	
Please enter the same password	into both boxes, for confirmation.
Password :	
Verify Password :	

USER PASSWORD	
Please enter the same password in	to both boxes, for confirmation.
Password :	
Verify Password :	
SYSTEM NAME	
Gateway Name : D	JIR-645
ADMINISTRATION	
Enable Graphical : [ Authentication	
Enable Remote Management :	
Remote Admin Port :	
Remote Admin Inbound Filter :	
Details :	llow All
Save Settings Don't Save Settings	

Enable Remote Tick this option to enable remote management.

- **Management:** This option will enable the router to be accessible from the Internet port.
- Remote Admin Enter the remote administration port number used here. Sometimes services like an internal web server will occupy the port Port: number 80. In this option the user can change the remote administration port to 8080 for example.

**Remote Admin** Select the appropriate remote admin inbound filter behavior here. Options to choose from are **Allow All** and **Deny All**. **Inbound Filter:** 

**Details:** Enter the remote admin inbound filter detail description used here.

Click on the **Save Settings** button to accept the changes made. Click on the **Don't Save Settings** button to discard the changes made.

#### ADMINISTRATOR SETTINGS

The 'admin' and 'user' accounts can access the management interface. The admin has read/write access and can change passwords, while the user has read-only access.

By default there is no password configured. It is highly recommended that you create a password to keep your router secure.

### Time

The Time window allows you to configure, update, and maintain the correct time on the internal system clock. From this section you can set the time zone that you are in and set the Time Server. Daylight Saving can also be configured to automatically adjust the time when needed.

#### **Time and Date Configuration**

Here the user can configure the time zone as well as the daylight savings settings used for this router.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

- **Time:** Here will be displayed the current time configuration running on this device.
- **Time Zone:** Select the appropriate time zone used on this device here.
- **Enable Daylight** Check this box if the country your are located in **Saving:** uses Daylight Saving time.
- Daylight Saving Select the daylight savings offset used here. Offset:
- **Daylight Saving** Select the start date and end date for daylight **Dates:** saving time.

TIME AND DATE CONFIGURATION						
Time : 200	0/01/01	07:10:11	L			
Time Zone : (GM	MT+08:00)	) Taipei				•
Enable Daylight Saving : 📄						
Daylight Saving Offset : +0	1:00 🔻					
Daylight Saving Dates :		Month	Week	Day of Week	Time	
DS	T Start	Jan 💌	1st 💌	Sun 💌	12:00 AM 💌	
DS	T End	Jan 💌	1st 💌	Sun 💌	12:00 AM 💌	

### Automatic Time and Date Configuration

Here the user can configure whether this router will automatically synchronize it's time and date with a public time server.

### The following parameters will be available for configuration:

- Automatically NTP is short for Network Time Protocol. NTP synchronize: synchronizes computer clock times in a network of computers. Tick this option to enable automatic time and date synchronizing.
- NTP Server Used: Select the appropriate time server used here. The interval at which the router will communicate with the NTP server is set to 7 days.

AUTOMATIC TIME AND DATE CONFIGURATION				
Automatically synchronize with D-Link's Internet time server				
NTP Server Used : ntp1.dlink.com Vpdate Now				

**Update Now:** After selecting the appropriate time server and enabling the automatic synchronization option, click on this button to update the current time and date of the router.

#### Set the Time and Date Manually

Here the user can configure the time and date values, used by this router, manually. Here the user can also synchronize the router's time with the configuration computer's time.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

Set Manually: Here the user can manually configure the date and time used by this device. Options to configure are Year, Month, Day, Hour, Minute, and Second.

Click on the **Save Settings** button to accept the changes made. Click on the **Don't Save Settings** button to discard the changes made.

SET TH	IE TIME AND DA	ATE MANUALI	LY			
Year Hour	2009 💌	Month Minute	Jan 💌 21 💌	Day Second	1 • 43 •	
	Sync. yo	ur computer's ti	me settings			
Save S	Settings Don't	Save Settings				

## Syslog

The Syslog options allow you to send log information to a System Log Server.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

- Enable Logging Tick this option to enable the Syslog feature. To SysLog Server:
- Syslog Server IP Enter the Syslog Server IP address used here. Address:

Click on the **Save Settings** button to accept the changes made. Click on the **Don't Save Settings** button to discard the changes made.

SYSLOG SETTINGS	
Enable Logging To SysLog : 📝 Server Syslog Server IP Address :	<< Computer Name
Save Settings Don't Save Settings	

SYSLOG	
The SysLog options allow you to send log information to a Syslog Server.	
Save Settings Don't Save Settings	

### **Email Settings**

The Email feature can be used to send the system log files and router alert messages to your email address.

#### **Email Notification**

When this option is enabled, router activity logs or firmware upgrade notifications can be emailed to a designated email address.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

**Enable Email** Tick this option to enable the Email notification **Notification:** feature.

#### **Email Settings**

Here this user can manually enter the email settings required to enable the email notification feature.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

**From Email** This email address will appear as the sender Address: when you receive a log file or firmware upgrade notification via email.

**To Email** Enter the email address where you want the email **Address:** sent.

**Email Subject:** Enter the text that you want to appear in the subject line of the e-mail that is sent.

**SMTP Server** Enter the SMTP server address for sending email. If your SMTP server requires authentication, select this option. Address:

**SMTP Server** Enter the SMTP server port number used for sending email.

Port:

**Enable** Tick this option if the SMTP server requires authentication for sending mail.

#### Authentication:

#### EMAIL NOTIFICATION

Enable Email Notification :

EMAIL SETTINGS	
From Email Address :	
To Email Address :	
Email Subject :	
SMTP Server Address :	
SMTP Server Port :	25
Enable Authentication :	
Account Name :	
Password :	
Verify Password :	Send Mail Now

Account Name: Enter your account for sending email.

**Password:** Enter the password associated with the account.

**Verify Password:** Re-enter the password associated with the account here.

Send Mail Now: Click this button to send a test email from the Router to verify that the email settings have been configured correctly.

#### **Email Log When Full or on Schedule**

Normally emails are sent at the starting and ending time defined in the schedule. However, rebooting the router during the schedule period will cause additional emails to be sent.

- **On Log Full:** Select this option if you want logs to be sent by email when the log is full.
- **On Schedule:** Select this option if you want logs to be sent by email according to a schedule.
  - Schedule: If you selected the 'On Schedule' option, select one of the defined schedule rules. If you do not see the schedule you need in the list of schedules, go to the Tools > Schedules screen and create a new schedule.
    - **Detail:** Enter a detailed description here.

Click on the Save Settings button to accept the changes made. Click on the **Don't Save Settings** button to discard the changes made.

#### EMAIL SETTINGS

The Email feature can be used to send the system log files, router alert messages, and firmware update notification to your email address.

.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

The following	naramotors will	he available	for configuration:
	parameters will	DE avaliable	



EMAIL LOG WHEN FULL OR ON SCHEDULE

On Log Full : 🥅

On Schedule :

Schedule : Never

### System

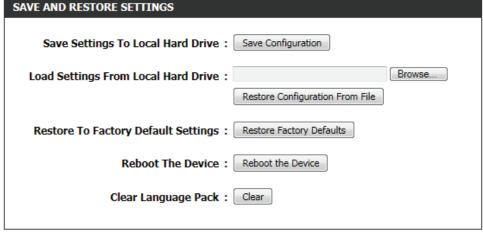
This section allows you to manage the router's configuration settings, reboot the router, and restore the router to the factory default settings. Restoring the unit to the factory default settings will erase all settings, including any rules that you've created.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

Save Settings To Use this option to save the current router Local Hard Drive: Configuration settings to a file on the hard disk of the computer you are using. First, click the Save button. A file dialog will appear, allowing you to select a location and file name for the settings.

**Load Settings** Use this option to load previously saved router **From Local Hard** configuration settings. First, use the **Browse** option

- Drive: to find a previously saved file of configuration settings. Then, click the **Restore Configuration From File** button below to transfer those settings to the router.
- Restore ToThis option will restore all configuration settingsFactory Defaultback to the settings that were in effect at the<br/>time the router was shipped from the factory.<br/>Any settings that have not been saved will be<br/>lost, including any rules that you have created. If<br/>you want to save the current router configuration<br/>settings, use the Save button above.



**Reboot The** Click to reboot the router.

Clear Language If you previously installed a language pack and want to revert all the menus on the Router interface back to the default Pack: language settings, click the Clear button.

Click on the **Save Settings** button to accept the changes made. Click on the **Don't Save Settings** button to discard the changes made.

#### SAVE AND RESTORE SETTINGS

Once the router is configured you can save the configuration settings to a configuration file on your hard drive. You also have the option to load configuration settings, or restore the factory default settings.

### Firmware

Use the Firmware window to upgrade the firmware of the Router and install language packs. If you plan to install new firmware, make sure the firmware you want to use is on the local hard drive of the computer. If you want to install a new language pack, make sure that you have the language pack available. Please check the support site for firmware updates. You can download firmware upgrades to your hard drive from the support site.

In the Firmware Information section the user can view the Current Firmware Version number running on this device, the Current Firmware Date of this same firmware version running on this device, and a button to click that will Check Online Now for Latest Firmware Version.

In the **Firmware Upgrade** section the user can physically upgrade the firmware of this device clicking on the **Browse** button and navigating to the firmware file, saved on the local hard drive. After locating the file, click on the **Upload** button to initiate the firmware upgrade.

**Note:** Some firmware upgrades will reset the configuration, of the device, to factory defaults. Be sure to save the current configuration first before any firmware update.

In the Language Pack Upgrade section, the user can change the router's language pack by clicking on the Browse button and navigating to the language pack, downloaded to the computer. After navigating to the language pack file, click on the Upload button to initiate the language pack upload and configuration. Always keep a close lookout on the local vendor's website for new firmware upgrades and language packs.

#### FIRMWARE UPDATE

There may be new firmware for your router to improve functionality and performance. <u>Click here to check for an upgrade on our support site.</u>

To upgrade the firmware, locate the upgrade file on the local hard drive with the Browse button. Once you have found the file to be used, click the Upload button to start the firmware upgrade.

The language pack allows you to change the language of the user interface on the router. We suggest that you upgrade your current language pack if you upgrade the firmware. This ensures that any changes in the firmware are displayed correctly.

To upgrade the language pack, locate the upgrade file on the local hard drive with the Browse button. Once you have found the file to be used, click the Upload button to start the language pack upgrade.

IRMWARE INFORMATION	
Current Firmware Version : 1.00	
Current Firmware Date : Fri 29 Apr 2011	
Check Online Now for Latest : Check Now	

FIR	MW.	ARE	UPGR	ADE

Note: Some firmware upgrades reset the configuration options to the factory defaults. Before performing an upgrade, be sure to save the current configuration.

To upgrade the firmware, your PC must have a wired connection to the router. Enter the name of the firmware upgrade file, and click on the Upload button.

Upload :		Browse
	Upload	

LANGUAGE PACK UPGRADE			
Upload :	Upload	Browse	

Note: Always update the firmware or language packs for this device using the wired connection. Never upgrade using a wireless connection.

### **Dynamic DNS**

The DDNS feature allows you to host a server (Web, FTP, Game Server, etc...) using a domain name that you have purchased (www. whateveryournameis.com) with your dynamically assigned IP address. Most broadband Internet Service Providers assign dynamic (changing) IP addresses. Using a DDNS service provider, your friends can enter in your domain name to connect to your server no matter what your IP address is.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

	-	
	Dynamic Domain Name System is a method of keeping a domain name linked to a changing IP Address. Check the box to enable DDNS.	D
Server Address:	Choose your DDNS provider from the drop down menu.	
Host Name:	Enter the Host Name that you registered with your DDNS service provider.	
Username or Key:	Enter the Username or Key for your DDNS account.	
Password or Key:	Enter the Password or Key for your DDNS account.	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Re-enter the Password or Key for your DDNS account.	
Timeout:	Enter the timeout value used for the DDNS account here.	
Ctatura	Displays the DDNS connection status here	

Status: Displays the DDNS connection status here.

DYNAMIC DNS SETTINGS	
Enable Dynamic DNS:	
Server Address :	×
Host Name :	
Username or Key :	
Password or Key :	
Verify Password or Key :	
Timeout :	567 (hours)
Status :	Disconnected

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

- **Enable:** Tick this option to enable the Dynamic DNS feature for IPv6 hosts.
- IPv6 Address: Enter the IPv6 Address used here. Alternatively, the user can select the Computer Name for the drop-down list and click on the << button to add it the IPv6 Address field.
  - Host Name: Enter the IPv6 host name used for the DDNS account here.

Click on the **Save** button to add the IPv6 host to the IPv6 Dynamic DNS List.

Click on the **Clear** button to clear the information entered in the fields.

DYNAMIC DNS FOR IPV6 HOSTS	
Enable :	
IPv6 Address :	Computer Name
Host Name :	
nost Name .	(e.g.: ipv6.mydomain.net)
Save	

DYNAMIC DNS
The Dynamic DNS feature allows you to host a server (Web, FTP, Game Server, etc) using a domain name that you have purchased (www.whateveryournameis.com) with your dynamically assigned IP address. Most broadband Internet Service Providers assign dynamic (changing) IP addresses. Using a DDNS service provider, your friends can enter your host name to connect to your game server no matter what your IP address is.
Sign up for D-Link's Free DDNS service at www.DLinkDDNS.com.
Save Settings Don't Save Settings

In the **IPv6 Dynamic DNS List** section, a list of IPv6 hosts will be displayed. Tick the **Enable** checkbox to make the host active. To edit a specific entry click on the specific entry click on the content icon. To remove a specific entry, click on the content icon.

Click on the **Save Settings** button to accept the changes made. Click on the **Don't Save Settings** button to discard the changes made.

IPV6 DYNAMIC DNS LIST				
Enable	Host Name	IPv6 Address		
<b>V</b>	ipv6.mydomain.net	2001:0db8:85a3:0000:0000: 8a2e:0370:7334	ľ	T

### System Check

This useful diagnostic utility can be used to check if a computer is on the Internet. It sends ping packets and listens for replies from the specific host.

In the **Ping Test** section the user can test the Internet connectivity by entering in a host name or the IP address that you want to Ping and click on the **Ping** button. The status of your Ping attempt will be displayed in the Ping Result box.

In the **IPv6 Ping Test** section the user can test the Internet connectivity by entering in a host name or the IPv6 address that you want to Ping and click on the **Ping** button. The status of your Ping attempt will be displayed in the Ping Result box.

In the Ping Result section the results of the attempted ping will be displayed.

#### PING TEST

Ping Test sends "ping" packets to test a computer on the Internet.

PING TEST	
Host Name or IP Address :	Ping

IPV6 PING TEST	
Host Name or IPv6 Address :	Ping

#### PING RESULT

Enter a host name or IP address above and click 'Ping'

#### PING RESULT

dlink.com is alive!

#### PING RESULT

74.125.153.103 is alive!

### Schedules

Schedules can be created for use with enforcing rules. For example, if you want to restrict web access to Mon-Fri from 3pm to 8pm, you could create a schedule selecting Mon, Tue, Wed, Thu, and Fri and enter a Start Time of 3pm and End Time of 8pm.

#### The following parameters will be available for configuration:

- Name: Enter the custom name for the new schedule rule here. This name is used for identification.
- Day(s): To use every day in the week for this rule, select the All Week option. To use only selected days for this rule, select the Select Day(s) option and tick the appropriate days used for this rule.
- All Day 24 hrs: To enable this rule to run 24 hours instead of only a certain part of the day, tick this option.
  - Time Format: Select the appropriate time format to use here.
    - **Start Time:** If the All Day option is not selected, the user can enter the starting time here.
    - **End Time:** If the All Day option is not selected, the user can enter the ending time here.

Click on the **Add** button to add this new rule to the schedule rules list. Click on the **Cancel** button to discard the information and cancel the rule addition.

#### SCHEDULES

The Schedule configuration option is used to manage schedule rules for "WAN", "Wireless", "Virtual Server", "Port Forwarding", "Applications" and "Network Filter".

10 ADD SCHEDULE RULE	
Name :	
Day(s) :	All Week  Select Day(s)
	Sun Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat
	_
All Day - 24 hrs :	
Time Format :	12-hour
Start Time :	12 : 0 AM (hour:minute)
End Time :	11 : 59 PM 💌 (hour:minute)
	Add Cancel

SCHEDULE RULES L	131			
Name	Day(s)	Time Frame		
Weekdays	MON, TUE, WED, THU, FRI	0:00 ~ 23:59	5	T
Business Hours	MON, TUE, WED, THU, FRI	8:00 ~ 18:00	<b></b>	S
Weekend	SUN,SAT	0:00 ~ 23:59	<b></b>	1

In the Schedule Rules List section, the user can view the available schedule rules created. To edit an existing rule, click on the **S** icon of the specific entry, To remove an existing rule, click on the **S** icon of the specific entry.

# **Status Category**

In this category the user will be able to view information regarding the configuration and functionality of this device. Displays like WAN, LAN and Wireless configurations, System, Firewall and Router logs, and more.

<b>D-Lin</b>	K					
DIR-645	SETUP	ADVANCED	TOOLS	STATUS	SUPPORT	
DEVICE INFO	DEVICE INFORMATIO	ON			Helpful Hints	
LOGS		network connection detail	s are displayed on this pag	e. The firmware version	All of your LAN,	
STATISTICS	is also displayed here.				Internet and WIRELESS 802.11 N connection	
INTERNET SESSIONS	GENERAL				details are displayed here.	
WIRELESS		• More				
IPv6						
IPV6 ROUTING	Firmwa	Firmware Version : 1.00 Fri 29 Apr 2011				
	WAN					
	Connec	tion Type : Static IP				
	Ca					
	Network Status : Disconnected					
	Connectio	n Up Time : 0 Day 0 Hou	ur 0 Min 0 Sec			
	MA	C Address : f0:7d:68:82	:87:81			
	I	P Address : 0.0.0.0				
	Sul	onet Mask : 0.0.0.0				

### **Device Info**

This page displays the current information for the router. It will display the LAN, WAN (Internet), and Wireless information. If your Internet connection is set up for a Dynamic IP address then a Release button and a Renew button will be displayed. Use Release to disconnect from your ISP and use Renew to connect to your ISP.

In the **General** section, information about the time and firmware is being displayed.

In the **WAN** section, information about the Internet connection is being displayed.

#### DEVICE INFORMATION

All of your Internet and network connection details are displayed on this page. The firmware version is also displayed here.

#### GENERAL

Time: 2011/05/13 11:38:03

Firmware Version : 1.00 Fri 29 Apr	Firmware	Version	:	1.00	Fri	29	Apr	2011
------------------------------------	----------	---------	---	------	-----	----	-----	------

WAN
Connection Type : Static IP
Cable Status : Connected
Network Status : Connected
Connection Up Time: 0 Day 0 Hour 18 Min 17 Sec
MAC Address : f0:7d:68:82:87:81
IP Address : 192.168.69.115
Subnet Mask : 255.255.255.0
Default Gateway: 192.168.69.1
Primary DNS Server : 208.67.222.222
Secondary DNS Server: 208.67.220.220

In the **LAN** section, information about the Local Area Network configuration is being displayed.

work	LAN
	MAC Address : f0:7d:68:82:87:80
	IP Address : 192.168.0.1
	Subnet Mask : 255.255.255.0
	DHCP Server : Enabled

In the Wireless LAN section, information about the Wireless Local Area Network configuration is being displayed.

#### WIRELESS LAN

Wireless Radio : Enabled MAC Address : f0:7d:68:82:87:80 802.11 Mode : Mixed 802.11n, 802.11g and 802.11b Channel Width : 20/40MHz Channel: 6 Network Name (SSID) : dlink Wi-Fi Protected Setup : Enabled/Unconfigured Security : Disabled Guest Zone Wireless Radio : Disabled Guest Zone Network Name : dlink\_media (SSID) Guest Zone Security : Disabled

es are	LAN COMPUTERS					
	MAC Address	IP Address	Name(if any)			
	00:23:7d:bc:2e:18	192.168.0.66				

IGMP MULTICAST MEMBERSHIPS	
Multicast Group Address	

being displayed.

In the LAN Computers section, a list of actively connected nodes

		(
In the IGMP Multicast Memberships section, a list of Multicast Group	с I	]

Addresses are being displayed.

## Logs

The router automatically logs (records) events of possible interest in it's internal memory. If there isn't enough internal memory for all events, logs of older events are deleted but logs of the latest events are retained. The Logs option allows you to view the router logs. You can define what types of events you want to view and the level of the events to view. This router also has external Syslog Server support so you can send the log files to a computer on your network that is running a Syslog utility.

In the **Save Log File** section, the user can click on the **Save** button save the Router's log entries to a log file on your computer.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

- Log Type: Use the radio buttons to select the types of messages that you want to display from the log. System, Firewall & Security, and Router Status messages can be selected.
- Log Level: There are three levels of message importance: Critical, Warning, and Information. Select the levels that you want displayed in the log.

The following parameters will be available for configuration:

- First Last Page: Use these buttons to navigate to the first or last page of the router logs.
- **Previous Next:** Use these buttons to navigate to the next or previous page of the router logs.
  - **Clear:** Click on this button to clear all the contents from the log.

Link to Email Log Click this button to open the Email Settings screen Settings: so that you can change the Email configuration for sending logs.

## VIEW LOG

The View Log displays the activities occurring on the DIR-645.

Save Settings Don't Save Settings

# SAVE LOG FILE Save Log File To Local Hard Drive. Save LOG TYPE & LEVEL LOG TYPE & LEVEL

Log Type: 💿 System	© Firewall & Security	Router Status
Log Level: 🔘 Critical	Warning	Information

LOG FILES						
First Page Last Page	Previous Next Clear Link To Email Log Settings					
Page 1 of 25						
Time	Message					
Fri May 13 11:32:26 2011	DHCP: Server sending NAK to 00:23:15:46:fe:84.					
Fri May 13 11:32:26 2011	DHCP: Server receive REQUEST from 00:23:15:46:fe:84.					
Fri May 13 11:32:21 2011	DHCP: Server sending NAK to 00:23:15:46:fe:84.					
Fri May 13 11:32:21 2011	DHCP: Server receive REQUEST from 00:23:15:46:fe:84.					
Fri May 13 11:32:19 2011	Got new client [00:23:15:46:FE:84] associated from BAND24G-1.1 (2.4 Ghz)					

## Statistics

The screen below displays the Traffic Statistics. Here you can view the amount of packets that pass through the router on both the WAN, LAN ports and the 802.11n/g (2.4GHz) wireless band. The traffic counter will reset if the device is rebooted.

In the LAN Statistics section, the user can view the traffic statistics that occurred on the LAN interface. Information that is displayed includes the packets sent and received, packets dropped, collisions that occurred, and error packets sent and received.

In the **WAN Statistics** section, the user can view the traffic statistics that occurred on the WAN interface. Information that is displayed includes the packets sent and received, packets dropped, collisions that occurred, and error packets sent and received.

In the **Wireless Statistics** section, the user can view the traffic statistics that occurred on the Wireless interface. Information that is displayed includes the packets sent and received, packets dropped, collisions that occurred, and error packets sent and received.

Click on the **Refresh Statistics** button to refresh the display page. Click on the **Reset Statistics** button to clear all the statistic information for all the fields displayed.

#### TRAFFIC STATISTICS

Traffic Statistics displays Receive and Transmit packets passing through the device.

Refresh Statistics Reset Statistics

LAN STATISTICS						
Sent :	2926	Received :	2722			
TX Packets Dropped :	0	<b>RX</b> Packets Dropped :	0			
Collisions :	0	Errors :	0			

WAN STATISTICS						
Sent :	259	Received :	400			
TX Packets Dropped :	0	RX Packets Dropped :	0			
Collisions :	0	Errors :	0			

WIRELESS STATISTICS						
ived :	873830					
oped :	0					
rrors :	0					
	pped : Frrors :					

## **Internet Sessions**

The Internet Sessions page displays full details of active Internet sessions through your router. An Internet session is a conversation between a program or application on a LAN-side computer and a program or application on a WAN-side computer.

In the section all the active Internet sessions will be displayed.

#### INTERNET SESSIONS

This page displays Source and Destination sessions passing through the device.

IP				TCP Count		UDP Count	
10.90.90.47		<u>0</u>		1			
	Protocol	NAT	In	ternet	State	Dir	Time Out
	UDP	137	172	2.19.10.33:137		OUT	158

## Wireless

The wireless client table displays a list of current connected wireless clients. This table also displays the connection time and MAC address of the connected wireless clients.

In the **Number of Wireless Clients - 2.4GHz Band** section a list of 2.4GHz active wireless clients will be displayed.

#### CONNECTED WIRELESS CLIENT LIST

View the wireless clients that are connected to the router. (A client might linger in the list for a few minutes after an unexpected disconnect.)

## NUMBER OF WIRELESS CLIENTS - 2.4GHZ BAND : 1

MAC Address	IP Address	Mode	Rate (Mbps)	Signal (%)
40:D3:2D:D7:82:F0		11g	54	100

## IPv6

The IPv6 page displays a summary of the Router's IPv6 settings and lists the IPv6 address and host name of any IPv6 clients.

In the **IPv6 Connection Information** section, more information about the IPv6 connection will be displayed. Information like the connection type, gateway address, Link-Local address, DNS Servers, and more.

In the LAN IPv6 Computers section, a list of actively connected LAN IPv6 computers will be displayed.

#### **IPV6 NETWORK INFORMATION**

All of your Internet and network connection details are displayed on this page. The firmware version is also displayed here.

#### **IPV6 CONNECTION INFORMATION**

IPv6 Connection Type : Link-Local

IPv6 Default Gateway : None

LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address : fe80::f27d:68ff:fe82:8780 /64

DHCP-PD : Disabled

#### LAN IPV6 COMPUTERS

IPv6 Address

Name(if any)

## **IPv6 Routing**

This page displays IPv6 routing details configured for your router.

IPV6 ROUTING
IPv6 Routing Table
This page display IPv6 routing details configured for your router.

IPV6 ROUTING TABLE							
Destination IP	Gateway	Metric	Interface				

## **Support Category**

In this section, the user will have access to a portal of information regarding each and every page that exists on this device. This information gives the basic description of parameter and uses for the pages.

DIR-645	SETUP	ADVANCED	TOOLS	STATUS	SUPPORT
MENU	SUPPORT MENU		I		
etup	Setup				
DVANCED	Advanced				
DOLS	<u>Tools</u> <u>Status</u>				
TATUS					
	SETUP HELP				
	<ul> <li><u>Internet</u></li> <li><u>Wireless Settings</u></li> <li><u>Network Settings</u></li> <li><u>IPv6</u></li> </ul>				
	ADVANCED HELP				
	Virtual Server     Port Forwarding     Application Rules     OoS Engine     Network Filter     Access Control     Website Filter				

# Knowledge Base Wireless Basics

Wireless products are based on industry standards to provide easy-to-use and compatible high-speed wireless connectivity within your home, business or public access wireless networks. Strictly adhering to the IEEE standard, the wireless family of products will allow you to securely access the data you want, when and where you want it. You will be able to enjoy the freedom that wireless networking delivers.

A wireless local area network (WLAN) is a cellular computer network that transmits and receives data with radio signals instead of wires. Wireless LANs are used increasingly in both home and office environments, and public areas such as airports, coffee shops and universities. Innovative ways to utilize WLAN technology are helping people to work and communicate more efficiently. Increased mobility and the absence of cabling and other fixed infrastructure have proven to be beneficial for many users.

Wireless users can use the same applications they use on a wired network. Wireless adapter cards used on laptop and desktop systems support the same protocols as Ethernet adapter cards.

Under many circumstances, it may be desirable for mobile network devices to link to a conventional Ethernet LAN in order to use servers, printers or an Internet connection supplied through the wired LAN. A Wireless Router is a device used to provide this link.

#### What is Wireless?

Wireless or Wi-Fi technology is another way of connecting your computer to the network without using wires. Wi-Fi uses radio frequency to connect wirelessly, so you have the freedom to connect computers anywhere in your home or office network.

#### How does Wireless work?

Wireless works similar to how cordless phone work, through radio signals to transmit data from one point A to point B. But wireless technology has restrictions as to how you can access the network. You must be within the wireless network range area to be able to connect your computer. There are two different types of wireless networks Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN), and Wireless Personal Area Network (WPAN).

#### Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN)

In a wireless local area network, a device called an Access Point (AP) connects computers to the network. The access point has a small antenna attached to it, which allows it to transmit data back and forth over radio signals. With an indoor access point as seen in the picture, the signal can travel up to 300 feet. With an outdoor access point the signal can reach out up to 30 miles to serve places like manufacturing plants, industrial locations, college and high school campuses, airports, golf courses, and many other outdoor venues.

#### Wireless Personal Area Network (WPAN)

Bluetooth is the industry standard wireless technology used for WPAN. Bluetooth devices in WPAN operate in a range up to 30 feet away. Compared to WLAN the speed and wireless operation range are both less than WLAN, but in return it doesn't use nearly as much power which makes it ideal for personal devices, such as mobile phones, PDAs, headphones, laptops, speakers, and other devices that operate on batteries.

#### Who uses wireless?

Wireless technology as become so popular in recent years that almost everyone is using it, whether it's for home, office, business, we have a wireless solution for it.

#### Home

- Gives everyone at home broadband access
- Surf the web, check email, instant message, etc.
- Gets rid of the cables around the house
- Simple and easy to use

#### **Small Office and Home Office**

- Stay on top of everything at home as you would at office
- Remotely access your office network from home
- Share Internet connection and printer with multiple computers
- No need to dedicate office space

#### Where is wireless used?

Wireless technology is expanding everywhere not just at home or office. People like the freedom of mobility and it's becoming so popular that more and more public facilities now provide wireless access to attract people. The wireless connection in public places is usually called "hotspots".

Using a Wireless Cardbus Adapter with your laptop, you can access the hotspot to connect to Internet from remote locations like: Airports, Hotels, Coffee Shops, Libraries, Restaurants, and Convention Centers.

Wireless network is easy to setup, but if you're installing it for the first time it could be quite a task not knowing where to start. That's why we've put together a few setup steps and tips to help you through the process of setting up a wireless network.

#### <u>Tips</u>

Here are a few things to keep in mind, when you install a wireless network.

#### Centralize your router or Access Point

Make sure you place the router/access point in a centralized location within your network for the best performance. Try to place the router/access point as high as possible in the room, so the signal gets dispersed throughout your home. If you have a two-story home, you may need a repeater to boost the signal to extend the range.

#### **Eliminate Interference**

Place home appliances such as cordless telephones, microwaves, and televisions as far away as possible from the router/access point. This would significantly reduce any interference that the appliances might cause since they operate on same frequency.

#### Security

Don't let you next-door neighbors or intruders connect to your wireless network. Secure your wireless network by turning on the WPA or WEP security feature on the router. Refer to product manual for detail information on how to set it up.

## **Wireless Modes**

There are basically two modes of networking:

- Infrastructure All wireless clients will connect to an access point or wireless router.
- Ad-Hoc Directly connecting to another computer, for peer-to-peer communication, using wireless network adapters on each computer, such as two or more wireless network Cardbus adapters.

An Infrastructure network contains an Access Point or wireless router. All the wireless devices, or clients, will connect to the wireless router or access point.

An Ad-Hoc network contains only clients, such as laptops with wireless Cardbus adapters. All the adapters must be in Ad-Hoc mode to communicate.

## **Wireless Security**

This section will show you the different levels of security you can use to protect your data from intruders. The router offers wireless security options like WPA/WPA2 PSK/EAP.

## What is WPA?

WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access), is a Wi-Fi standard that was designed to improve the security features of WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy).

The 2 major improvements over WEP:

- Improved data encryption through the Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP). TKIP scrambles the keys using a hashing algorithm and, by adding an integrity-checking feature, ensures that the keys haven't been tampered with. WPA2 is based on 802.11i and uses Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) instead of TKIP.
- User authentication, which is generally missing in WEP, through the extensible authentication protocol (EAP). WEP regulates access to a wireless
  network based on a computer's hardware-specific MAC address, which is relatively simple to be sniffed out and stolen. EAP is built on a more
  secure public-key encryption system to ensure that only authorized network users can access the network.

WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK uses a passphrase or key to authenticate your wireless connection. The key is an alpha-numeric password between 8 and 63 characters long. The password can include symbols (!?\*&\_) and spaces. This key must be the exact same key entered on your wireless router or access point.

WPA/WPA2 incorporates user authentication through the Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP). EAP is built on a more secure public key encryption system to ensure that only authorized network users can access the network.

## **Networking Basics**

#### **Check your IP address**

After you install your new network or wireless adapter, by default, the TCP/IP settings should be set to obtain an IP address from a DHCP server (i.e. wireless router) automatically. To verify your IP address, please follow the steps below.

Click on Start > Run. In the run box type cmd and click OK. (Windows<sup>®</sup> 7/Vista<sup>®</sup> users type cmd in the Start Search box.) At the prompt, type ipconfig and press Enter.

This will display the IP address, subnet mask, and the default gateway of your adapter.

If the address is 0.0.0, check your adapter installation, security settings, and the settings on your router. Some firewall software programs may block a DHCP request on newly installed adapters.

#### **Statically Assign an IP address**

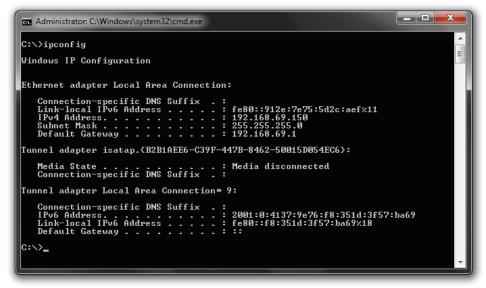
If you are not using a DHCP capable gateway/router, or you need to assign a static IP address, please follow the steps below:

#### Step 1

- Windows<sup>®</sup> 7 Click on Start > Control Panel > Network and Internet > Network and Sharing Center > Change Adapter Setting.
- Windows Vista<sup>®</sup> Click on Start > Control Panel > Network and Internet
   > Network and Sharing Center > Manage Network Connections.
- Windows<sup>®</sup> XP Click on Start > Control Panel > Network Connections.
- Windows<sup>®</sup> 2000 From the desktop, right-click My Network Places > Properties.

#### Step 2

Right-click on the Local Area Connection which represents your network adapter and select Properties.



Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)	Properties		
General			
You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.			
Obtain an IP address automatically			
• Use the following IP address:			
IP address:	192.168.0.52		
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.0		
Default gateway:	192.168.0.1		
Obtain DNS server address automatically			
Use the following DNS server addresses:			
Preferred DNS server:	192.168.0.1		
<u>A</u> lternate DNS server:	• • •		
Validate settings upon exit	Ad <u>v</u> anced		
	OK Cancel		

#### Step 3

Highlight Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) and click Properties.

#### Step 4

Click Use the following IP address and enter an IP address that is on the same subnet as your network or the LAN IP address on your router.

#### Example:

If the router's LAN IP address is 192.168.0.1, make your IP address 192.168.0.X where X is a number between 2 and 99. Make sure that the number you choose is not in use on the network.

Set Default Gateway the same as the LAN IP address of your router (192.168.0.1). Set Primary DNS the same as the LAN IP address of your router (192.168.0.1). The Secondary DNS is not needed or you may enter a DNS server from your ISP.

#### **Step 5** Click **OK** twice to save your settings.

## **Connect to a Wireless Network**

## **Using Window 7**

It is recommended to enable wireless security (WPA/WPA2) on your wireless router or access point before configuring your wireless adapter. If you are joining an existing network, you will need to know the security key or passphrase being used.

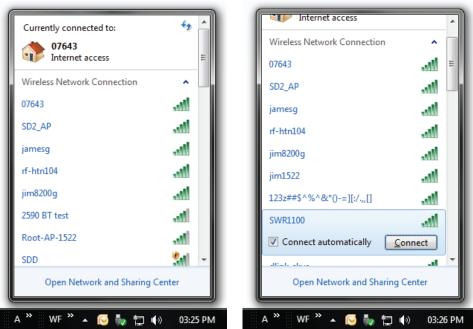
1. Click on the wireless icon in your system tray (lower-right corner).



2. The utility will display any available wireless networks in your area.

3. Highlight the wireless network (SSID) you would like to connect to and click the Connect button.

If you get a good signal but cannot access the Internet, check your TCP/ IP settings for your wireless adapter. Refer to the Networking Basics section in this manual for more information.



4. The following window appears while your computer tries to connect to the router.

5. Enter the same security key or passphrase that is on your router and click Connect. You can also connect by pushing the WPS button on the router.

It may take 20-30 seconds to connect to the wireless network. If the connection fails, please verify that the security settings are correct. The key or passphrase must be exactly the same as on the wireless router.



Connect to a Netwo	rk 🔛		
Type the network security key			
Security key:	•••••		
	✓ Hide characters		
	You can also connect by pushing the putton on the router.		
	OK Cancel		
4	a 🎽 wf 🎽 🔺 🔀 🦣 🧑 🌗 03:27 PM		

## Using Window 7 and WPS

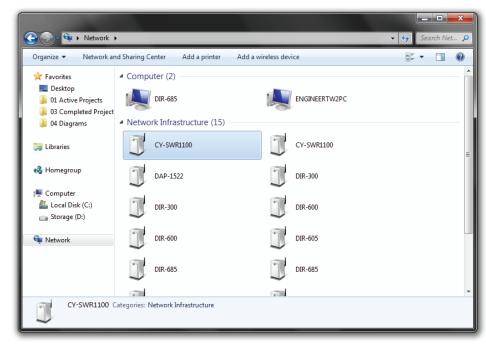
The WPS feature of the router can be configured using Windows<sup>®</sup> 7. Carry out the following steps to use Windows<sup>®</sup> 7 to configure the WPS feature of the router:

1. Click the Start button and select Computer from the Start menu.

2. Click the Network option.

3. Double-click the Router.

4. Input the WPS PIN number and click Next.



•	🕴 Set U	p a Network	
י 📗	lo set	up a network, type the 8-digit PIN fro	m the router label
- r		find the numeric PIN on a label attached to the in the printed information that came from the turer.	
	PIN:		
			(Times)
			•
	_		Next Cancel

5. Type a name to identify the network.

6. To configure advanced settings, click on the drop-down icon.

Click Next to continue.

💽 🖭 Set Up a Network	
Give your network a name	
Your network needs a unique name so the characters or less) and recognizable.	at it can be easily identified. It is best to keep the name short (25
Type your network name: ENGINEERTW2PC_Network	Security-enabled network Your network is being set up using WPA2-Personal.
Change passphrase, security level and end	cryption type (advanced): 📎
	Next Cancel

ame short (2:
ame short (2
2-Personal.
•
-

7. The following window appears while the Router is being configured.

Wait for the configuration to complete.

8. The following window informs you that WPS on the Router has been setup successfully.

Make a note of the security key as you may need to provide this security key if adding an older wireless device to the network in the future.

9. Click Close to complete WPS setup.

🕞 😰 Set Up a Network	
Setting up Net	
<b>_</b>	Some /
	Cancel
🕞 🖞 Set Up a Network	×
Net has been successfully set up	
To add an older wireless device to this network, y	ou might need to provide this security key
894g-	eyd5-g5wb
You can print these network settings for future ref	ierence.
For gaming consoles or computers running Wind easier set up.	ows XP, <u>copy the network profile to a USB drive</u> for

## **Using Window Vista**

Windows Vista<sup>°</sup> users may use the built-in wireless utility. If you are using another company's utility or Windows<sup>°</sup> 2000, please refer to the user manual of your wireless adapter for help with connecting to a wireless network. Most utilities will have a "site survey" option similar to the Windows Vista<sup>°</sup> utility as seen below.

If you receive the Wireless Networks Detected bubble, click on the center of the bubble to access the utility or right-click on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower-right corner next to the time).

Select Connect to a network.

The utility will display any available wireless networks in your area.

Click on your wireless network (displayed using the SSID) and click the Connect button.

If you get a good signal but cannot access the Internet, check you TCP/ IP settings for your wireless adapter. Refer to the Networking Basics section in this manual for more information.



It is recommended to enable wireless security (WPA/WPA2) on your wireless router or access point before configuring your wireless adapter. If you are joining an existing network, you will need to know the security key or passphrase being used.

1. Open the Windows Vista<sup>®</sup> Wireless Utility by right-clicking on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower right corner of screen). Select Connect to a network.

2. Highlight the wireless network (SSID) you would like to connect to and click Connect.

3. Enter the same security key or passphrase that is on your router and click Connect.

It may take 20-30 seconds to connect to the wireless network. If the connection fails, please verify that the security settings are correct. The key or passphrase must be exactly the same as on the wireless router.

Туре	the network security key or passphrase for Candy
The p	erson who setup the network can give you the key or passphrase.
Securi	ty key or passphrase:
🔲 Dis	play characters
5	If you have a <u>USB flash drive</u> with network settings for Candy, insert it now.

## **Using Window XP**

Windows<sup>®</sup> XP users may use the built-in wireless utility (Zero Configuration Utility). The following instructions are for Service Pack 2 users. If you are using another company's utility or Windows<sup>®</sup> 2000, please refer to the user manual of your wireless adapter for help with connecting to a wireless network. Most utilities will have a "site survey" option similar to the Windows<sup>®</sup> XP utility as seen below.

If you receive the Wireless Networks Detected bubble, click on the center of the bubble to access the utility or right-click on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower right corner next to the time). Select View Available Wireless Networks.

The utility will display any available wireless networks in your area. Click on a network (displayed using the SSID) and click the Connect button.

If you get a good signal but cannot access the Internet, check you TCP/ IP settings for your wireless adapter. Refer to the Networking Basics section in this manual for more information.

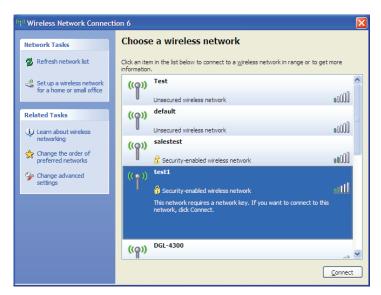
It is recommended to enable WPA on your wireless router or access point before configuring your wireless adapter. If you are joining an existing network, you will need to know the WPA key being used.

1. Open the Windows XP Wireless Utility by right-clicking on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower-right corner of screen). Select View Available Wireless Networks.

2. Highlight the wireless network (SSID) you would like to connect to and click Connect.

3. The Wireless Network Connection box will appear. Enter the WPA-PSK passphrase and click Connect.

It may take 20-30 seconds to connect to the wireless network. If the connection fails, please verify that the WPA-PSK settings are correct. The WPA-PSK passphrase must be exactly the same as on the wireless router.



Wireless Network Conne	ection 🔀	
	a network key (also called a WEP key or WPA key). A network ntruders from connecting to this network.	
Type the key, and then click Connect.		
Network <u>k</u> ey:		
Confirm network key;		
	<u>C</u> onnect Cancel	

# Troubleshooting

This chapter provides solutions to problems that can occur during the installation and operation of the router. Read the following descriptions if you are having problems. The examples below are illustrated in Windows<sup>\*</sup> XP. If you have a different operating system, the screen captures on your computer will look similar to the following examples.

#### Why can't l access the web-based configuration utility?

When entering the IP address of the router (192.168.0.1 for example), you are not connecting to a website nor do you have to be connected to the Internet. The device has the utility built-in to a ROM chip in the device itself. Your computer must be on the same IP subnet to connect to the web-based utility.

Make sure you have an updated Java-enabled web browser. We recommend the following:

- Microsoft Internet Explorer<sup>®</sup> 6.0 and higher
- Mozilla Firefox 3.0 and higher
- Google<sup>™</sup> Chrome 2.0 and higher
- Apple Safari 3.0 and higher

Verify physical connectivity by checking for solid link lights on the device. If you do not get a solid link light, try using a different cable or connect to a different port on the device if possible. If the computer is turned off, the link light may not be on.

Disable any Internet security software running on the computer. Software firewalls such as Zone Alarm, Black Ice, Sygate, Norton Personal Firewall, and Windows<sup>®</sup> XP firewall may block access to the configuration pages. Check the help files included with your firewall software for more information on disabling or configuring it.

Configure your Internet settings:

- Go to Start > Settings > Control Panel. Double-click the Internet Options Icon. From the Security tab, click the button to restore the settings to their defaults.
- Click the Connection tab and set the dial-up option to Never Dial a Connection. Click the LAN Settings button. Make sure nothing is checked. Click OK.
- Go to the Advanced tab and click the button to restore these settings to their defaults. Click OK three times.
- Close your web browser (if open) and open it.

Access the web management. Open your web browser and enter the IP address of your router in the address bar. This should open the login page for your web management.

If you still cannot access the configuration, unplug the power to the router for 10 seconds and plug back in. Wait about 30 seconds and try accessing the configuration. If you have multiple computers, try connecting using a different computer.

#### What can I do if I forgot my password?

If you forgot your password, you must reset your router. Unfortunately this process will change all your settings back to the factory defaults.

To reset the router, locate the reset button (hole) on the bottom panel of the unit. With the router powered on, use a paperclip to hold the button down for 10 seconds. Release the button and the router will go through its reboot process. Wait about 30 seconds to access the router. The default IP address is 192.168.0.1. When logging in, the username is admin and leave the password box empty.

#### Why can't I connect to certain sites or send and receive emails when connecting through my router?

If you are having a problem sending or receiving email, or connecting to secure sites such as eBay, banking sites, and Hotmail, we suggest lowering the MTU in increments of ten (Ex. 1492, 1482, 1472, etc).

To find the proper MTU Size, you'll have to do a special ping of the destination you're trying to go to. A destination could be another computer, or a URL.

- Click on Start and then click Run.
- Windows® 95, 98, and Me users type in command (Windows® NT, 2000, and XP users type in cmd) and press Enter (or click OK).
- Once the window opens, you'll need to do a special ping. Use the following syntax: ping [url] [-f] [-l] [MTU value]

Example: ping yahoo.com -f -l 1472

You should start at 1472 and work your way down by 10 each time. Once you get a reply, go up by 2 until you get a fragmented packet. Take that value and add 28 to the value to account for the various TCP/ IP headers. For example, lets say that 1452 was the proper value, the actual MTU size would be 1480, which is the optimum for the network we're working with (1452+28=1480).

Once you find your MTU, you can now configure your router with the proper MTU size.

To change the MTU rate on your router follow the steps below:

- Open your browser, enter the IP address of your router (192.168.0.1) and click OK.
- Enter your username (admin) and password (blank by default). Click OK to enter the web configuration page for the device.
- Click on Setup and then click Manual Configure.
- To change the MTU enter the number in the MTU field and click Save Settings to save your settings.
- Test your email. If changing the MTU does not resolve the problem, continue changing the MTU in increments of ten.

Administrator: C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe	×
C:\>ping yahoo.com -f -1 1482	
Pinging yahoo.com [98.137.149.56] with 1482 bytes of data: Packet needs to be fragmented but DF set. Packet needs to be fragmented but DF set. Packet needs to be fragmented but DF set. Packet needs to be fragmented but DF set.	
Ping statistics for 98.137.149.56: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss), C:\>ping yahoo.com -f -1 1472	
Pinging yahoo.com [98.137.149.56] with 1472 bytes of data: Reply from 98.137.149.56: bytes=1472 time=164ms TTL=46 Reply from 98.137.149.56: bytes=1472 time=163ms TTL=46 Reply from 98.137.149.56: bytes=1472 time=165ms TTL=46 Reply from 98.137.149.56: bytes=1472 time=172ms TTL=46	
Ping statistics for 98.137.149.56: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 163ms, Maximum = 172ms, Average = 166ms	
C:\>_	Ŧ

## **Technical Specifications**

#### **Standards**

- IEEE 802.11n
- IEEE 802.11g
- IEEE 802.3
- IEEE 802.3u

#### Security

- WPA-Personal •Wi-Fi protected set-up(PBC/PIN)
- WPA2-Personal
- WPA-Enterprise
- WPA2-Enterprise

#### Wireless Signal Rates\*

- 300Mbps 12Mbps
- 108Mbps • 11Mbps
- 54Mbps 9Mbps
- 48Mbps 6Mbps
- 36Mbps • 5.5Mbps
- 2Mbps • 24Mbps
- 18Mbps • 1Mbps

#### MSC (0-15)

- 130Mbps (270) • 117Mbps (243)
- 104Mbps (216) • 78Mbps (162)
- 66Mbps (135) • 58.5Mbps (121.5)
- 52Mbps (108) • 39Mbps (81)
- 26Mbps (54)
- 19.5Mbps (40.5) • 12Mbps (27) • 6.5Mbps (13.5)

#### **Frequency Range**

2.4GHz to 2.483GHz

#### Maximum transmit output power

• 20dBm ± 2dB at 11, 5.5, 2, and 1Mbps at room temperature 25 °C

• WPS

#### **LEDs**

• Power Internet • WLAN

#### **Operating Temperature**

95% maximum (non-condensing)

#### **Safety & Emissions**

- FCC
- CE

#### Dimensions

• L = 3.8 inches  $\cdot$  W = 4.6 inches  $\cdot$  H = 7.4 inches

### Warranty

• 2 Year

• 32°F to 131°F (0°C to 55°C)

#### **Humidity**